South Coast Air Quality Management District



DRAFT RISK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES for Rules 1401, 1401.1 and 212

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INTRODUCTION

Risk assessment procedures, including procedures for a simple risk screening, were originally developed by South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) staff for the adoption of Rule 1401 - New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants, in June 1990. Since that time, this document has been revised several times to reflect updated risk assessment methodologies. This current version 8.0 has been updated to provide District specific guidance consistent with the OEHHA's 2015 revision to its Health Risk Assessment Guidance.

The purpose of this document is to:

- assist applicants and engineers to evaluate Rule 1401 and 1401.1 compliance;
- provide explanations and sample risk calculations; and
- provide industry worksheets.

This document describes the procedures for preparing risk assessments under Rule 1401 and Rule 212 – Standards for Approving Permits and Issuing Public Notice. It also applies to Rule 1401.1 for sources located near schools. It is intended to be a "living" document. That is, as new toxic air contaminants (TACs) are added, risk values changed, or procedures revised, the document will be updated. This version of "Risk Assessment Procedures for Rules 1401, 1401.1 and 212" is based on "The Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Guidance Manual for the Preparation of Health Risk Assessments" ("Guidance Manual") prepared by the state Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) and approved on March 6, 2015. The Guidance Manual may be found at: http://oehha.ca.gov/air/hot_spots/2015/2015GuidanceManual.pdf. The 2015 Guidance Manual supersedes OEHHA'S 2003 version of its Guidance Manual. Past procedures will be archived and TAC toxicity criteria have been separated by the time period of significant Rule 1401 changes (see attachments). The revised OEHHA Guidance Manual incorporates age sensitivity factors which will increase cancer risk estimates to residential and sensitive receptors by approximately 3 times, and more than 3 times in some cases depending on whether the toxic air contaminant has multiple pathways of exposure in addition to inhalation. Under the revised OEHHA Guidance Manual, even though the toxic emissions from a facility have not increased, the estimated cancer risk to a residential receptor will increase. Cancer risks for off-site worker receptors are similar between the existing and revised methodology because the methodology for adulthood exposures remains relatively unchanged.

Background

There are four steps involved in the risk assessment process; 1) hazard identification, 2) exposure assessment, 3) dose-response assessment, and 4) risk characterization. Each step is briefly discussed below.

Hazard Identification

For air toxics sources, hazard identification involves determining the type of adverse health effect associated with exposure of the pollutant of concern emitted by a facility, including whether a pollutant is considered human carcinogen or a potential human carcinogen.

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Exposure Assessment

The purpose of exposure assessment is to estimate the extent of public exposure to emitted substances for potential cancer, noncancer health hazards for chronic and acute, and repeated 8-hour exposures. This involves estimation of long-term (annual), short-term (1-hour maximum), and 8-hour average exposure levels.

Dose-Response Assessment

Dose-response assessment is the process of characterizing the relationship between exposure to a chemical by its modeled concentration. Dose can be calculated as follows:

Dose = Concentration x Exposure

Risk Characterization

This is the final step of the risk assessment in which the information from exposure assessment and dose-response assessment are combined to assess total risk to the surrounding community.

SCAQMD Rule 1401 History

Rule 1401, adopted June 1, 1990 and amended December 7, 1990, specified limits for maximum individual cancer risk (MICR) and excess cancer cases for new, relocated, or modified equipment which emits carcinogenic air contaminants. The rule was amended July 10, 1998 to include non-carcinogenic compounds. The rule was amended on March 17, 2000 to remove the requirement to assess cumulative risk from emissions from units permitted after 1990 located within 100 meters of the new equipment under evaluation for permit. And, the rule has been amended several times to change the list of regulated compounds (both additions and deletions) and their corresponding risk values (cancer potency factors and reference exposure levels).

Requirements

This document describes the procedures for determining cancer and non-cancer health effects for equipment subject to Rules 1401, 1401.1, and 212.

In general, these rules apply only if there is an increase in TAC emissions from new, relocated, or modified equipment. Details regarding applicability of these rules to facilities or equipment can be found within the rules themselves at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/regulations/rules/proposed-rules#1401

Under Rule 1401, the following requirements must be met before a permit is granted for affected equipment.

- The cumulative increase from all TACs emitted from a single piece of equipment in maximum individual cancer risk (MICR) shall not exceed:
 - one in one million (1×10^{-6}) if Best Available Control Technology for Toxics (T-BACT) is not used; or,

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- ten in one million (10 x 10⁻⁶) if T-BACT is used;
- The cumulative cancer burden from all TACs emitted from a single piece of equipment (increase in cancer cases in the population) shall not exceed 0.5; and,
- Neither the chronic hazard index (HIC), the 8-hour chronic hazard index (HIC8), nor the total acute hazard index (HIA) from all TACs emitted from a single piece of equipment shall exceed 1.0 for any target organ system, or an alternate hazard index level deemed to be safe.

Rule 1401.1 is designed to be more health protective for school children than Rule 1401 by establishing more stringent risk requirements related to facility-wide cancer risk and non-cancer acute and chronic HI for new and relocated facilities emitting toxic air contaminants, thereby reducing the exposure of toxic emissions to school children. For new facilities, the rule requires the facility-wide cancer risk to be less than 1 in a million at any school or school under construction within 500 feet of the facility. If there are no schools within 500 feet, the same risk levels must be met at any school or school under construction within 500 to 1,000 feet unless there is a residential or sensitive receptor within 150 feet of the facility. For relocated facilities, if a facility is relocating, the facility must demonstrate, for each school or school under construction within 500 feet of the facility, that either: 1) the risk at the school from the facility in its new location is no greater than the risk at that same school when the facility was a its previous location, or 2) the facility-wide cancer risk at the school does not exceed 1 in a million. Unlike other SCAQMD risk-based rules, the required risk thresholds of Rule 1401.1 do not change based on whether or not the source is equipped with T-BACT.

Rule 212 (c)(3) requires public notification if the MICR, based on Rule 1401 risk assessment procedures (because Rule 212 also applies to Rule 1401 exempt sources), exceeds one in one million (1 x 10^{-6}), due to a project's proposed construction, modification, or relocation for facilities with more than one permitted equipment unless the applicant can show the total facility-wide MICR is below ten in a million (10 x 10^{-6}). For facilities with a single permitted equipment, the MICR level must not exceed ten in a million (10×10^{-6}). The circulation and distribution of the notifications must meet the criteria in Rule 212.

Revisions

The major revisions to this document include incorporation of updated risk assessment methodologies pursuant to OEHHA's 2015 update of its Guidance Manual. These include:

- Increased risk to children from cancer causing substances;
- Higher breathing rates for children;
- Lower exposure durations for residents and workers;
- Different multipathway calculation methodologies and factor;
- Incorporation of AERMOD air dispersion model into HARP in place of the previously used ISCST3 model;
- Inclusion of the 8-hr chronic non-cancer risk estimate;
- Calculation of risk in individual age bins (e.g., third trimester, 0-2 years, etc..) rather than a single lifetime calculation;

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- Removal of meteorological correction factors in favor of more precise dispersion factors provided for each meteorological station; and
- Inclusion of a short-term (i.e., 9-years) exposure risk calculation for permits that include a 'sunset' condition.

These items are described in greater detail in the following chapters. The first three come from the recent revisions to OEHHA's Guidance Manual. The last one is unique to the SCAQMD and these procedures.

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OVERVIEW

This document provides several tiers for preparing a risk assessment, from a quick look-up table to a detailed risk assessment involving air quality dispersion modeling analysis. Permit applicants may use any of these tiers to demonstrate compliance with the risk limits of Rule 1401. The applicant should include a copy of the risk assessment with the permit application.

The tiers are designed to be used in order of increasing complexity with each higher tier providing a more refined estimate of risk than the lower tier. If compliance cannot be demonstrated using one tier, the permit applicant may proceed to the next tier. A permit applicant who can show compliance by using a lower tier does not need to perform an analysis for the higher tiers. In general, for most permits a detailed analysis is not required. The tiers are:

- Tier 1: Screening Emission Levels
- Tier 2: Screening Risk Assessment
- Tier 3: Screening Dispersion Modeling
- Tier 4: Detailed Risk Assessment

Please note that the OEHHA Guidance Manual "Tier" approach differs from these SCAQMD Risk Procedures "Tier" compliance. The OEHHA Tiers refer to the incorporation of stochastic modeling facility and population specific exposure parameters. In contrast, the SCAQMD Tiers refer to increasing complexity for deriving pollutant concentrations based on facility emissions and regulatory compliance may be demonstrated with any SCAQMD Tier.

In addition, this document briefly discusses the Best Available Control Technology for Toxics (T-BACT) identification process for Rule 1401.

PRELIMINARY TASKS

Before conducting any of these risk assessment tiers, three preliminary tasks must be performed:

- 1. Determine if the permitting action or equipment is exempt from the provisions of Rule 1401. Exemptions are granted for:
 - * permit renewal or change of ownership;
 - * modifications with no increase in risk;
 - * functionally identical equipment replacement;
 - * equipment previously exempt under Rule 219 and filing for a permit to operate within one year of removing the Rule 219 exemption;
 - * modifications to terminate research projects;
 - * emergency ICEs exempt under Rule 1304.

An additional exemption is granted for demonstrations of contemporaneous emission reductions such that no receptor experiences a total increase in MICR of greater than one in one million and the contemporaneous reduction occurs within 100 meters of the equipment.

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If the equipment falls under one of these exemptions, no further risk assessment is required.

2. **Identify the toxic air contaminants** (TAC) **emitted by the permit unit**. The risk assessment must include those TACs emitted by the permit unit which were listed in the rule when the permit application was deemed complete by SCAQMD staff. Sets of tables corresponding to each rule revision are included at the end of this document as attachments (i.e. Attachment L, M, etc.). Determine the date on which the application was deemed complete and refer to the appropriate attachments. Table 1.1 in the attachment lists the TACs subject to Rules 1401, 1401.1 and Rule 212.

For guidance, California Air Resources Board (CARB) has prepared a table listing devices and processes as they relate to the types of emissions and the specific contaminants emitted. This table is available on the CARB webpage at: www.arb.ca.gov/ab2588/ab2588.htm. Click on "Inventory Guidelines", and then on "Appendix C - Facility Guideline Index." Please note that this table is not an exhaustive list. Facilities are, therefore, advised to use this table for guidance only.

Default toxic emission factors for TACs associated with combustion equipment have been developed for use in the AB2588 Program and are available on the SCAQMD webpage at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/permitting/toxics-emission-factors-from-combustion-process-.pdf. If better source specific data such as SCAQMD approved source tests, manufacturer's data, or fuel analysis is available, it should be used rather than the default emission factors.

If no TACs listed in the applicable version of Rule 1401 are emitted by the equipment, no further risk assessment is required.

3. **Estimate the quantity of emissions from the permit unit.** The appropriate emission estimation technique depends on the type of source. Techniques include emission testing, a mass balance or other engineering calculation, or emission factors for specific types of processes. The emissions used for the risk calculation should be post-control emissions (that is, reductions in emissions due to enforceable controls and permit conditions should be taken into account). SCAQMD permitting staff should be consulted regarding approved techniques for identifying contaminants and estimating emissions for specific sources.

The SCAQMD also has a broader mandate to ensure that permits are not granted to facilities which may endanger public health (California Health and Safety Code Section 41700). In addition, under Rule 212, the applicant may be required to evaluate other compounds that are determined to be potentially toxic. Therefore, an applicant may be required to evaluate risks from compounds not listed in Table I as part of the permitting process if they are a concern for a specific source. These may include substances with irritant effects or other adverse health effects.

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Tier 1: Screening Emission Levels

OVERVIEW OF TIER 1

Tier 1 involves a simple look-up table (Table 1.1) in which the equipment's emissions are compared to Screening Levels. The Screening Levels are pollutant emission thresholds which are not expected to produce a MICR greater than one in one million nor a hazard index greater than one.

Tier 1 can be used by applicants to determine whether or not detailed risk analysis will be required when filing for a permit. It can also be used by applicants and SCAQMD staff to determine whether a permit is required based on paragraph (s)(2) in Rule 219 – Equipment not Requiring a Written Permit Pursuant to Regulation II.

Tier 1 may be used only for a single emission source and a single toxic air contaminant. However, it can be used for multiple pollutants if the Multiple Pollutant Screening Level Procedure (described below) is followed.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR TIER 1

The Tier 1 analysis is performed as follows:

- 1. Determine the maximum annual emissions (for cancer and non-cancer 8-hour and chronic TACs) or determine the maximum hourly emissions (for non-cancer acute TACs).
- 2. Compare the emissions to the Screening Levels for that contaminant in Table 1.1. Columns are labeled with the distance to the nearest receptor.
- 3. If the maximum annual emissions or the maximum hourly emissions do not exceed the Screening Levels, the equipment will comply with Rule 1401 and does not require notice under Rule 212 for toxics.
- 4. If the maximum annual emissions or the maximum hourly emissions exceed the Screening Levels, proceed to Tier 2.

The Screening Levels in Table 1.1 was determined by back calculation, using the highest dispersion factors (χ /Q) established in Tables 2.1 through 5.6 that would not exceed a cancer risk of one in one million or a 8-hour or chronic or acute hazard index of 1.

MULTIPLE POLLUTANT SCREENING LEVEL PROCEDURE

1. Calculate the Pollutant Screening Index for each pollutant (PSI_P). For each carcinogenic and/or 8-hour or chronic compound, divide the maximum annual emissions (in pounds per year) of each pollutant (Q_{lbpy}) by the Pollutant Screening Level (PSL_P) in pounds per year, as contained in Table 1.1. For each acute compound, divide the maximum hourly emission (Q_{lbph}) of each pollutant by the Pollutant Screening Level (PSL_P) as contained in Table 1.1.

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$$PSI_{P,\;Cancer,\;8\text{-hr, or }Chronic} = Q_{lbpy,P} \, / \, PSL_P$$

$$PSI_{P,\;Acute} = Q_{lbph} \, / \, PSL_{P}$$

2. Calculate the Application Screening Index (ASI). Sum up the individual Pollutant Screening Indices for all chronic, 8-hr and carcinogenic pollutants (PSI_P) and, separately, for all acute pollutants.

$$\begin{split} ASI_{cancer,8\text{-}hr,chronic} &= \ PSI_{P1,cancer,8\text{-}hr,chronic} + \ PSI_{P2,cancer,8\text{-}hr,chronic} + \ PSI_{P3,cancer,8\text{-}hr,chronic} + \dots \\ ASI_{acute} &= \ PSI_{P1,acute} + \ PSI_{P2,acute} + \ PSI_{P3,acute} + \dots \end{split}$$

3. Neither the ASI_{cancer,8-hr,chronic}, nor the ASI_{acute} can exceed 1.

Refer to Example 2 (starting on page 33) for multiple pollutant screening.

If step 3 cannot be met, proceed to Tier 2.

Tier 2: Screening Risk Assessment

OVERVIEW OF TIER 2

Tier 2 is a screening risk assessment, which includes procedures for determining the level of risk from a source for Cancer Risk, Cancer Burden, Acute, 8-hour and Chronic Hazard Indices. If the estimated risk from Tier 2 screening is below Rule 1401 limits, then a more detailed evaluation is not necessary. Examples of calculations are provided at the end of the description of Tier 4 risk assessment. (See page 26)

If the screening risk assessment results in a risk estimate that exceeds the risk limits or the permit applicant feels that a more detailed evaluation would result in a lower risk estimate, the applicant has the option of conducting a more detailed analysis using Tier 3 or 4.

To perform a Tier 2 screening risk assessment, the following information is needed:

- Maximum annual **emissions** of each carcinogen and non-cancer 8-hour and chronic TAC, and the maximum hourly emissions of each non-cancer acute TAC;
- The **distance** from the permit unit to the nearest off-site residential and worker receptor(s);
- Certain source characteristics, such as **stack height** and/or **building dimensions**;
- Operating schedule: whether the permit unit will operate more or less than 12 hr/day; and
- **Geographic location** of the permit unit (e.g., city).

In order to perform a Tier 2 screening risk assessment, it is necessary to identify the nearest receptor location. For the purpose of calculating the MICR, 8-hour and chronic HI, a receptor is any location outside the boundaries of the facility at which a person could experience repeated, continuous exposure. For the purpose of calculating the acute HI, a receptor is any location outside the boundaries of the facility at which a person could experience exposure over a short timeframe. Receptor locations include residential, commercial and industrial areas, and other locations where sensitive populations may be located. Residential receptor locations include current residential land uses and areas which may be developed for residential uses in the future, given existing or planned zoning. Commercial/industrial receptor locations include areas zoned for manufacturing, light or heavy industry, office or retail activity. Sensitive receptor locations include schools, hospitals, convalescent homes, day-care centers, and other locations where children, chronically ill individuals or other sensitive persons could be exposed to TACs.

When identifying receptor locations in order to calculate cancer risk, 8-hour or chronic hazard index, the potential for chronic (long-term) exposure should be considered. Land uses at which it is not possible for individuals to be exposed on a long-term basis such as roadways or highways should not be used. When identifying receptor locations to calculate acute hazard index, all off-site locations where there is the potential for acute exposure should be considered (i.e. fenceline receptor). Refer to Rule 1401 – New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants for more information regarding receptor locations to be considered.

For assessment of residential cancer risk, the risk is calculated in individual age bins (e.g., third trimester, 0-2 years, etc.) rather than a single lifetime calculation, whereas, for off-site worker, the default assumption is that working age begins at 16 years.

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CALCULATING MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL CANCER RISK (MICR)

The MICR Calculation Worksheet in Appendix I can be used to help with the calculation. This worksheet can be included in the permit application as documentation of the MICR calculation.

MICR is calculated as follows:

MICR = Cancer Potency (CP) x Dose (D) x 10⁻⁶

Where:

Dose = Concentration x Exposure

Concentration = GLC = $(Q_{tpy} \times \chi/Q) \times MWAF$

 $Exposure_{AgeBin} \ = \ DBR_{AgeBin} \ x \ ED_{AgeBin} \ x \ ASF_{AgeBin} \ x \ FAH_{AgeBin}$

 $CEF_R = (Exposure_{0.25-0} + Exposure_{0.2} + Exposure_{2-16} + Exposure_{16-30}) \times EF_R / AT$

Exposure $R = CEF_R \times MP_R$

 $CEF_W = DBR_W \times ED_W \times EF_W / AT$

Exposure $w = CEF_W \times MP_W \times WAF$

You may also use the following equation using **default exposure value:**

 $MICR_R = CP \times Q_{tnv} \times \gamma/Q \times CEF_R \times MP_R \times 10^{-6} \times MWAF$

 $MICR_W = CP \times Q_{tov} \times \gamma/Q \times CEF_W \times MP_W \times WAF \times 10^{-6} \times MWAF$

For Tier 2 screening risk assessment procedures for short-term projects, refer to Appendix IX.

| Term | Description | Where to Find |
|------------------|--|--|
| GLC | Ground Level Concentration = $Q \times \chi/Q$ | |
| Qtons | Maximum emission rate (tons/yr) | Emission estimate specific to permit unit |
| χ/Q | Concentration at a receptor distance / Emission Rate [(µg/m³)/(tons/yr)] | Tables 2.1 thru 5.6 – Annual Tables 6.1 & 7.1 - Hourly |
| MWAF | Molecular Weight Adjustment Factor | Table 8.1 |
| CP | Cancer Potency (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹ | Table 8.1 |
| REL | Reference Exposure Level (ug/m ³) | Table 8.1 |
| MP | Multipathway Factor (if applicable) | Table 8.1 |
| CEF | Combined Exposure Factor | Tables 9.1 and 9.2 |
| DBR | Daily breathing rate (L/kg body weight-day) | Tables 9.1 and 9.2 |
| ASF | Age Specific factor (unitless) | Tables 9.1 and 9.2 |
| ED_R | Exposure Duration (30 years) | Tables 9.1 and 9.2 |
| ED_{W} | Exposure Duration (25 years) | Tables 9.1 and 9.2 |
| FAH | Fraction of time spent at home (unitless) | Table 9.1 |
| EF _R | Exposure Frequency, Residential = 0.96 (350 days / 365 days), unitless | Tables 9.1 and 9.2 |
| EFw | Exposure Frequency, Residential = 0.68 (250 days / 365 days), unitless | Tables 9.1 and 9.2 |
| AT | Averageing Time (lifetime exposure = 70 years) | |
| WAF | Worker Adjustment Factor | Tables 10.1 and 10.2 |
| 10 ⁻⁶ | Micrograms to milligrams conversion, liters to cubic meters conversion | not applicable |
| | Target Organs | Tables 11.1 thru 11.3 |

Step 1: Estimate Emission Rate (Q_{tpy})

The maximum annual emissions of the TAC in tons/year (Q_{tpy}) must be estimated. The emission rate must be expressed in tons/year because the dispersion factors (χ/Q) are expressed in tons/year.

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Step 2: Determine Release Type

Determine whether the permit unit is best characterized as a point source or a volume source:

- A **point source** is one that releases its emissions through a stack (designed with acceptable stack height). If the point source has a raincap or a horizontal release, a Tier 3 or 4 assessment is required.
- A **volume source** includes emissions that are unrestricted by any physical means (e.g. pipes or vents and/or vacuum or fan), including releases inside of a building or as fugitive emissions.

For permit units that have both point and volume releases, use the table that will result in the highest χ/Q value, or apportion the emissions between the point and volume sources.

Step 3: Determine Release Height

For a **point source**, determine the **stack height**, which is the distance from ground level to the top of the stack.

Acceptable Stack Height. Although a taller stack provides better dispersion, there are limits to the degree to which this factor can be incorporated into the risk assessment. Rule 1401 specifies that the stack height used to determine risk shall not exceed the "Acceptable Stack Height" for the permit unit. Acceptable stack height is defined as 2.5 times the height of the equipment or 2.5 times the height of the building housing the equipment, and may not exceed 65 meters (213 feet), unless the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of SCAQMD staff that a greater height is necessary. For example, for a building that is 14 feet high, the acceptable stack height is 35 feet, measured from ground level.

For a **volume source**, determine the **building height**, which is the distance from ground level to the top of the building in which the permit unit is located, and the **floor area**, which is the dimensions (length x width) of the building in which the permit unit is located.

An **area source** is similar to a volume source in that the emissions take place over an area (as opposed to a point such as from a stack). However, in an area source, the pollutants are released at a uniform height. Examples of area sources are storage piles, slag dumps, lagoons or ponds, and liquid spills. Toxic hydrocarbon emissions from open top and floating roof storage tanks are also often treated as elevated area sources. Use Tier 3 or 4 for area sources.

Step 4: Determine Operating Schedule

Determine whether the equipment will operate:

- 12 hr/day or less; or
- more than 12 hr/day

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Step 5: Identify the Appropriate Meteorological Station

Attachment M provides the locations of meteorological stations in the air basin used for these calculations. Using Figures 1 and 2, or the links below, determine the Source Receptor Area (SRA) for the permit unit. Use Tables 12.1 and 12.2 to determine the meteorological site associated with the permit unit's SRA.

http://www3.aqmd.gov/webappl/gisaqi2/VEMap3D.aspx; and

http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/default-document-library/map-of-monitoring-areas.pdf

Step 6: Identify Type of Receptor and Distance from Receptor

Identify the nearest receptor locations. Receptor locations are off-site locations where persons may be exposed to emission of a TAC from the equipment. Receptor locations include residential, commercial, and industrial land use areas, and other locations where sensitive populations may be located.

Residential receptor locations include current residential land uses and areas that may be developed for residential uses in the future, based on existing and planned zoning.

Worker receptor locations include areas zoned for manufacturing, light or heavy industry, retail activity, or other locations that are regular work sites.

Sensitive receptor locations include any residence including private homes, condominiums, apartments, and living quarters, schools, preschools, daycare centers and health facilities such as hospitals, retirement and nursing homes, long term care hospitals, hospices in addition to prisons, dormitories or similar live-in housing.

When identifying receptor locations to calculate MICR, the potential for chronic (long-term) exposure should be considered. Land uses at which it is not possible for individuals to be exposed on a long-term basis, either presently or in the future, should not be considered receptor locations for purposes of calculating MICR. Examples of such locations include flood channels, or roadways.

For a <u>point source</u>, the receptor distance is the distance <u>from the center of the stack</u> to the nearest receptor location.

For a <u>volume source</u>, the receptor distance is the distance <u>from the edge of the building</u> to the nearest receptor location.

Experience shows that in most cases, the receptor distance will be 50 meters or more. However, the table also provides χ/Q values for a 25-meter distance. The 25-meter distance should be used for circumstances in which there is a receptor located very close to the permit unit, for example, a residence located with a business, another business adjacent to the facility, or a sensitive receptor located less than 50 meters from the permit unit.

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If the closest receptor location is a worker receptor, then the MICR must also be calculated for the closest residential or sensitive receptor. The greater of the two MICR values is used to determine compliance with the risk limits in the rule.

Care should be taken when estimating these distances since concentrations decrease rapidly with increasing distance. It is acceptable to linearly interpolate to estimate dispersion factors between the downwind distances given in the tables. If the receptor lies over 1,000 meters from the permit unit, use the listing for 1,000 meters.

Step 7: Select χ /Q **Value**

What is a Dispersion Factor (χ/Q) ?

The concentration of a contaminant decreases as it travels away from the site of release and spreads out or "disperses." Dispersion factors (χ/Q) are numerical estimates of the amount of dispersion that occurs under specific conditions.

The amount of dispersion depends on the distance traveled, the height of release and meteorological conditions such as wind speed and atmospheric stability.

The dispersion factors for the screening risk assessment procedure give the estimated annual average ground-level concentration ($\mu g/m^3$) resulting from a source emitting one ton/year of a contaminant. For a more detailed explanation of derivation of χ/Q for each meteorological station, please refer to Appendix VI.

Several tables are provided for χ/Q , based on the source parameters and the meteorological station. Select the appropriate χ/Q value from the table based on the **meteorological station**, source characteristics (i.e., stack height for point sources and building height and building area for volume sources) and the **receptor distance**. The selection of the appropriate table is summarized below:

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| Release Type | Building Area | Stack Height | Operating Schedule of Equipment | Table for χ/Q |
|-----------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| | | > 14 ft to 24 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 2.1 |
| | | ≥ 14 H t0 24 H | > 12 hr/day | Table 3.1 |
| Point | N/A | > 24 ft to 49 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 2.2 |
| Pollit | IN/A | > 24 H to 49 H | > 12 hr/day | Table 3.2 |
| | | > 49 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 2.3 |
| | | > 49 II | > 12 hr/day | Table 3.3 |
| | $\leq 3,000 \text{ ft}^2$ | < 20 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 4.1 |
| | ≥ 3,000 It | ≥ 20 It | > 12 hr/day | Table 5.1 |
| | $> 3,000 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ to } 10,000 \text{ ft}^2$ | < 20 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 4.2 |
| | > 3,000 It to 10,000 It | ≥ 20 It | > 12 hr/day | Table 5.2 |
| | $> 3,000 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ to } 10,000 \text{ ft}^2$ | > 20 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 4.3 |
| Volume | > 3,000 It to 10,000 It | >,000 It to 10,000 It > 20 It | | Table 5.3 |
| Volume | $> 10,000 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ to } 30,000 \text{ ft}^2$ | < 20 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 4.4 |
| | > 10,000 ft to 50,000 ft | ≥ 20 It | > 12 hr/day | Table 5.4 |
| | $> 10,000 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ to } 30,000 \text{ ft}^2$ | > 20 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 4.5 |
| | > 10,000 ft to 30,000 ft | > 20 It | > 12 hr/day | Table 5.5 |
| | > 30,000 ft ² | > 20 ft | ≤ 12 hr/day | Table 4.6 |
| | > 50,000 11 | > 20 It | > 12 hr/day | Table 5.6 |

Alternative Sets of Dispersion Factors (χ/Q) for Tier 2 Analysis Only

SCAQMD staff has developed alternative sets of dispersion factors to be used by certain industry or equipment categories. The Tier 2 χ/Q values for those categories are contained in separate appendices to this document along with supporting information as to how they were developed. Appendix VI contains χ/Q values for combustion sources such as diesel reciprocating internal combustion engines rated 50 bhp to 1,149 bhp, natural gas reciprocating internal combustion engines rated 50 bhp to 1,000 bhp, and natural gas boilers with an hourly rating of no more than 200 MMBTU/hr. Appendix VII contains χ/Q values for crematories. Appendix VIII contains χ/Q values for gasoline dispensing facilities. Appendix IX contains χ/Q values for spray booths.

Step 8: Identify Molecular Weight Adjustment Factor (MWAF)

Using Table 8.1, identify the Molecular Weight Adjustment Factor (MWAF) for the TAC.

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What is a Molecular Weight Adjustment Factor (MWAF)?

MWAFs should only be used when a toxic metal has a cancer potency factor. For most of the Hot Spots toxic metals, the OEHHA cancer potency factor applies to the weight of the toxic metal atom contained in the overall compound. This ensures that the cancer potency factor is applied only to the fraction of the overall weight of the emissions that are associated with health effects of the metal.

Step 9: Identify Cancer Potency Factor (CP)

Using Table 8.1, identify the cancer potency factor (CP) for the TAC.

What is a Cancer Potency Factor (CP)?

The cancer potency factor is a measure of the cancer potency of a carcinogen. Cancer potency describes the potential risk of developing cancer per unit of average daily dose over a 70-year lifetime.

The cancer potency factors in these procedures were approved by the state Scientific Review Panel and prepared by the state Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA).

Step 10: Identify Multi-pathway Factor (MP)

Using Table 8.1, identify the multi-pathway adjustment (MP) factor for the TAC, if applicable.

What is a Multi-Pathway Adjustment Factor (MP)?

The multi-pathway adjustment factor (MP) is used for substances that may contribute to risk from exposure pathways other than inhalation. These substances deposit on the ground in particulate form and contribute to risk through ingestion of soil or backyard garden vegetables or through other routes. The MP factor estimates the total risk in comparison to a given inhalation risk. MP factors are provided in Table 8.1.

These factors allow permit units that emit multi-pathway pollutants to use the risk screening procedure rather than proceeding directly to preparing a detailed risk assessment.

The MP factors are to be used only in urban residential or worker exposure situations. Note that there are separate MP factors for worker, resident and short term exposure (see Table

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8.1) since their potential routes and duration of exposure varies. If the facility is in the vicinity of other potential routes of population exposure such as agricultural areas, drinking water reservoirs, lakes or ponds used for fish that are consumed regularly, or areas used for livestock grazing, then these MP screening assumptions are not appropriate and a more detailed multi-pathway assessment (Tier 4) must be performed.

For a more detailed description of the derivation of the multipathway factors, please see Appendix II.

Step 11: Select Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

Using Tables 9.1 and 9.2, select the appropriate CEF. The CEF for each exposure type (residential, worker, or short-term) combines default exposure parameters for DBR, ASF, ED, FAH, EF, and AT into a single value.

What are Daily Breathing Rate (DBR) Values?

Exposure to airborne chemicals occurs through inhalation and subsequent absorption into the body, potentially resulting in adverse health effects depending on toxicological properties of the chemical and other exposure parameters. For residential exposures, the breathing rates are determined for specific age groups (i.e., 3rd trimester, 0-2, 2-16, and 16-30 years). The Air Resources Board is developing an updated Risk Management Policy that includes recommendations for inhalation exposures. Information regarding ARB's Risk Management policy can be located at: http://www.arb.ca.gov/toxics/toxics.htm. This guidance is recommending that for residential exposures using high end DBR (e.g., 95th percentile) for children from the 3rd trimester through age 2, and 80th percentile DBR for all other ages. Tables 9.1 and 9.2 use these same DBRs. For worker exposures, the default assumes working age begins at 16 years, and that exposures to facility emissions occur during the work shift which is typically up to 8 hours per day during work days.

What is Age Sensitivity Factor (ASF)?

Scientific data have shown that young animals are more sensitive than adult animals to exposure to many carcinogens. Therefore, OEHHA has developed age sensitivity factors (ASFs) to take into account the increased sensitivity to carcinogens during early-in-life exposure. OEHHA recommends an ASF of 10 for exposures that occur from the third trimester of pregnancy to 2 years, and an ASF of 3 for exposures that occur from 2 years through 15 years of age.

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What is Exposure Duration (ED)?

A 30-year ED (residency time) should be used for residential and sensitive receptor locations. A 25-year ED should be used for off-site workers (i.e., receptor locations in commercial or industrial areas).

What is Fraction of Time Spent At Home (FAH)?

OEHHA and ARB have evaluated information from activity patterns databases to estimate the percentage of the day that people are at home. This information is used to adjust cancer risk from a facility's emissions, assuming that exposure to the facility's emissions are not occurring away from home. The FAH factor does not apply for workers since the worker is assumed to be present at the work site 100% of the work day. For Tiers 1, 2, and 3 screening purposes, the FAH is assumed to be 1 for ages 3rd trimester to 16. As a default, children are assumed to attend a daycare or school in close proximity to their home and no discount should be taken for time spent outside of the area affected by the facility's emissions. People older than age 16 are assumed to spend only 73% of their time at home.

What is Exposure Frequency (EF)?

Exposure Frequency (EF) is the number of days per year of exposure for the given scenario (i.e. residential, worker). OEHHA recommends use of 350 days/year for residential exposure (applicable to 30-year risk assessments), and 250 days/year for worker exposure.

What is Average Time (AT)?

Averaging Time (AT) is the lifetime exposure period OEHHA used to develop the cancer potency values. Cancer Potency (CP) factors are developed as estimates of cancer risk from exposure to a lifetime dose (i.e. 70 years) of a carcinogen. Since cancer risks are calculated on a yearly basis to account for age-specific factors (e.g., ASF, DBR, etc.) the CP factor must be divided by its original 70-year Averaging Time (AT) in the risk equation to generate an annual CP factor to be used in the cancer risk calculations. For AT, OEHHA recommends the use of 70 years.

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Step 12: Calculate Worker Adjustment Factor (WAF)

What is Worker Adjustment Factor (WAF)?

In risk assessments, long-term averages are typically used for cancer risk calculations for residents and workers. Therefore, for an offsite worker, the long-term average should represent what the worker breaths during their work shift. However, the long-term averages calculated from AERMOD typically represent exposures for receptors that were present 24 hours a day and seven day a week which is the schedule of a residential receptor. When modeling a non-continuously emitting source (e.g., operating for 8 hours per day and 5 days per week), the long-term concentration has to be adjusted so that it is only based on the hours when the worker is present. WAF is the ratio between residential exposure and facility schedule. For screening purposes, the offsite worker schedule is assumed to always overlap with the facility's operating schedule.

For sources operating and emitting continuously (24 hours per day and 7 days per week), the worker is assumed to breathe the long-term annual concentration during their work shift and no adjustments are necessary when estimating the cancer risk. In these cases, the WAF is equal to one. For non-continuous sources operating, the appropriate WAF can be calculated using the following equation:

WAF =
$$(H_{residential} / H_{source}) \times (D_{residential} / D_{source})$$

Where:

WAF = Worker adjustment factor

 $H_{residential}$ = The number of hour per day the long-term concentration is based on (always 24 hours)

 H_{source} = The number of hours the source operates per day

 $D_{residential}$ = The number of days the per week the long-term residential concentration is based on (always 7 days)

 D_{source} = The number of days the source operates per week

MICRs for Multiple Toxic Air Contaminants

If the equipment emits more than one TAC, the total MICR must be calculated. The total MICR is the sum of the MICRs for each of the TACs emitted by the equipment.

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CALCULATING CANCER BURDEN

The cancer burden is the estimated increase in the occurrence of cancer cases in a population as a result of exposures to TAC emissions from the equipment. The cancer burden for a population unit (city, census tract, sub-area or grid) is the product of the number of persons in the population and the estimated individual risk from TACs. The cancer burden only needs to be calculated if the MICR is greater than one (1) in one million.

The following procedure may be used to perform an acceptable screening analysis for cancer burden due to a single source of TAC:

- Calculate total MICR from all TACs from a single permit unit as previously outlined.
- Estimate the distance at which the MICR falls below one in one million. This distance can be estimated by back-calculating the distance that would result in a MICR of one in one million, using the γ /O values in Tables 2.1 thru 5.6.
- Define a zone of impact in the shape of a circle. The radius (r) of this circle is the distance between the equipment and the point at which the risk falls below one in one million. The area of this circle is calculated using the equation for the area of a circle, which is 3.14 x r².
- Estimate the residential population within this zone of impact based on census data or a worst-case estimate. Generally, the residential population in the Basin is less than 4,000 persons/ km², but some areas are as high as 7,000 persons/ km².
 - For areas where census data is available, it should be used. Where there is no census data, 7,000 persons/km² should be used for the areas with high population densities and 4,000 persons/km² should be used for areas with low population densities. Where the population densities are unknown, use 7,000 persons/km².
- Calculate the screening level cancer burden by multiplying the total residential population in the zone of impact by the maximum individual cancer risk.

If the dispersion factors in Tables 2.1 thru 5.6 are not sufficient to estimate the distance at which MICR falls below one in one million, then a more refined risk assessment is warranted.

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CALCULATING ACUTE, 8-HOUR, AND CHRONIC HAZARD INDEX (HIA AND HIC)

Some TACs have the potential to cause non-cancer health risk due to short term (acute) or long term (chronic) exposures. The screening risk assessment for those TACs must estimate acute, 8-hour, and/or chronic hazard index as applicable. Like the calculation procedure for MICR, one must first identify when the application was deemed complete and select the appropriate set of risk tables found in the attachments. (e.g. Attachment M, Attachment L, etc...)

Reference Exposure Level (REL) is used as an indicator of potential adverse non-cancer health effects. An inhalation REL is a concentration level ($\mu g/m^3$) at which no adverse health effects are anticipated. Inhalation RELs are provided in Table 8.1.

When a health impact calculation is performed for a single substance, then it is called the **Hazard Quotient (HQ)**. When several TACs affect the same organ system in the body (e.g., respiratory system, nervous system, reproductive system), there can be a cumulative effect on the target organ. In these cases, the sum of the Hazard Quotients of all chemicals emitted that impact the same target organ called total **Hazard Index** is evaluated.

Detailed procedures for calculating the total hazard index are provided in the 2015 OEHHA Guidance Manual. The equations used to calculate the chronic, 8-hour chronic, and acute Hazard Index (HIC, HIC8 and HIA) per target organ are as follows:

$$\begin{split} \text{Total HIC}_{\text{target organ}} = & \{ [Q_{\text{tpy},_{\text{TAC1}}} \, \boldsymbol{x} \, (\chi/Q) \, \boldsymbol{x} \, \text{ MP}_{\text{TAC1}}] / \text{Chronic REL}_{\text{TAC1}} \}_{\text{target organ}} + \\ & \{ [Q_{\text{tpy},_{\text{TAC2}}} \, \boldsymbol{x} \, (\chi/Q) \, \boldsymbol{x} \, \text{ MP}_{\text{TAC2}}] / \text{Chronic REL}_{\text{TAC2}} \}_{\text{target organ}} + \\ & \text{Total HIC8}_{\text{target organ}} = \{ [Q_{\text{tpy},_{\text{TAC1}}} \, \boldsymbol{x} \, (\chi/Q) \, \boldsymbol{x} \, \text{ WAF }] / 8 - \text{Hour REL}_{\text{TAC1}} \}_{\text{target organ}} + \\ & \{ [Q_{\text{tpy},_{\text{TAC1}}} \, \boldsymbol{x} \, (\chi/Q) \, \boldsymbol{x} \, \text{ WAF }] / 8 - \text{Hour REL}_{\text{TAC2}} \}_{\text{target organ}} + \dots \end{split}$$

$$\text{Total HIA}_{\text{target organ}} = & \{ [Q_{\text{lbph},_{\text{TAC1}}} \, \boldsymbol{x} \, (\chi/Q)_{\text{hr}}] / \text{Acute REL}_{\text{TAC1}} \, \}_{\text{target organ}} + \\ & \{ [Q_{\text{lbph},_{\text{TAC2}}} \, \boldsymbol{x} \, (\chi/Q)_{\text{hr}}] / \text{Acute REL}_{\text{TAC2}} \, \}_{\text{target organ}} + \dots \end{split}$$

Note that the chronic HI is based upon an annual average emission per year whereas the acute HI is based upon a maximum one-hour emission level and the acute HI does not use a multipathway adjustment factor (MP). In addition, the 8-hour RELs were developed only for repeated, chronic daily 8-hour exposures (e.g. a typical worker or resident exposed to a facility that operates equal to or more than 8 hours per day and 5 days per week). 8-hour HI is based upon daily average 8-hour exposure only for those chemical with 8-hour RELs. There are currently only a limited number of substances with an 8-hour inhalation REL. (See Table 8.1)

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PROCEDURE FOR ALTERNATE HAZARD INDEX LEVEL EXEMPTION

Rule 1401 provides an exemption from the hazard index limit of 1.0 in cases in which a higher exposure level is deemed to be safe. This exemption has never been used. Under this exemption, the HIC and/or HIA limit of 1.0 does not apply if the applicant substantiates to the satisfaction of SCAQMD staff that at all receptor locations and for every target organ system, the total chronic and acute HI levels resulting from emissions from the equipment will not exceed alternate HI levels determined by OEHHA to be protective against adverse health effects. This applies only to TACs listed in Rule 1401 at the time the application was deemed complete. Refer to the attachments for the appropriate list of TACs.

Applicants should indicate in their permit application that they wish to apply for an exemption under the alternative hazard index provisions of the rule. The permit application should include both a risk assessment estimating the HIA and HIC levels and relevant information supporting the exemption. Depending on the particular health risks in question, additional information such as characterization of the surrounding population, the location of sensitive receptors, or other data may be required.

SCAQMD staff will consult with OEHHA staff regarding the request for the alternative HI level. If OEHHA staff finds that the levels of exposure to the public will not exceed levels that are protective against adverse health effects, the application will be eligible for the exemption.

In some cases, OEHHA staff may establish a general policy recommending different acceptable exposure levels for different exposed populations. For example, if exposure to a certain compound is particularly harmful to children but less of a concern for adults, OEHHA staff may determine as a general policy that higher exposure levels are acceptable in locations where children would not be exposed. OEHHA policy in these cases would be a basis for eligibility for the alternate hazard index exemption.

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Tier 3: Screening Dispersion Modeling

Tier 3 uses a screening dispersion modeling computer program to estimate risk. This tier requires more expertise than Tiers 1 and 2. For guidance on performing a Tier 3 analysis, refer to the SCAQMD webpage at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/permits/risk-assessment.

Tier 3 screening modeling should only be used for a equipment with a single emission or release point. If there are multiple emission or release points, Tier 4 must be used. In addition, Tier 3 should only be beneficial for applications involving source parameters that differ substantially from those used to derive χ/Q values in Tables 2.1 thru 7.1 and Appendices VI, VII, and VIII.

To perform a Tier 3 analysis, the following is needed:

- Air dispersion modeling expertise;
- An EPA-approved screening dispersion model program such as AERSCREN, which can be downloaded from www.epa.gov/scram001; and
- Additional equipment information such as stack gas temperature, stack gas exit velocity or flow rate, stack inside diameter, and albedo, Bowen ratio, and surface roughness of the appropriate meteorological station.

It should be noted that AERSCREEN estimates peak one-hour concentrations for HIA calculations. For the MICR and HIC calculations, use the annual average concentration estimated in the AERSCREEN output. Note that when modeling an area source in AERSCREEN, only the one-hour concentration is estimated. The EPA's user's guide for screening models states the following for area sources: "Do not use the multiplying factors to correct for averaging times greater than 1 hour. Concentrations close to an area source will not vary as much as those for point sources in response to varying wind directions, and the meteorological conditions which are likely to give maximum 1-hour concentrations can persist for several hours. Therefore it is recommended that the maximum 1-hour concentration be conservatively assumed to apply for averaging periods out to 24 hours."

In a Tier 3 approach, the Tier 2 equations for MICR, HIC, and HIA continue to be used except that a dispersion model is used to estimate each pollutant concentration. Thus, the Tier 3 equations to be used are as follows:

```
\begin{split} & MICR_R = CP \ x \ PeakConc \ x \ CEF_R \ x \ MP_R \ x \ 10^{-6} \\ & Total \ HIC_{target \ organ} = \Sigma \ \{ [AveConc_{TAC} \ x \ MP] / Chronic \ REL_{TAC} \}_{target \ organ} \\ & Total \ HIC8_{target \ organ} = \Sigma \ \{ [AveConc_{TAC} \ x \ WAF] / 8 - Hour \ REL_{TAC} \}_{target \ organ} \\ & Total \ HIA_{target \ organ} = \Sigma \ \{ [PeakConc_{TAC}] / Acute \ REL_{TAC} \}_{target \ organ} \end{split}
```

PeakConc is the peak one-hour pollutant concentration estimated by AERSCREEN and AveConc is the annual average concentration in the AERSCREEN output file. Refer to the section on Tier 2, Screening Risk Assessment for explanation of the other variables in the equations.

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If the MICR, HIC, and HIA do not exceed the rule limits, then the equipment complies with Rule 1401 and no further analysis is required. If any risk value exceeds the rule limits, then proceed to Tier 4.

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Tier 4: Detailed Risk Assessment

Tier 4 is a detailed risk assessment using the Hotspots Analysis and Reporting Program Version 2 (HARP 2) software developed by ARB which replaces the prior version and incorporates the information in the 2015 OEHHA Guidance Manual. The HARP 2 software and documentation can be obtained at http://www.arb.ca.gov/toxics/harp/harp.htm. The U.S. EPA air quality dispersion model called AERMOD is used by HARP 2 to estimate the concentration of pollutants in place of the previously used ISCST3 model. ISCST3 dispersion modeling will no longer be allowed for determining TAC concentrations. ARB recommends AERMOD for Hot Spots risk assessments. AERMOD documentation is available at: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/scram/dispersion_prefrec.htm#aermod. Meteorological data for use in HARP 2 and AERMOD can be downloaded at http://www.aqmd.gov/home/library/air-quality-data-studies/meteorological-data/data-for-aermod.

Tier 4 is an option if neither Tier 2 nor Tier 3 can demonstrate compliance, or if the applicant wishes to obtain a more refined estimate of the cancer and non-cancer risk. Since Tier 4 involves detailed modeling using actual meteorological data from the closest air monitoring station, it will often result in a less conservative estimate of the risk than either Tiers 2 or 3. Tier 4 modeling will be most useful for analyses that have source parameters that differ substantially from defaults in Tables 2.1 thru 2.7 and Appendices VI, VII, and VIII, and/or analyses whose closest receptors do not lie immediately downwind of the emission sources.

A detailed risk assessment should be performed by individuals with experience and training in air quality modeling and risk assessment. In addition, SCAQMD modeling staff should be consulted before performing a detailed risk assessment. For guidance on performing a detailed risk assessment, refer to SCAQMD webpage at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/permits/risk-assessment.

Written guidance on preparing a detailed risk assessment is contained in an Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment document titled, "Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Risk Assessment Guidelines (February 2015)" which may be obtained at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/air/hot_spots/hotspots2015.html.

SCAQMD modeling staff has prepared supplemental risk assessment guidance which must be followed by all applicants submitting Tier 4 assessments. SCAQMD's supplemental guidance is available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/library/air-quality-data-studies/meteorological-data/modeling-guidance. Lastly, SCAQMD guidance on using AERMOD can be found at: http://www.aqmd.gov/home/library/air-quality-data-studies/meteorological-data/modeling-guidance.

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EXAMPLE 1: MICR, CANCER BURDEN, HIA, & HIC CALCULATION

The facility does not have operating schedule restrictions and is located in an industrial and residential area. Chromium 6+ (hexavalent chromium) is emitted from the manufacturing process from one piece of equipment, which is fitted with control equipment considered as T-BACT. Chromium 6+ is a carcinogen and has chronic non-carcinogenic risks.

The application was deemed complete on June 1, 2015.

The nearest receptor distances:

Worker (Industrial) = 328 feet (100 meters)

Residential = 492 feet (150 meters)

Operating Schedule: 24 hour/day, 7 day/week since no schedule restrictions are included in the

permit conditions. Stack height = 28 ft

Plant location: Ontario, CA Pollutants: Chromium 6+

Emission rates for the TACs are listed in Table A below.

Note: The maximum hourly emissions should be estimated based on the maximum operating parameters in any hour.

Table A

| | Emission Rate | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Toxic Air Contaminant | Q _{lbph} (Max.) (lbs/hr) | Q _{lbpy} (lbs/yr) | Q _{tpy} (tons/yr) | | |
| Chromium 6+ | 2.63E-07 | 2.30E-03 | 1.15E-06 | | |

(The list of TACs and their corresponding emission rates are for illustration purposes only. They may not reflect actual conditions.)

First, identify the appropriate risk assessment tables (included in the appendices) based upon when the application was deemed complete. In this case, the tables for applications deemed complete on or after June 1, 2015 (i.e., Permit Application Package "M") are used.

Second, calculate MICR for those TACs that have Inhalation Cancer Potency Values from <u>Table 8.1</u>. Table B below identifies the TACs and their corresponding inhalation cancer potency values for MICR calculations.

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Table B

| Toxic Air Contaminant (TAC) | Inhalation Cancer Potency (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹ |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Chromium 6+ | 5.10 E+02 |

Based on the above table, MICR will be evaluated for residential and worker receptors for chromium 6+.

From <u>Table 8.1</u>, we can also determine if the emitted pollutant is carcinogenic, chronic, 8-hour chronic, and/or acute. The results are as follows:

| TAC | MICR (cancer) | HIC (chronic) | 8-hr HIC (chronic) | HIA (Acute) |
|-------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Chromium 6+ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{\text{(MP)}}$ | | |

MP indicates that the multi-pathway adjustment factor will be different than 1.0.

Next, for chronic and acute substances, review <u>Tables 11.1, 11.2 and 11.3</u> to determine the target organs affected by TACs due to chronic and/or acute toxicity. Table C below indicates the target organs affected by the chronic TACs with chronic toxicity. In the table, check marks ($\sqrt{\ }$) indicate the affected target organs.

Table C (Chronic Toxicity)

| TAC | HEM | RESP |
|-------------|-----|--------------|
| Chromium 6+ | V | \checkmark |

HEM: Hematopoietic system RESP: Respiratory system

Since no acute health values have been adopted in Rule 1401 for chromium 6+, no target organs have been identified for acute impacts.

Tier I: Screening Emission Levels

The nearest receptor location should be used, in this case the worker location of 100m should be used.

Please note that this step is used to approximate the equipment potential risk.

For Tier 1, the equipment's TACs emissions (annual and/or maximum hourly) should be compared with the Screening Levels for the chromium 6+ in Table 1.1 as appropriate. The annual emission

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rate for chromium 6+ in Table 1.1 is 4.31E-04 pounds per year at a distance of 100m. No maximum hourly emissions are presented in Table 1.1 because no acute value has been adopted in Rule 1401 for chromium 6+.

Please note that the cumulative cancer/chronic risk cannot exceed the emissions presented in Table 1.1. In this example, this facility did not pass Tier I since the annual emissions (2.30E-03 lb/yr) are greater than those presented in Table 1.1 (4.31E-04 lb/yr) and would have to proceed to Tier 2 to demonstrate compliance with Rule 1401.

Tier II: Screening Risk Assessment

CP, REL and MP values are taken from <u>Table 8.1</u> in Permit Application Package "M".

 (χ/Q) values for cancer and chronic exposures are taken from <u>Table 3.2</u>. This table is for a point source operating more than 12 hr/day. The facility is located in Ontario which means it is in SRA 33. According to <u>Table 12.2</u>, the Upland meteorological station would be the nearest station. The χ/Q values for a stack height of 28 feet near the Upland meteorological station, and a receptor distance of 100 meters for worker receptors, and 150 meters for residential receptors were used.

No acute values have been adopted for chromium 6+ in Rule 1401.

Exposure values are taken from <u>Table 9.1 and 9.2</u>.

These values are summarized below:

(1) Worker:

| | |] | REL μg/m | 3 | (χ/Q) chronic | MP_W | MP_W |
|-------------|----------------------------|-------|----------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| TAC | CP (mg/kg-d) ⁻¹ | Acute | Chronic | 8-Hr Chronic | & carcinogenic (µg/m³)/(tons/yr) | for MICR | for HIC |
| Chromium 6+ | 5.10E+02 | n/a | 0.2 | n/a | 4.35 | 1.02 | 1.00 |

n/a - not applicable

(2) Resident: This example uses a 150 meters distance to the closest receptor. χ/Q values for 150 meters were interpolated from the χ/Qs for downwind distance of 100 and 200 meters.

| | | REL μg/m ³ | | | (χ/Q) chronic | MP_R | MP_R |
|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| TAC | CP (mg/kg-d) ⁻¹ | Acute | Chronic | 8-Hr Chronic | & carcinogenic (µg/m³)/(tons/yr) | for MICR | for HIC |
| Chromium 6+ | 5.10E+02 | n/a | 0.2 | n/a | 2.97 | 1.60 | 2.44 |

n/a - not applicable

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MICR Calculation

MICR = CP
$$\mathbf{x}$$
 Q_{tpv} \mathbf{x} (χ /Q) \mathbf{x} CEF \mathbf{x} WAF \mathbf{x} DF \mathbf{x} MP \mathbf{x} 10⁻⁶

(1) Worker:

| TAC | СР | Q _{tpy} (tons/yr) | χ/ Q | CEF _W | WAF | DF | MPw | MICR |
|-------------|----------|----------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----|----|------|-------------------------|
| Chromium 6+ | 5.10E+02 | 1.15E-06 | 4.35 | 56.26 | 1 | 1 | 1.02 | 1.46 x 10 ⁻⁷ |

(2) Resident:

| TAC | СР | Q _{tpy} (tons/yr) | χ/Q | CEF _R | WAF | DF | MPR | MICR |
|-------------|----------|----------------------------|------|------------------|-----|----|------|-------------------------|
| Chromium 6+ | 5.10E+02 | 1.15E-06 | 2.97 | 676.63 | 1 | 1 | 1.60 | 1.89 x 10 ⁻⁶ |

Please note that the higher of the worker and residential cancer risks needs to be selected. This value will be entered in MICR field in the NSR, 1401 section. In this example, the maximum cancer risk is at the residential receptor.

Cancer Burden Calculation

Cancer burden should always be calculated if the MICR exceeds one in a million, regardless of the type of receptor. Since the cancer risk at the residential receptor was calculated to be 1.89×10^{-6} , the cancer burden needs to be calculated.

Estimate of distance at which MICR falls below one in one million.

The distance at which the MICR falls below one in one million requires you to take the reciprocal of the calculated MICR multiplied by 1.0×10^{-6} . This factor (F) will be the multiplier to the χ/Q value used in determining the MICR.

$$F = (1 / MICR) \times 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$F = (1 / 1.89 \times 10^{-6}) \times 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$F = 0.529$$

Determination of the new downwind distance will be based upon a new χ/Q value calculated by multiplying the originally used χ/Q value by F. Therefore.

New
$$\chi/Q = 2.97 \times 0.529$$

New $\chi/Q = 1.57$

Using <u>Table 3.2</u>, the new χ /Q lies between downwind distances of 200 to 300 meters. Interpolating for the new downwind distance gives is 201 meters.

This new Downwind Distance is where the MICR will fall below one in one million.

Define Zone of Impact

The zone of impact (ZI) is calculated using the New Downwind Distance as the radius of a circle and calculating the area of that circle.

Therefore,

$$ZI = 3.14 \text{ r}^2$$

 $ZI = 3.14 (0.201 \text{ km})^2$
 $ZI = 0.13 \text{ km}^2$

Estimate the population within the ZI

ZI should include both worker and residential populations.

For areas where census data is available, it should be used. Where there is no census data, 7,000 persons/km² should be used for the areas with high population densities and 4,000 persons per square kilometer should be used for areas with low population densities. Where the population densities are unknown, use 7,000 persons per square kilometer.

In this example we have no information on census data or population density, therefore,

Zone of Impact Population = ZI x Population Density Zone of Impact Population = $0.13 \text{ km}^2 \text{ x } 7,000 \text{ person/km}^2$

Zone of Impact Population = 910 persons

Calculate Cancer Burden

For a screening level analysis, the cancer Burden (CB) is estimated using the zone of impact population multiplied by the calculated MICR.

Therefore.

$$CB = 910 \text{ persons } x \ 1.89 \ x \ 10^{-6}$$

$$CB = 0.00172$$

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Hazard Index Calculations

Acute, 8-hour chronic and chronic hazard indices should be calculated for each target organ. Since no acute or 8-hr chronic health values have been adopted for chromium 6+, only the chronic hazard index is estimated.

Chronic Hazard Index:

$$HIC = \Sigma [(Q_{tpy}) \mathbf{x} (\chi/Q)_{chronic} \mathbf{x} MP]/(Chronic REL)$$

Based on <u>Table 11.1</u>, the target organs for the TACs for chronic toxicity have been listed. The Chronic Hazard Index for the TACs in this example are calculated as follows:

Chromium 6+:

Affects hematopoietic and respiratory systems.

Worker: HIC =
$$[2.30 \times 10^{-3} \times 4.35 \times 1.00] / (0.2) = 0.050$$

Resident: HIC =
$$[2.30 \times 10^{-3} \times 2.97 \times 2.44] / (0.2) = 0.083$$

In summary:

I. MICR:

Worker:

| TAC | MICR |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| Chromium 6+ | 1.46×10^{-7} |

Resident:

| TAC | MICR |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Chromium 6+ | 1.89 x 10 ⁻⁶ |

II. Cancer Burden:

$$CB = 0.00172$$

III. Target Organs for Chronic:

(1) Worker:

| TAC | HIC | |
|-------------|-------|-------|
| | HEM | RESP |
| Chromium 6+ | 0.050 | 0.050 |

(2) Resident:

| TAC | HIC | |
|-------------|-------|-------|
| | HEM | RESP |
| Chromium 6+ | 0.083 | 0.083 |

RESULT:

The equipment in this example contains T-BACT; therefore, it would pass the Rule 1401 MICR limit (summarized below). A Tier 3 or 4 analysis is not necessary.

- MICRs for residential and commercial receptors do not exceed 10 x 10⁻⁶ (ten in one million).
- Cancer burden is less than 0.5.
- HIAs for residential and commercial receptors do not exceed 1.0 for each target organ.
- HICs for residential and commercial receptors are less than 1.0 for hematopoietic and respiratory systems.

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EXAMPLE 2: MICR, HIA, HIC, & CANCER BURDEN CALCULATION FOR INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONS

An industrial operation generates benzene, arsenic and dioxin emissions.

The application was deemed complete on June 1, 2015.

Volume source: Building dimensions 40'(W) x 70'(L) x 17'(H)

Stack Height = 15 ft

The nearest receptor distances are:

Worker (Industrial) = 100 meters

Residential = 500 meters

Permitted Operating Schedule: 8 hr/day, 5 days/wk, 50 wks/yr = 2,000 hours/year

Plant location: Azusa, CA

Emission rates for the TACs are listed in Table A below.

Table A

| | Emission Rate | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Toxic Air Contaminant | Q _{lbph} (Max.) (lb/hr) | Q _{lbpy} (lb/yr) | Q _{tpy} (ton/yr) | | | | |
| Arsenic | 7.5 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 1.0 x 10 ⁻² | 5.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ | | | | |
| Benzene | 7.5 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.0 x 10 ⁺¹ | 5.0 x 10 ⁻³ | | | | |
| Dioxin | 7.5 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ | 1.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 5.0 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ | | | | |

(The list of TACs and their corresponding emission rates are for illustration purposes only. They may not reflect actual conditions.)

First, identify the appropriate risk assessment tables (included in the Attachments) based upon when the application was deemed complete. In this case, the tables for applications deemed complete on June 1, 2015 are included in Permit Application Package "M" in the Attachments to this document.

Second, the MICR is calculated for those TACs that have appropriate Cancer Potency Values from Table 8.1. Table B below identifies the TACs for MICR calculations.

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Table B

| Toxic Air Contaminant (TAC) | Cancer Potency Value (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹ | Chronic REL (µg/m³) | 8-Hour Chronic REL (µg/m³) | Acute REL (µg/m³) |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Arsenic | 1.20 x 10 ⁺¹ | 1.50 x 10 ⁻² | 1.50 x 10 ⁻² | 2.00 x 10 ⁻¹ |
| Benzene | 1.00 x 10 ⁻¹ | 3.00×10^{0} | 3.00×10^{0} | 2.7 x 10 ⁺¹ |
| Dioxin | 1.30 x 10 ⁺⁵ | 4.00 x 10 ⁻⁵ | n/a | n/a |

n/a – not applicable

Based on the above table, MICR will be evaluated for residential and worker receptors for nickel.

From <u>Table 8.1</u>, determine which of the substances is carcinogen, chronic, and/or acute. The results are as follows:

| TAC | MICR | HIC | HIC8 | HIA |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | (cancer) | (chronic) | (chronic) | (Acute) |
| Arsenic | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ |
| Benzene | V | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ |
| Dioxin | V | $\sqrt{}$ | | |

Next, for chronic and acute substances, <u>Tables 11.1, 11.2 and 11.3</u> need to be reviewed to determine the target organs affected by these TACs due to chronic, 8-hour chronic and/or acute toxicity.

Tables C and D below indicate the target organs affected by the TACs with chronic and acute toxicity, respectively. In the table, check marks ($\sqrt{\ }$) indicate the affected target organs.

Table C (Chronic Toxicity)

| TAC | AL | CV | DEV | END | HEM | NS | REP | RESP | SKIN |
|---------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----|------|--------------|
| Arsenic | | | | | | $\sqrt{}$ | | | \checkmark |
| Benzene | | | | | | | | | |
| Dioxin | V | | V | V | V | | | √ | |

AL: Alimentary system (liver) CV: Cardiovascular system

DEV: Developmental END: Endocrine system HEM: Hematopoietic system

NS: Nervous system REP: Reproductive system RESP: Respiratory system

SKIN: Skin

Table D (8-hour Toxicity)

| TAC | CV | DEV | HEM | NS | REP | RESP | SKIN |
|---------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|------|-----------|
| Arsenic | V | | | V | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ |
| Benzene | | | V | | | | |

CV: Cardiovascular system DEV: Developmental

HEM: Hematopoietic system

NS: Nervous system REP: Reproductive system RESP: Respiratory system

SKIN: Skin

Table E (Acute Toxicity)

| TAC | CV | DEV | HEM | IMM | NS | REP |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Arsenic | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | | | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Benzene | | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | | \checkmark |

CV: Cardiovascular system DEV: Developmental

HEM: Hematopoietic system IMM: Immune system

NS: Nervous system REP: Reproductive system

Tier I: Screening Emission Levels

The nearest receptor location should be used, in this case the worker location of 100m should be used.

For Carcinogenic and/or Chronic Compounds:

Calculate the Pollutant Screening Index for each pollutant (PSI_P).

$$PSI_P = Q_{lbpy,P} / PSL_P$$

The Q_{lbpy} is based upon the annual emissions of each TAC (lbs/yr). The PSLs are found in <u>Table 1.1</u> and are expressed in lb/yr.

Sum up the individual Pollutant Screening Indices for each pollutant ($\sum PSI_P$).

| TAC | $Q_{ m lbpy,P}$ | PSL _P | PSI _P |
|---------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Arsenic | 1 x 10 ⁻² | 3.01 x 10 ⁻³ | 3.32 |
| Benzene | 1×10^{1} | 3.51×10^{0} | 2.85 |
| Dioxin | 1 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 2.70 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 0.37 |
| | | $\sum PSI_P =$ | 6.54 |

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Calculate the Application Screening Index (ASI).

$$ASI_{cancer and/or chronic} = \Sigma PSI_P = 6.54$$

For Acute Compounds:

Calculate the Pollutant Screening Index for each pollutant (PSI_P).

$$PSI_{P} = Q_{lbph,P} / PSL_{P}$$

The Q_{lbph} is based upon the maximum hourly emissions (lb/hr). The PSLs for acute compounds are found in <u>Table 1.1</u> and are expressed in lb/hr.

Sum up the individual pollutant screening indices for each acute pollutant ($\sum PSI_P$).

| TAC | $Q_{lbph,P}$ | PSL _P | PSI_{P} |
|---------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Arsenic | 7.5 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 9.80 x 10 ⁻³ | 7.65 x 10 ⁻⁴ |
| Benzene | 7.5 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.32 x 10 ⁰ | 5.68 x 10 ⁻³ |
| | | $\sum PSIp =$ | 6.45 x 10 ⁻³ |

Calculate the Application Screening Index (ASI).

$$ASI_{acute} = \Sigma PSI_{P} = 6.45 \times 10^{-3}$$

Please note that the cumulative cancer/chronic risk exceeded 1 but the cumulative acute hazard index did not exceed 1. In this example, this facility did not pass Tier I as the ASI exceeded 1 for cancer/chronic. Since this Tier I screening was calculated to be greater than 1, the applicant would have to proceed with further health risk screening assessment procedures.

Tier II: Screening Risk Assessment

CP, REL and MP values are taken from <u>Table 8.1</u> in Permit Application Package "M". (χ /Q) values for cancer and chronic exposures are taken from <u>Table 4.1</u>. This table is for a volume source operating ≤ 12 hr/day, for an area of less than 3,000 ft², and stack height equal to or less than 20 feet. χ /Q values for facilities near the Azusa meteorological station with a receptor distance of 100 meters for a worker receptor, and 500 meters for a residential receptor were used.

The value for the $(\chi/Q)_{hr}$ for acute exposures is taken from <u>Table 7</u> because this is a volume source. Exposure values, daily breathing rate values and annual concentration adjustment factors are taken from Tables 9.1 and 9.2, respectively.

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These values are summarized below:

(3) Worker: Using 100 meter receptor

| | | | REL (μg/m³) | | (χ/Q) chronic & | (\chi/Q)hr | MP_W | MPw |
|---------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| TAC | CP (mg/kg-d) ⁻¹ | Acute | Chronic | 8-hour Chronic | carcinogenic (µg/m³)/ (tons/yr) | for acute (µg/m³)/ (lbs/hr) | for MICR | for HIC |
| Arsenic | 1.20 x 10 ⁺¹ | 2.00 x 10 ⁻¹ | 1.50 x 10 ⁻² | 1.50 x 10 ⁻² | 1.15 | 107.4 | 4.52 | 28.37 |
| Benzene | 1.00 x 10 ⁻¹ | 2.70 x 10 ⁺¹ | 3.00×10^{0} | 3.00×10^{0} | 1.15 | 107.4 | 1 | 1 |
| Dioxin | 1.30×10^5 | n/a | 4.00×10^{0} | n/a | 1.15 | 107.4 | 7.58 | 6.73 |

n/a – not applicable

Resident: Using 500m distance to the closest receptor.

| | СР | | REL (μg/m³) | | | (χ/Q)hr | MP_R | MP_R |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| TAC | (mg/kg-d) ⁻¹ | Acute | Chronic | 8-hour Chronic | carcinogenic (μg/m³)/ (tons/yr) | for acute (μg/m³)/ (lbs/hr) | for MICR | for HIC |
| Arsenic | 1.20 x 10 ⁺¹ | 2.00 x 10 ⁻¹ | 1.50 x 10 ⁻² | 1.50 x 10 ⁻² | 0.06 | 10.44 | 9.71 | 88.03 |
| Benzene | 1.00 x 10 ⁻¹ | $2.70 \times 10^{+1}$ | 3.00×10^{0} | 3.00×10^{0} | 0.06 | 10.44 | 1 | 1 |
| Dioxin | 1.30 x 10 ⁻⁵ | n/a | 4.00 x 10 ⁻⁵ | n/a | 0.06 | 10.44 | 25.72 | 307.6 |

n/a – not applicable

MICR Calculation

MICR = Σ (CP \mathbf{x} Q_{tpy} \mathbf{x} (χ /Q) \mathbf{x} CEF \mathbf{x} WAF \mathbf{x} DF \mathbf{x} 10⁻⁶ \mathbf{x} MP)

(1) Worker:

| TAC | СР | Q _{tpy} (tons/yr) | χ/Q | CEF | WAF | DF | MPw | MICR |
|---------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------|-------|-----|----|------|-------------------------|
| Arsenic | 1.20 x 10 ⁺¹ | 5.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 1.15 | 56.26 | 4.2 | 1 | 4.52 | 7.37 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Benzene | 1.00 x 10 ⁻¹ | 5.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.15 | 56.26 | 4.2 | 1 | 1 | 1.36 x 10 ⁻⁷ |
| Dioxin | 1.30 x 10 ⁵ | 5.0 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ | 1.15 | 56.26 | 4.2 | 1 | 7.58 | 1.34 x 10 ⁻⁷ |
| Total | | | | | | | | 3.44 x 10 ⁻⁷ |

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(2) Resident:

| TAC | СР | Q _{tpy} (tons/yr) | χ/Q | CEF | WAF | DF | MP _R | MICR |
|---------|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------|-----|----|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Arsenic | 1.20 x 10 ⁺¹ | 5.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ | 0.06 | 676.63 | 1 | 1 | 9.71 | 2.37 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Benzene | 1.00 x 10 ⁻¹ | 5.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 0.06 | 676.63 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.03 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Dioxin | 1.30×10^5 | 5.0 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ | 0.06 | 676.63 | 1 | 1 | 25.72 | 6.79 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Total | | | | | | | | 1.12 x 10 ⁻⁷ |

Please note that a comparison between the worker and residential cancer risks needs to be made and the higher value will be entered in MICR field in the NSR, 1401 section. In this example, the maximum cancer risk is at the worker receptor.

Cancer Burden Calculation

Cancer burden should always be calculated if the MICR exceeds one in a million, regardless of the type of receptor. For this example, cancer burden was not calculated because neither worker nor residential risk exceeded one in a million.

Hazard Index Calculations

Acute, 8-hour and chronic hazard indices should be calculated for each target organ.

Acute Hazard Index:

For all acute compounds with RELs developed over 1 hour average, the acute hazard indices are estimated using the equation below:

$$HIA = [Q_{lbph} \times (\chi/Q)_{hr}]/REL$$

Based on <u>Table 11.3</u>, the target organs for the TACs have been listed.

Note: The χ/Q values in <u>Table 7</u> are based upon the maximum hourly emission rates.

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Arsenic:

Affects cardiovascular, developmental, nervous and reproductive systems.

Worker: HIA =
$$(7.5 \times 10^{-6} \times 107.4) / 2.0 \times 10^{-1} = 4.0 \times 10^{-3}$$

Resident: HIA =
$$(7.5 \times 10^{-6} \times 10.44) / 2.0 \times 10^{-1} = 3.9 \times 10^{-4}$$

Benzene:

Affects developmental, hematologic, immune, and reproductive systems.

Worker: HIA =
$$(7.5 \times 10^{-3} \times 107.4) / 2.7 \times 10^{+1} = 3.0 \times 10^{-2}$$

Resident: HIA =
$$(7.5 \times 10^{-3} \times 10.44) / 2.7 \times 10^{+1} = 2.9 \times 10^{-3}$$

8-Hour Chronic Hazard Index:

HIC8 =
$$\Sigma [(Q_{tpy}) \mathbf{x} (\chi/Q)_{chronic} \mathbf{x} \text{ WAF}]/(Chronic REL)]$$

Based on <u>Table 11.2</u>, the target organs for the TACs with chronic RELs have been listed. The chronic hazard indices for the TACs in this example are calculated as follows:

Arsenic

Affects cardiovascular, developmental, nervous, reproductive, respiratory and skin systems/organs.

Worker: HIC8 =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-6} \times 1.15 \times 4.2] / [1.5 \times 10^{-2}] = 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$$

Resident: HIC8 =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-6} \times 0.06 \times 1.0] / [1.5 \times 10^{-2}] = 2.0 \times 10^{-5}$$

Benzene

Affects hematologic system.

Worker: HIC8 =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.15 \times 4.2] / [3.0] = 8.1 \times 10^{-3}$$

Resident: HIC8 =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-3} \times 0.06 \times 1.0] / [3.0] = 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$$

Chronic Hazard Index:

HIC =
$$\Sigma [(Q_{tpy}) \mathbf{x} (\chi/Q)_{chronic} \mathbf{x} MP]/(Chronic REL)]$$

Based on <u>Table 11.1</u>, the target organs for the TACs with chronic RELs have been listed. The chronic hazard indices for the TACs in this example are calculated as follows:

Arsenic

Affects cardiovascular, developmental, nervous, respiratory and skin systems/organs.

Worker: HIC =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-6} \times 1.15 \times 28.37] / [1.5 \times 10^{-2}] = 1.1 \times 10^{-2}$$

Resident: HIC =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-6} \times 0.06 \times 88.03] / [1.5 \times 10^{-2}] = 1.8 \times 10^{-3}$$

Benzene

Affects hematologic system.

Worker: HIC =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.15 \times 1] / [3.0] = 1.9 \times 10^{-3}$$

Resident: HIC =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-3} \times 0.06 \times 1] / [3.0] = 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$$

Dioxin

Affects alimentary, developmental, endocrine, hematologic, respiratory and skin organs/systems.

Worker: HIC =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-10} \times 1.15 \times 6.73] / [4.0 \times 10^{-5}] = 9.7 \times 10^{-5}$$

Resident: HIC =
$$[5.0 \times 10^{-10} \times 0.06 \times 307.6] / [4.0 \times 10^{-5}] = 2.3 \times 10^{-4}$$

In summary:

I. MICR:

(1) Worker:

| TAC | MICR |
|---------|-------------------------|
| Arsenic | 7.37 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Benzene | 1.36 x 10 ⁻⁷ |
| Dioxin | 1.34 x 10 ⁻⁷ |
| Total | 3.44 x 10 ⁻⁷ |

(2) Resident:

| TAC | MICR |
|---------|-------------------------|
| Arsenic | 2.37 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Benzene | 2.03 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Dioxin | 6.79 x 10 ⁻⁸ |
| Total | 1.12 x 10 ⁻⁷ |

II. Acute Hazard Index (HIA) and Chronic Hazard Index (HIC):

By Target Organs for Acute:

(1) Worker:

| TAC | HIA_W | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | CV | CV DEV HEM IMM NS RI | | | | | | | |
| Arsenic | 4.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 4.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 0 | 0 | 4.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 4.0 x 10 ⁻³ | | | |
| Benzene | 0 | 3.0 x 10 ⁻² | 3.0 x 10 ⁻² | 3.0 x 10 ⁻² | 0 | 3.0 x 10 ⁻² | | | |
| Total | 4.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 3.4 x 10 ⁻² | 3.0 x 10 ⁻² | 3.0 x 10 ⁻² | 4.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 3.4 x 10 ⁻² | | | |

(2) Resident:

| TAC | HIA_R | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | CV | CV DEV HEM IMM NS REP | | | | | | | |
| Arsenic | 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 0 | 0 | 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | | | |
| Benzene | 0 | 2.9 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.9 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.9 x 10 ⁻³ | 0 | 2.9 x 10 ⁻³ | | | |
| Total | 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 3.3 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.9 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.9 x 10 ⁻³ | 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 3.3 x 10 ⁻³ | | | |

By Target Organs for 8-Hour Chronic:

(1) Worker:

| TAC | HIC8 _W | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | CV | CV DEV HEM NS REP RESP SKIN | | | | | | | | | |
| Arsenic | 1.6 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.6 x 10 ⁻³ | 0 | 1.6 x 10 ⁻³ | | | | |
| Benzene | 0 | 0 | 8.1 x 10 ⁻³ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Total | 1.6 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.6 x 10 ⁻³ | 8.1 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.6 x 10 ⁻³ | | | | |

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(2) Resident:

| TAC | HIC8 _R | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | CV | CV DEV HEM NS REP RESP SKIN | | | | | | | | | |
| Arsenic | 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 0 | 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ | | | | |
| Benzene | 0 | 0 | 1.0 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Total | 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 1.0 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 2.0 x 10 ⁻⁵ | | | | |

By Target Organs for Chronic:

(1) Worker:

| TAC | HIC _W | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | AL | CV | DEV | END | HEM | NS | REP | RESP | SKIN | |
| Arsenic | 0 | 1.1 x 10 ⁻² | 1.1 x 10 ⁻² | 0 | 0 | 1.1 x 10 ⁻² | |
| Benzene | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.9 x 10 ⁻³ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Dioxin | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 0 | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 0 | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 0 | |
| Total | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 1.1 x 10 ⁻² | 1.1 x 10 ⁻² | 9.7 x 10 ⁻⁵ | 1.9 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.1 x 10 ⁻² | |

(2) Resident:

| TAC | $\mathrm{HIC}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | AL | CV | DEV | END | HEM | NS | REP | RESP | SKIN | |
| Arsenic | 0 | 1.8 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.8 x 10 ⁻³ | 0 | 0 | 1.8 x 10 ⁻³ | |
| Benzene | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.0 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Dioxin | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 0 | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 0 | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 0 | |
| Total | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.8 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 3.3 x 10 ⁻⁴ | 1.8 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 2.0 x 10 ⁻³ | 1.8 x 10 ⁻³ | |

RESULT:

The equipment in this example does not contain T-BACT but the equipment would pass the Rule 1401 MICR limit (summarized below). A Tier 3 or 4 analysis is not necessary.

- MICRs for residential and commercial receptors do not exceed 1×10^{-6} (one in one million).
- HIAs for residential and commercial receptors do not exceed 1.0 for each target organ.
- HICs for residential and commercial receptors are less than 1.0 for hematopoietic and respiratory systems.

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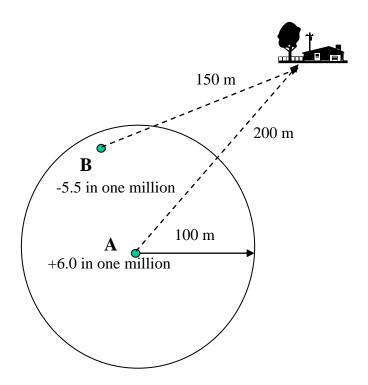
EXAMPLE 3: CONTEMPORANEOUS RISK REDUCTION

Rule 1401(g)(2)(A): The requirements of paragraph (d)(1) and (d)(4) shall not apply if the applicant demonstrates that a contemporaneous risk reduction resulting in a decrease in emissions will occur such that both of the following conditions are met:

- (i) no receptor location will experience a total increase in MICR of greater than one in one million due to the cumulative impact of both the permit unit and the contemporaneous risk reduction, and
- (ii) the contemporaneous risk reduction occurs within 100 meters of the permit unit.

T-BACT shall be used on permit units exempted under this subparagraph if the MICR from the permit unit exceeds one in one million (1×10^{-6}).

Note: All permit applications associated with the increases and decreases in risk for contemporaneous risk reduction must be submitted together and the reduction in risk must occur before the start of operation of the equipment that will have an increase in risk.



Assumptions:

Units A and B: Only have cancer impacts.

Unit A: New equipment, installed with T-BACT, MICR = 6.0 in one million

Unit B: Existing equipment with decreased MICR of 5.5 in one million due to change in operating conditions or process. Unit B emissions, prior to modification, resulted in an 8 in a million risk for the nearest receptor. After modification, Unit B risk is 2.5 in a million which is a decrease of 5.5 in a million.

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Receptor R1: The increased risk for Receptor R1 is the MICR for Unit A less the decrease in risk for Unit B.

6.0 - 5.5 = 0.5 in one million.

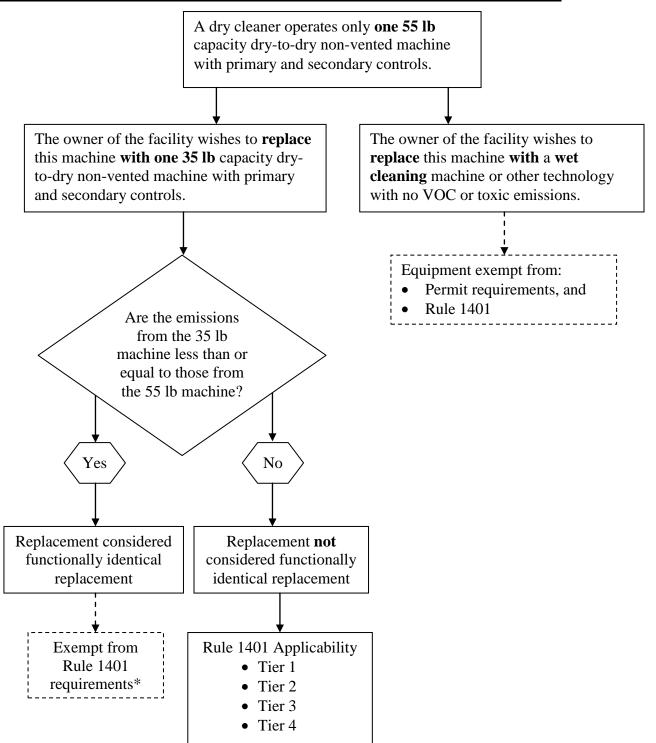
Note: This demonstaration is best achieved with a Tier 4 analysis (detailed air dispersion modeling) and must be performed for all possible receptors.

RESULT:

- Equipment was installed using T-BACT.
- No receptor experiences an increase in risk greater than one in one million.
- The contemporaneous risk reduction occurs within 100 meters of the new equipment.
- If all other rule requirements are met, a permit would be issued.

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EXAMPLE 4: FUNCTIONALLY IDENTICAL EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT



^{*} Rule 1421(d)(1)(F) allows for the functionally identical equipment replacement of **only one** machine. Please note that all perchloroethylene machines must comply with Rule 1402 as well. As of December 31, 2020, no new or existing dry cleaning facility may use a perchloroethylene dry cleaning system.

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BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY FOR TOXICS

Best Available Control Technology for Toxics (T-BACT) is not required if the MICR is less than or equal to one in one million. If cancer risk is greater than one in a million, T-BACT is required and must reduce risk to less than or equal to 10 in a million.

SIC Codes, which describe industry types or classifications, or SCC Codes, which describe emitting processes or equipment, can be used to help identify T-BACT. If no standard is available, SCAQMD staff works with the applicant to identify T-BACT when required.

SCAQMD staff is continually examining and updating control technologies that comply with the definition presented in Rule 1401(c)(2). However, in many situations T-BACT is equivalent to BACT. The applicant is encouraged to contact the SCAQMD permit processing division for current T-BACT information.

T-BACT EXAMPLES

Type of Industry: Wood Finishing

Type of Emitting Process: Wood Coatings

Specific TAC Emissions: Ethyl Benzene,

Formaldehyde

Applicable BACT: Thermal Oxidizer

T-BACT: Thermal Oxidizer

BACT = T-BACT

With T-BACT, risk is 10 in one million or less

T-BACT is acceptable

Type of Industry: Metal Plating

Type of Emitting Process: Nickel Plating, Chromium Plating

Specific TAC Emissions: Nickel, Hexavalent Chromium

Applicable BACT: Wet Scrubber

T-BACT: HEPA

With T-BACT, risk is 10 in one million or less

T-BACT is acceptable

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APPENDIX I

Calculation Worksheets

Maximum Individual Cancer Risk (MICR) Calculation Worksheet Acute Hazard Index (HIA) Calculation Worksheet Chronic Hazard Index (HIC) Calculation Worksheet 8-Hour Chronic Hazard Index (HIC8) Calculation Worksheet

| N | Iaximum Individu | ai cancel table (141 | icit, crib | CCLITIC | JI V OICIL | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|------------|
| Facility Name: | | | | | | | |
| Facility Address: | | | | | | | |
| Description of Equ | | | | | | | |
| Equipment is (circl | e one): Point Sou | irce or Volume S | Source | | | | |
| Toxic Air Contaminants | Maximum Annual | | | ble 8.1) | MP M | | |
| Emitted by Equipment | Emissions (Qlb) lb/yr | Emissions (Qton) (ton/yr) | | | Resident | | |
| 1. 2. 3. | • | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | |
| Equipment operate | s (circle one) | ≤ 12 hr/day | or > 12 h | /day | | | |
| If equipment is a p | oint source, enter | Stack Height: | | ft | | | |
| | | er Building Heig h | | | ž | | |
| | | ci building ficigi | | | | | |
| Floor Area Distance to neares | : ft² t residential or se | | | | | | |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo | : ft ² t residential or se orker receptor: | ensitive receptor:_ m | m | & | s 12.1 & 12 | 2 & Fig 1 | & 2) |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD | : ft ² t residential or se orker receptor: meteorological s | ensitive receptor: m station: | m | & | s 12.1 & 12. | .2 & Fig 1 | & 2) |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD | t residential or searcher receptor: meteorological searcher as follogicals | ensitive receptor: m station: ws (circle tables seems) | m | & | | | & 2) |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select χ/Q and WA | t residential or searcher receptor: meteorological searcher as follogicals | ensitive receptor: m station: ows (circle tables so | elected) | & (Table | Volume | e Source | |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select χ /Q and WA | t residential or se orker receptor: meteorological s AF Tables as follogical states as follows: | ensitive receptor: m station: ws (circle tables so oint Source 2.2, 10.1 | elected) | & (Table bles 4.1, 4 | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 | 0.1 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select x/Q and WA ≤12 hr/day | t residential or searcher receptor: meteorological searcher as follogicals | ensitive receptor: m station: ws (circle tables so oint Source 2.2, 10.1 | elected) | & (Table bles 4.1, 4 | Volume | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 | 0.1 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select χ /Q and WA \leq 12 hr/day > 12 hr/day χ /Q value for neare | t residential or se orker receptor: meteorological s AF Tables as follogicals Tables 2.1, 2.2, Tables 3.1, 3.2, | ensitive receptor: m station: statio | elected) Ta | & (Table bles 4.1, 4 | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 | 0.1 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select x/Q and WA ≤12 hr/day >12 hr/day x/Q value for near for near WAF value for near | t residential or secondary receptor: meteorological secondary receptor: Tables as followed as followed receptor: Tables 2.1, 2.2, Tables 3.1, 3.2, est residential/sensest off-site worker | ensitive receptor: m station: m sws (circle tables so oint Source 2.2, 10.1 3.3, 10.2 sitive receptor: receptor: ensitive receptor: | elected) Ta | & (Table bles 4.1, 4 | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 | 0.1 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select x/Q and WA ≤12 hr/day >12 hr/day y/Q value for near for near WAF value for near for near | t residential or secondary receptor: meteorological secondary receptor: Tables as followed as followed residential/senses off-site worker arest residential/ser arest residential/ser arest off-site worker arest residential/ser are are are are are are are are are a | ensitive receptor: m station: m station: sws (circle tables so oint Source 2.2, 10.1 3.3, 10.2 sitive receptor: receptor: ensitive receptor: station: receptor: station receptor: | m elected) Ta Ta | & (Table bles 4.1, 4 | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 | 0.1 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select | t residential or secondarial or secondarial or secondarial or secondarial or secondarial secondaria | ensitive receptor: m station: m station: sws (circle tables so oint Source 2.2, 10.1 3.3, 10.2 sitive receptor: receptor: ensitive receptor: station: receptor: station receptor: | elected) Ta | & (Table bles 4.1, 4 | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 | 0.1 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select x/Q and WA ≤ 12 hr/day > 12 hr/day x/Q value for near for near for near for ne CEF value for near for ne MICR CALCULA | t residential or secretary receptor: meteorological sectors Tables as followed as follow | ensitive receptor: m station: m station: sws (circle tables so oint Source, 2.2, 10.1, 3.3, 10.2 sitive receptor: receptor: receptor: ser receptor: station receptor: | melected) Ta Ta | & (Table | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 5.5, 5.6, 1 | 0.1 0.2 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select | t residential or secondarial or secondarial or secondarial or secondarial or secondarial secondaria | ensitive receptor: m station: m station: sws (circle tables so oint Source 2.2, 10.1 3.3, 10.2 sitive receptor: receptor: ensitive receptor: station: receptor: station receptor: | melected) Ta Ta | & (Table | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 | 0.1 |
| Floor Area Distance to neares Off-site wo Nearest SCAQMD Select | t residential or secondary receptor: meteorological secondary receptor: Tables as followed as followed residential/senses off-site worker arest residential/senses off-site worker arest off-site worker are sidential/sen arest off-site worker arest off-site worker arest off-site worker are sidential/sen are | ensitive receptor: m station: m station: m station: m station: m station: ows (circle tables so oint Source 2.2, 10.1 3.3, 10.2 stitive receptor: receptor: ensitive receptor: ter receptor: stative receptor: ensitive receptor: stative receptor: ensitive receptor: der | m elected) Ta Ta 1.0 676.6356.2 | & (Table bles 4.1, 4 bles 5.1, 5 | Volume 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, | e Source 4.6, 4.6, 1 5.5, 5.6, 1 | 0.1 0.2 |

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MICR =____

Acute Hazard Index (HIA) CALCULATION WORKSHEET Target Organ/System*: (Table 11.3)

| Facility Name: | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Facility Address: | | | |
| Description of Equipment: | | | |
| Equipment is (circle one): | Point Source | or | Volume Source |
| If equipment is a point source , en | nter: | | |
| Stack Height: | ft | | |
| If equipment is a volume source, | enter | | |
| Building Height: | ft | & | Floor Area : ft ² |
| Distance to nearest residential o | r sensitive receptor: | | meters |
| Distance to nearest off-site work | er receptor: | | meters |
| Nearest SCAQMD meteorologic | al station: | | (Tables 12.1 & 12.2 & Fig 1 & 2) |
| Select χ/Q_{hr} : | | | |
| Select $\chi/\mathbf{Q_{hr}}$ from Table 6.1 if Poi | int Source or from Tabl | le 7. | l if Volume Source |
| Select Acute REL from Table 8. | 1 | | |
| | | | |

| Toxic Air | Maximum Hourly | Peak Hourly | Acute Reference | Adjustment Factor |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Contaminants | Emissions in lb/hr | Dispersion Factor | Exposure Level | (AF) |
| Emitted by | | χ/Q-hr | (REL) | |
| Equipment | | | | |
| 1. | | | | |
| 2. | | | | |
| 3. | | | | |

ACUTE HAZARD INDEX (HIA) CALCULATION:

 $[Qhr \ x \ (\chi/Q)_{hr}] \ / \ (Acute \ REL) \ x \ AF$

| Contaminants | $Q_{ m hr}$ | | χ/Q-hr | | REL | | AF | | HIA |
|--------------|-------------|---|--------|---|-----|---|----|---|-----|
| 1. | | X | | / | | X | | = | |
| 2. | | X | | / | | X | | = | |
| 3. | | X | | / | | X | | = | |

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^{*} A worksheet needs to be filled out for each affected target organ/system.

Chronic Hazard Index (HIC) CALCULATION WORKSHEET Target Organ/System*: (Table 11.1)

| Facility Name: | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Facility Address: | | | |
| Description of Equipment: | | | |
| Equipment operates (circle one) | ≤ 12 hr/day or | > 12 hr/day | |
| Equipment is (circle one): | Point Source or | Volume Sour | ce |
| If equipment is a point source, enter | •• | | |
| Stack Height: | ft | | |
| If equipment is a volume source, en | ter | | |
| Building Height: | ft | & Floor Area: _ | $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ ft ² |
| Distance to nearest residential or s | ensitive receptor: _ | met | ters |
| Distance to nearest off-site worker | receptor: | met | ters |
| Nearest SCAQMD meteorological | station: | (Tables | s 12.1 & 12.2 & Fig 1 & 2) |
| Select χ/Q yr as follows (circle table | es selected) | | |
| Select χ/Q yr and MET Tables as f | follows (circle tables so | elected) | |
| | Point So | ource | Volume Source |

Select Chronic REL and MP Chronic from Table 8.1

 $\leq 12 \text{ hr/day}$

> 12 hr/day

| Toxic Air | Maximum | Maximum | Dispersion | Chronic Reference | Multi-pathway |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Contaminants | Annual | Annual | Factor (χ/Q) | Exposure Level | Factor Chronic |
| Emitted by | Emissions | Emissions | ,, | (REL) | (MP_C) |
| Equipment | (Qlb) (lb/yr) | (Qyr) (ton/yr) | | | |
| 1. | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | |

Tables 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 4.6

Tables 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6

Tables 2.1, 2.2, 2.2

Tables 3.1, 3.2, 3.3

CHRONIC HAZARD INDEX (HIC) CALCULATION:

$\Sigma \left[(Qyr) \ x \ (\chi/Q) \ x \ MET \ x \ MP \right] / (Chronic REL)$ for each TAC

| Contaminants | Qyr | | χ/Q | | MET | | MP | | REL | | TAC |
|--------------|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|----|---|-----|---|-----|
| 1. | | X | | X | | X | | / | | | |
| 2. | | X | | X | | X | | / | | = | |
| 3. | | X | | X | | X | | / | | = | |

^{*} A worksheet needs to be filled out for each affected target organ/system.

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| 8-Hour Chronic Hazard Index | (HIC8) CALCULATION WORKSHEET |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Target Organ/System*: | (Table 11.2) |

| Facility Name: | | | |
|---|---------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| Facility Address: | | | |
| | | | |
| Equipment operates (circle one) | \leq 12 hr/day or | > 12 hr/da | ny |
| Equipment is (circle one): | Point Source or | Volume S | ource |
| If equipment is a point source , enter | r: | | |
| Stack Height: | ft | | |
| If equipment is a volume source, en | iter | | |
| Description of Equipment: Equipment operates (circle one) ≤ 12 hr/day or > 12 hr/day Equipment is (circle one): Point Source or Volume Source If equipment is a point source, enter: Stack Height: ft If equipment is a volume source, enter Building Height: ft & Floor Area: ft² Distance to nearest residential or sensitive receptor: meters Distance to nearest off-site worker receptor: meters | | | |
| Distance to nearest residential or s | ensitive receptor: | | meters |
| Distance to nearest off-site worker | receptor: | | meters |
| Nearest SCAQMD meteorological | station: | (Ta | ables 12.1 & 12.2 & Fig 1 & 2) |
| | | | |
| | Point Source | | Volume Source |

Select 8-Hour Chronic REL and 8-Hour Chronic MP from Table 8.1; and WAF from Table 10.2

Tables 2.1, 2.2, 2.2, 10.1 Tables 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 10.2

| Toxic Air Contaminants Emitted by Equipment | Maximum Annual Emissions (Qlb) (lb/yr) | Maximum Annual Emissions (Qyr) (ton/yr) | Dispersion Factor (χ/Q) | Worker Adjustment Factor (WAF) | Chronic Reference Exposure Level (REL) |
|---|--|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | |

Tables 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 4.6, 10.1

Tables 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 10.2

8-HOUR CHRONIC HAZARD INDEX (HIC8) CALCULATION:

$\Sigma \left[(Qyr) \ x \ (\chi/Q) \ x \ WAF \right] / \left(8 \text{-Hour Chronic REL} \right)$ for each TAC

 $\leq 12 \text{ hr/day}$

> 12 hr/day

| Contaminants | Qyr | | χ/Q | | MET | | WAF | | REL | | TAC |
|--------------|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----|
| 1. | | X | | X | | X | | / | | = | |
| 2. | | X | | X | | X | | / | | = | |
| 3. | | X | | X | | X | | / | | = | |

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^{*} A worksheet needs to be filled out for each affected target organ/system.

APPENDIX II

Derivation of Tier 2 Multi-pathway Adjustment Factors (MP)

DERIVATION OF TIER 2 MULTI-PATHWAY ADJUSTMENT FACTORS (MP)

MULTI-PATHWAY FACTORS (MP)

Toxic air contaminants enter the body through a number of routes: inhalation; absorption through the skin; and ingestion from contaminated food, water, milk and soil. To account for uptake of toxics through routes of exposure other than inhalation, risk assessments often include a "multi-pathway" exposure analysis.

To simplify the screening risk assessment, multi-pathway adjustment (MP) factors were developed. The inhalation risk is multiplied by the MP factors to account for the additional health risk due to other pathways of exposure.

SCAQMD staff has previously developed multi-pathway factors in its risk assessment and screening procedures. For this update of the risk assessment procedures, the methodology has been updated and multi-pathway factors have been developed for additional compounds.

The MP factors were developed using the Risk Assessment Standalone Tool (RAST) build 15071, a computer software package that calculates risks based on ground level concentrations (GLC). Assumptions and parameters used to develop the MP factors are listed below:

Risk assessment options:

- Deposition velocity 0.02 m/sec
- OEHHA default exposures are assumed for mother's milk, homegrown produce, and soil exposure
- A 'warm' climate, typical for Southern California is assumed for the dermal exposure pathway
- For noncancer chronic risk estimates, the "OEHHA Derived Method" risk analysis method is used. In this approach, the inhalation pathway is always considered a driving pathway, the next two dominant (driving) exposure pathways use the high-end point-estimates of exposure, while the remaining exposure pathways use mean point estimates.
- For residential cancer risk estimates, the "RMP (Derived) Method" risk analysis method is used. In this method, if inhalation is one of the top two dominant pathways, the method uses the breathing rate at 95th percentile of exposure for ≤ 2 years of age, and the breathing rate at the 80th percentile exposure for > 2 years of age. If inhalation is not the top two dominant pathways, it uses mean. For worker cancer risk, the "OEHHA Derived Method" risk analysis method is used.
- Pathways considered for residential exposure include inhalation, soil ingestion, dermal absorption, homegrown produce, and mother's milk.
- Pathways considered for worker exposure include inhalation, soil ingestion, and dermal absorption.

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- The cancer risk estimates, including the Derived equations (both OEHHA and Adjusted), are based on 30-year exposures.
- The chronic multipathway factors (resident and worker) for the group listing of polychlorinated biphenyls (CAS number 57465-28-8) has been assigned those of its individual subspecies (243.908 and 10.82, respectively). (The group listing of PCBs does not include the Toxicity Equivalency Factors as developed by the World Health Organization 1997 and as adopted by the Office of Environmental Health Hazards Assessment in 2015.) PCB 126 (3,3',4,4',5-Pentachlorobiphenyl), CAS number 57465-28-8 was used in the calculation of the screening approach since it has the most stringent REL. In a case that a facility provides speciated PCB data, or other justification is available, different MP factor can be used subject to SCAQMD approval.

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APPENDIX III

PROCEDURES FOR ADDRESSING NON-DETECTED COMPOUNDS AND BLANKS IN RISK ASSESSMENT

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Procedures for Addressing Non-detected Toxic Air Contaminants and Blanks in Risk Assessment

INTRODUCTION

This appendix describes guidelines for estimating emissions of non-detected toxic air contaminants (TACs) and using blanks in emissions estimations for purposes of preparing health risk assessments for Rules 1401, 1402 and the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" program (AB 2588). Procedures are the same for preparing risk assessments for Rules 1401, 1402 and AB2588, however the lists of compounds are different. Rule 1401 uses only cancer potency factors (CPc) and reference exposure levels (RELs) approved by the Scientific Review Panel and prepared by the state Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), whereas Rule 1402 and AB2588 use different sources for CPs and RELs, including draft numbers.

Under previous policy, the SCAQMD required that if a TAC could be present in emissions from a source but not detected during air testing, it must be assumed to be present below the limit of detection (LOD). This approach has been applied to stack testing, to measurements such as laboratory analysis of materials, and other monitoring and measurement methods. The concentration of non-detected TACs were to be reported as one-half (1/2) of the LOD.

Concerns were raised that this policy of carrying undetected TACs through a health risk assessment at half of the LOD could inflate risk estimates and might require facilities to install control equipment for emissions that may not be present. In addition, it would not be possible to detect the TAC after its emissions had been controlled and reduced.

Also, in the past, the SCAQMD did not allow any adjustments in the measured values of samples based on the results of reagent blanks. Concerns were raised that in certain cases the concentration of TACs measured in reagent blanks should be deducted from the actual measured samples.

To address these concerns, SCAQMD staff worked closely with affected facilities such as publicly owned treatment works (POTWs) and others during previous rulemaking efforts for Rules 1401 and 1402 to develop guidelines for addressing non-detected TACs and blanks in risk assessment.

OVERVIEW

The new approach begins with an initial level of screening to determine whether or not a TAC is likely to be present and therefore should be tested for. If the conditions in the screening guidelines are met, no further testing or analysis is required. If a TAC does not pass the screening guidelines, the facility must quantify and report the emissions of the compound through testing or other methods as approved by SCAQMD staff. The reported emission levels are calculated based on the number of test runs or analyses that are below the LOD.

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SCREENING GUIDELINES

For a TAC to be excluded from testing or analysis and hence quantification for health risk assessment, it must meet either condition A, B, or C listed below.

Proof for exclusion of any TAC based on literature studies on physical nature or chemistry of the compounds to substantiate the findings, and any prior analysis or testing shall be deemed complete for SCAQMD approval. Any prior testing must have been conducted according to SCAQMD's approved test methods or other recognized standards, as approved by SCAQMD staff

If a list of TACs to be tested for is agreed upon but is subsequently discovered by the facility or the SCAQMD that additional compounds may be present, SCAQMD staff may require that the facility test for the presence of the additional TACs.

The screening criteria to be used for determining the presence of TACs are the following.

Condition A: No likelihood of the presence of a TAC

A facility may choose to demonstrate that there is no likelihood of a TAC being present in the raw materials, process streams or materials introduced into the equipment or process. The methodology or documentation to show proof of the non-existence of the TAC must be deemed complete with the source test protocol or test method analysis protocol for SCAQMD approval. If the evidence to substantiate the absence of a TAC is insufficient, or SCAQMD staff has reason to believe that the TAC may be present, it must be tested for and quantified (see Cases 1, 2, and 3).

For example, a facility operator can demonstrate the absence of cadmium in emissions from the melting of lead ingots in a pot furnace by presenting the following documentation:

- Certified analysis of the lead ingots showing that cadmium is not a constituent of the ingot.
- Description of the process substantiating that no other material is added to the furnace that will contribute to cadmium emissions. The operator must also provide analysis for the fuel used in the process to demonstrate that it does not contain cadmium.
- Documentation substantiating that melting lead ingots without cadmium present in the ingot in a pot furnace will not result in the emissions of cadmium when the firebricks or pot liner are heated during the melting operations.

In addition, the facility operator may submit test results based on tests performed within the last two years, or a longer period if the facility can demonstrate that no significant changes have occurred to the SCAQMD-approved test method, process equipment or process materials, that indicate cadmium was reported as below LOD.

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Condition B: Absence of a TAC or its precursors in the process

If there is any evidence that precursors, which could lead to formation of a TAC during a process or reaction, may be present, then a facility may have to test for the TAC. To be excluded from testing and quantification requirements, the facility must provide documentation to demonstrate, based on test results, that none of the essential precursors are present in the material or process. This is similar to the previous criteria and differs only in that precursor compounds that could contribute to the formation of the subject TAC must also be identified as not being present.

An example is emission of dioxins from a waste incinerator. In this case, test data may be available to show that there are no dioxins present in the waste stream being incinerated. However, the presence of chlorine and hydrocarbons in the combustion process could result in the formation of products of incomplete combustion (PICs) such as dioxins or other toxic compounds. Testing for these compounds would be required unless the facility operator demonstrates that none of the essential precursors are present in the waste stream or the process itself.

Condition C: Special TAC list for POTWs

Unlike other industrial sources whose potential toxic air emissions are relatively well defined and which contain limited species, proving the absence of TACs from emissions from POTWs is more difficult. This is because the instantaneous discharge of wastewater from various residential, commercial and industrial system users could potentially result in the presence of different toxic contaminants in the influent sewage. Therefore, it is recommended that a special TAC list be developed for POTWs to select appropriate TACs for testing and determination of health risk associated with air emissions from liquid phase and sludge treatment processes.

The special TAC list for POTWs will be approved by SCAQMD staff with consideration given to information including but not limited to the following:

- 1. The Pooled Emission Estimating Program (PEEP) identified and selected compounds under the AB 2588 emissions inventory program, as approved by SCAQMD staff.
- 2. The Joint Emissions Inventory Program (JEIP) identified and selected compounds under SCAQMD Rule 1179 inventory requirements, as approved by SCAQMD staff.
- 3. TACs that have a reasonable likelihood of being present in the air emissions of POTWs, based on other test results or information sources, as approved by SCAQMD staff.

Additionally, based on the specific sources of sewage for certain POTWs, specific TACs in addition to the ones identified through the above steps could be added or deleted from the list on a case-by-case basis.

Based on the special TAC list for POTWs as developed from the above procedure and subject to approval by SCAQMD staff, facilities will be required to quantify the listed compounds through

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testing or other methods approved by SCAQMD staff for inclusion in the health risk assessment. The facility will not have to test for compounds not included in the special TAC list for POTWs, and the inclusion of non-listed TACs in the health risk assessment is not required. However, if after the industry-specific list is developed and approved, the facility or the SCAQMD later discovers information that additional TACs may be present, SCAQMD staff may revise the industry-specific list and may require the facility to quantify emissions of such TACs that were previously excluded from quantification.

QUANTIFICATION OF EMISSIONS BASED ON SOURCE TEST RESULTS

The cases listed below explain the process for quantification of emissions based on the source test results.

Treatment of Test Runs Below LOD

If some test runs are below LOD, quantification of the TAC depends on the percent of the test runs and analyses that are below LOD. Three possible scenarios are discussed below. In all of these cases, all of the following three conditions must be met:

- 1. All tests should be performed using SCAQMD-approved test methods, triplicate sample runs and SCAQMD-approved detection limits. When non-detected values are reported, the actual analytical limit of detection for all runs and the number of sample runs shall be reported; and
- 2. The data from the analyses or tests were obtained within a period of two (2) years prior to the time the data is to be used by SCAQMD staff, unless the facility demonstrates to the SCAQMD's satisfaction that earlier test data remain valid due to lack of significant changes in test methods, process equipment or process materials; and
- 3. For cyclic operations or variations in feedstock, the tests or analyses conducted should be representative of the variations in loads, feed rates and seasons, if applicable. In such cases, an adequate number of test runs should be conducted for all cyclic or seasonal operations.

Case #1: TAC is not detected in any test runs or analyses

In situations in which all test runs and analyses consistently indicate levels below the LOD, the compound can be identified as "not detected" and its inclusion in the health risk assessment will not be required, provided all three conditions listed above are met.

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Case #2: TAC is detected in less than 10% of the test runs or analyses

In situations in which a compound has been detected and the percentage of samples in which it is detected is less than ten percent, and provided that all three conditions listed above are met, the following procedure shall be used to average the results:

- 1. For those runs or analyses that were below LOD, assign zero.
- 2. Average the measured values obtained for the runs that were above LOD with zero values for the runs below LOD and report the final average result for use in the risk estimation.

Case #3: TAC is detected in 10% or more of the test runs or analyses

In cases in which ten or more percent of the test runs and analyses show measured values of a TAC above the LOD, and provided that all three condition listed above are met, the following procedure shall be used to average the results:

- 1. For those runs or analysis that were below LOD, assign one half (1/2) of the corresponding LOD for each run.
- 2. Average the measured values obtained for the runs that were above LOD with 1/2 LOD values for the runs below LOD and report the final average result for use in the risk estimation.

In cases in which there are fewer than ten samples (for example, two triplicate samples have been taken) and a TAC has been detected in one or more samples, the following procedures shall be used.

- If the TAC is detected in one sample, use Case #2.
- If the TAC is detected in two or more samples, use Case #3.

Use of Reagent Blanks

Reagent blank values may be subtracted from sample values under the conditions specified below. In order to use these procedures, it will be necessary to obtain from SCAQMD staff, prior to the test or analyses, a determination as to the maximum allowable value for the blank.

If the level of the TAC in the reagent blank is less than or equal to the maximum allowable blank, the reagent blank may be subtracted. The data must be reported with and without the correction. If the level of the TAC in the reagent blank is greater than the maximum allowable blank and the concentration of the sample is greater than 3 times the reagent blank value, then the maximum allowable reagent blank value can be subtracted. The data must be reported with and without correction.

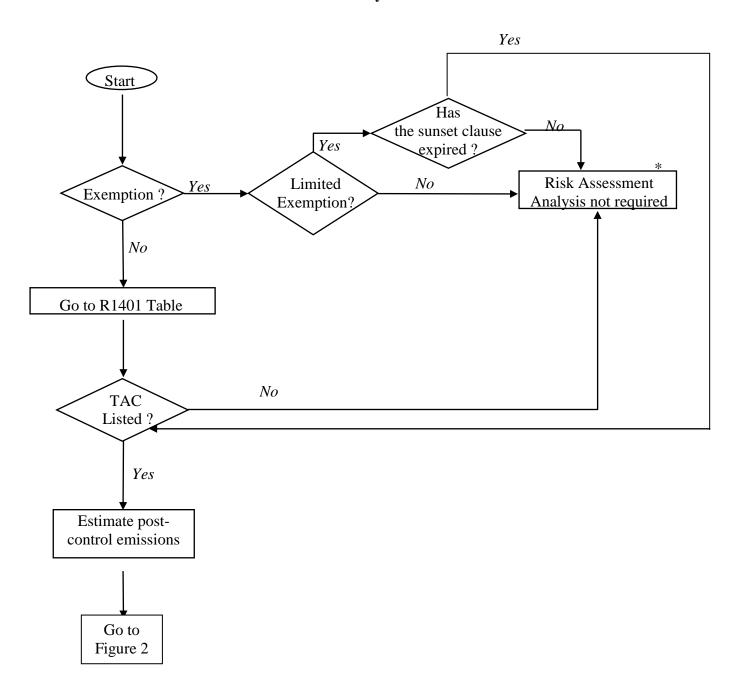
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APPENDIX IV

FLOW CHARTS AND DIAGRAMS

Note: The reader needs to ascertain the date in which the subject equipment's permit application was deemed complete. This date is used to identify the correct set of permitting tables (see Attachments) to be used for permit processing.

Figure 1 Preliminary Tasks



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^{*} Consult with SCAQMD staff for other TACs not listed in Table 1.1, which potentially endanger public health or may require a Rule 212 evaluation.

Figure 2 Tier 1 - Screening Levels

Tier 1 involves comparing emissions or source specific units from a piece of equipment to Screening Levels

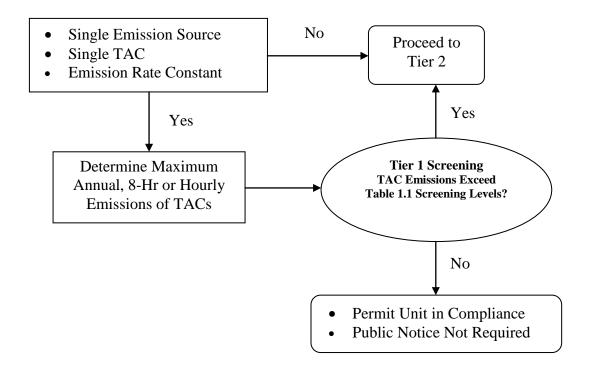
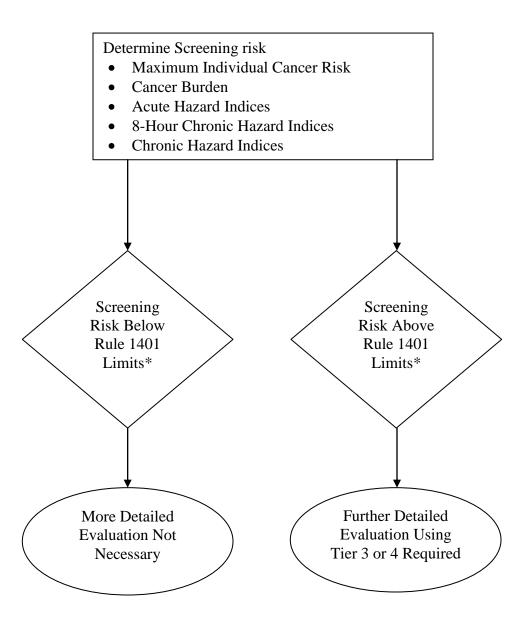


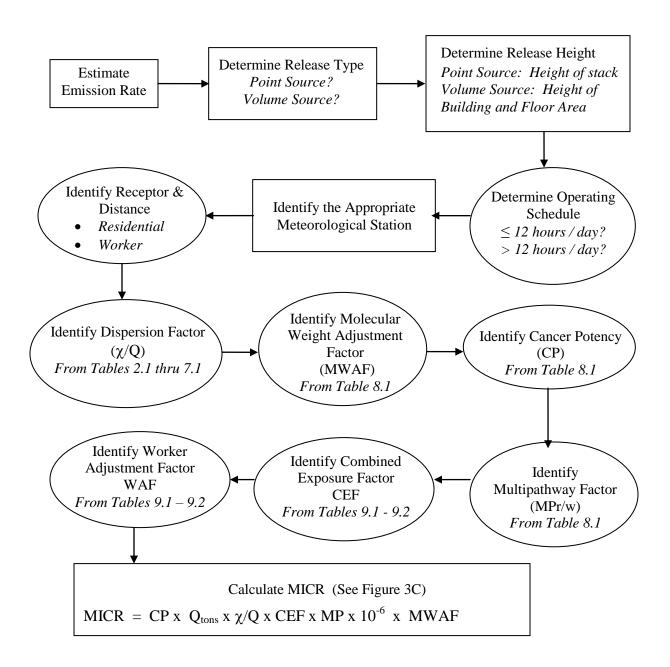
Figure 3A Tier 2 - Screening Levels

Tier 2 is a screening risk assessment, which includes procedures for determining level of risk from MICR, Cancer Burden, Acute, 8-Hour Chronic & Chronic Hazard Indices



- * Level of Concern:
 - MICR exceeds one in one million with no T-BACT
 - MICR exceeds 10 in one million with T-BACT
 - Cancer burden exceeds 0.5
 - HIA, HIC8 or HIC exceeds 1 for any target organ system

Figure 3B
Tier 2 - Maximum Individual Cancer Risk (MICR) Calculation



If MICR exceeds one in one million, cancer burden must also be estimated. (See Figure 4.)

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Figure 3C
Tier 2 - Maximum Individual Cancer Risk (MICR) Equation

MICR = CP x Q_{tons} x χ/Q x CEF x MP x 10^{-6} x MWAF

 $CP = Cancer\ Potency\ [(mg/kg-day)^{-1}]$

 $Q_{tons} = Maximum Emission Rate [tons/yr]$

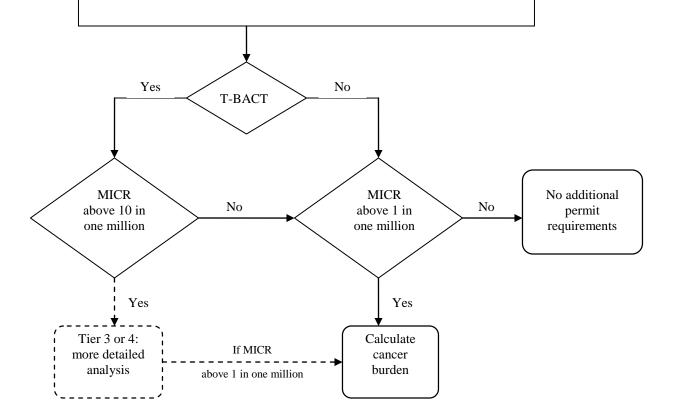
 $\chi/Q = Dispersion \ Factor [(\mu g/m^3) / (tons/yr)]$

CEF = Combined Exposure Factor (unitless)

MP = Multipathway Factor

10⁻⁶ = Conversion Factor (Micrograms to Milligrams, Liters to Cubic Meter)

MWAF = Molecular Weight Adjustment Factor



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Figure 3D Tier 2 - Dispersion Factor

Dispersion Factor (χ /Q): Numerical estimates of the amount of decrease in concentration of a contaminant as it travels away from the site of release.

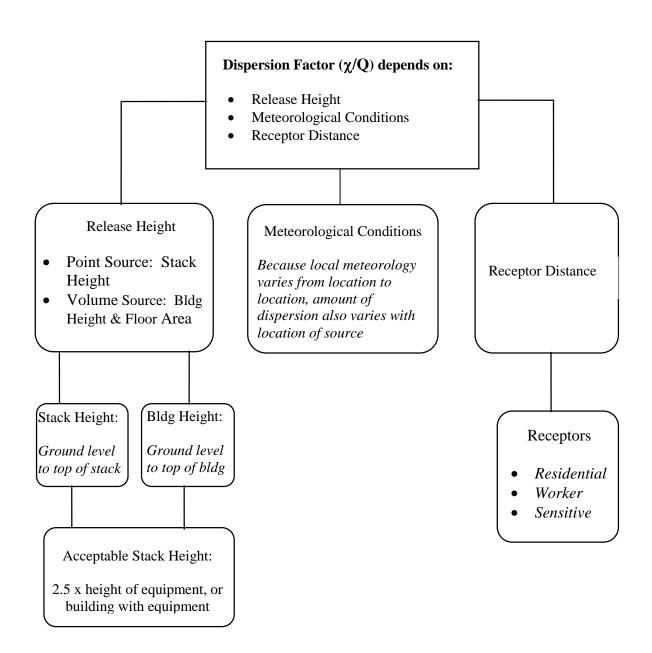
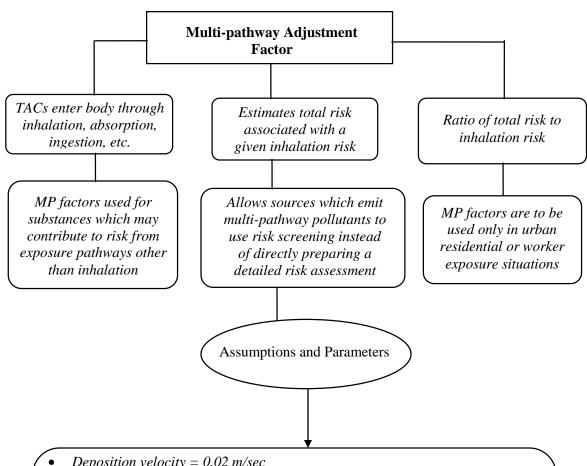


Figure 3E Tier 2 - Multi-pathway Adjustment Factor

Multi-pathway Adjustment Factor (MP)



- Deposition velocity = 0.02 m/sec
- Cancer risk based on 30-year exposure
- Pathways/sources: inhalation, ingestion of soil, dermal absorption, homegrown produce, and mother's milk
- A 'warm' climate, typical for Southern California is assumed for the dermal *exposure* pathway
- For noncancer chronic risk estimates, the "OEHHA Derived Method" risk analysis method is used.
- For residential cancer risk estimates, the "RMP (Derived) Method" risk analysis method is used. For worker cancer risk estimates, the "OEHHA Derived Method" risk analysis method is used.

Figure 3F Tier 2 - Combined Exposure Factor

Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

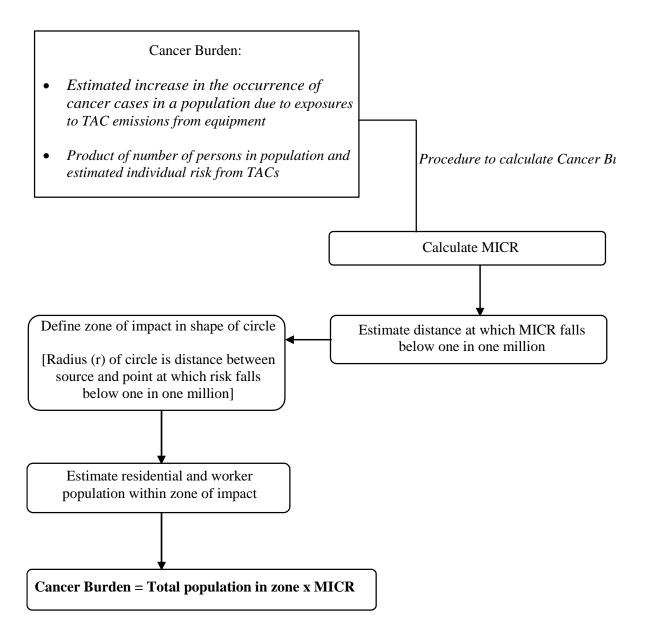
CEF

Combines default exposure parameters for:

- Daily Breathing Rate (DBR)
- Age Sensitivity Factor (ASF)
- Exposure Duration (ED)
- Fraction of Time Spent at Home (FAH)
- Exposure Frequency (EF)
- Average Time (AT)

From Tables 9.1 and 9.2

Figure 4 Cancer Burden



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Figure 5
Chronic and 8-Hour Chronic Hazard Index (HIC and HIC8)

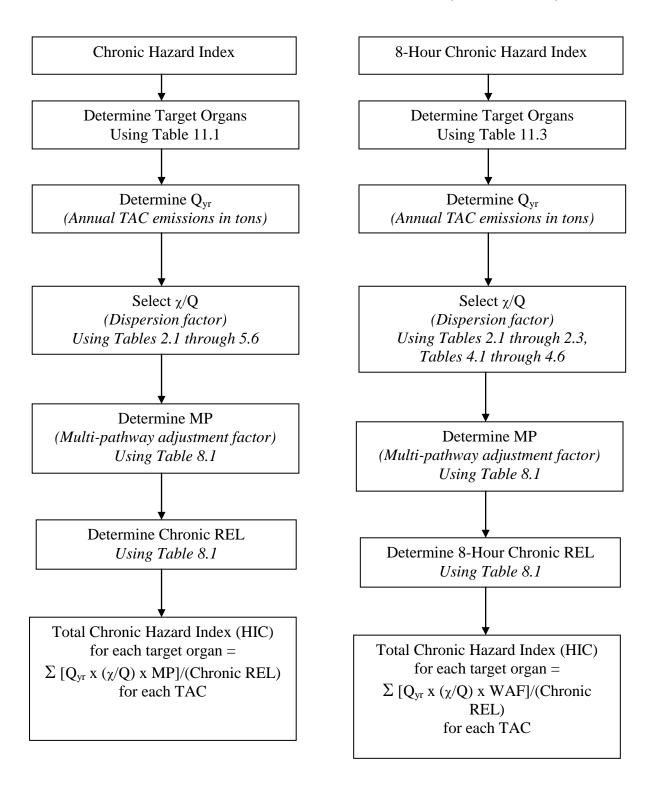
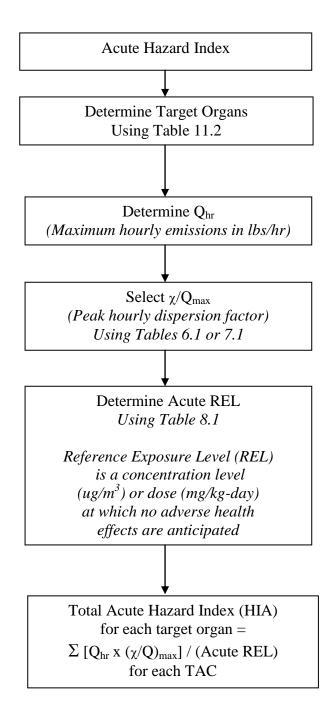


Figure 6
Acute Hazard Index (HIA)



APPENDIX V RULE 1401 EXEMPTION PROVISIONS

Exemption Provisions

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(A): Permit Renewal or Change of Ownership

Any equipment which is in continuous operation, without modification or change in operating conditions, for which a new permit to operate is required solely because of permit renewal or change of ownership.

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(B): Modification with No Increase in Risk

A modification of a permit unit that causes a reduction or no increase in the cancer burden, MICR or acute or chronic HI at any receptor location.

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(C): Functionally Identical Replacement

A permit unit replacing a functionally identical permit unit, provided there is no increase in maximum rating or increase in emissions of any toxic air contaminants. For replacement of dry cleaning permit units only, provided there is no increase in any toxic air contaminants.

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(D): Equipment Previously Exempt Under Rule 219

Equipment which previously did not require a written permit pursuant to Rule 219 that is no longer exempt, provided that the equipment was installed prior to the Rule 219 amendment eliminating the exemption and a complete application for the permit is received within one (1) year after the Rule 219 amendment removing the exemption.

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(E): Modifications to Terminate Research Projects

Modifications restoring the previous permit conditions of a permit unit, provided that: the applicant demonstrates that the previous permit conditions were modified solely for the purpose of installing innovative control equipment as part of a demonstration or investigation designed to advance the state of the art with regard to controlling emissions of toxic air contaminants; the emission reductions achieved by the demonstration project are not used for permitting any equipment with emission increases under the contemporaneous emission reduction exemption as specified in paragraph (g)(2); the demonstration project is completed within two (2) years; and a complete application is submitted no later than two (2) years after the date of issuance of the permit which modified the conditions of the previous permit for the purpose of the demonstration or investigation.

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(F): Emergency Internal Combustion Engines

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Emergency internal combustion engines that are exempted under Rule 1304.

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(G): Wood Product Stripping (Expired)

Wood product stripping permit units, provided that the risk increases due to emissions from the permit unit owned or operated by the applicant for which complete applications were submitted on or after July 10, 1998 will not exceed a MICR of 100 in one million (1.0×10^{-4}) or a total acute or chronic hazard index of five (5) at any receptor location. This exemption shall not apply to permit applications received after January 10, 2000, or sooner if the Executive Officer makes a determination that T-BACT is available to enable compliance with the requirements of paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(2) and (d)(3).

Rule 1401 (g)(1)(H): Gasoline Transfer and Dispensing Facilities (Expired)

For gasoline transfer and dispensing facilities, as defined in Rule 461 – Gasoline Transfer and Dispensing, the Executive Officer shall not, for the purposes of paragraphs (d)(1) through (d)(5), consider the risk contribution of methyl tert-butyl ether for any gasoline transfer and dispensing permit applications deemed complete on or before December 31, 2003. If the state of California extends the phase-out requirement for methyl tert-butyl ether as an oxygenate in gasoline, the limited time exemption shall be extended to that expiration date or December 31, 2004, whichever is sooner.

Rule 1401 (g)(2): Contemporaneous Risk Reduction

Simultaneous risk reduction such that an increase in MICR or HI from a equipment will be mitigated by a risk reduction from another equipment within 100 meters and the net impact on any receptor will be less than or equal to an increased MICR of 1 in 1 million or an HI of 1, provided that both applications for the increase and decrease are deemed complete together, the risk reduction occurs first, and the reduction is enforceable.

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APPENDIX VI

TIER 2 SCREENING TABLES FOR NON-COMBUSTION SOURCES FOR USE IN RULE 1401

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Introduction

The purpose of this report is to document the methods used by SCAQMD staff to estimate cancer risks from non-combustion sources. The methods are consistent with SCAQMD's risk assessment procedures for Rule 1401 and were used to update the Rule 1401 Tier 2 screening tables using AERMOD.

Emission Inventory Methods

In order to determine the appropriate emission rates to use, please contact the appropriate SCAQMD Engineering staff (http://www.aqmd.gov/contact/permitting-staff) for more information.

Exposure Modeling Methods

Air quality modeling was performed using AERMOD (American Meteorological Society/U.S. EPA Regulatory Model). As of December 9, 2006, U.S. EPA promulgated AERMOD as a replacement for ISCST3 (Industrial Source Complex – Short Term, Version 3) as the recommended dispersion model. AERMOD is a steady-state plume model that incorporates air dispersion based on planetary boundary layer turbulence structure and scaling concepts, including treatment of both surface and elevated sources, and both simple and complex terrain.

AERMOD (version 14134) was executed using the urban option, which is SCAQMD policy for all permitting in its jurisdiction. The U.S. EPA regulatory default options, with the exception of the FLAT terrain option, were implemented and the SCAQMD AERMOD-ready meteorological data was used. The County populations used are based on the 2008 estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. The Los Angeles County population was 9,862,049; Orange County population was 3,010,759; Riverside County population was 2,100,516; and San Bernardino County population was 2,015,355. SCAQMD's meteorological data is updated on a tri-annual basis and the population estimates will also be updated at that time.

For screening purposes, flat terrain was assumed. Although this is appropriate for most projects within the South Coast Air Basin, it is important to note that if complex terrain is present, the screening tables are not appropriate to be used and project-specific modeling using the elevated terrain option is recommended.

The non-combustion sources were modeled as either a point source or volume source with the parameters presented in Tables 1 and 2. Consistent with the modeling prepared for SCAQMD's risk assessment procedures for Rule 1401, building downwash effects were analyzed for point sources with a 20 meter by 30 meter building, 4 meters high.

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Table 1: Stack Parameters for Point Sources

| Source ID | Release Height (m) | Temperature (K) | Exit Velocity (m/s) | Stack Diameter (m) | |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| P1 | 4.27 | 0* | 10 | 0.3 | |
| P2 | 7.62 | 0* | 10 | 0.3 | |
| P3 | 15.24 | 0* | 10 | 0.3 | |

Note: * The temperature used in AERMOD was set to 0 K, which indicates that the ambient temperature was used in the model run.

Table 2: Stack Parameters for Volume Sources

| Source ID | Release Height (m) | Initial Lateral Dimension (m) | Initial Vertical Dimension (m) |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| V1 | 2.29 | 2.84 | 2.13 |
| V2 | 2.29 | 5.01 | 2.13 |
| V3 | 4.57 | 5.01 | 4.25 |
| V4 | 2.29 | 8.679 | 2.13 |
| V5 | 4.57 | 8.679 | 4.25 |
| V6 | 4.57 | 15.04 | 4.25 |

Modeling was performed at 27 SCAQMD meteorological stations shown in Figure 1. The locations of each of the sites are given in Table 3. The data are available on the SCAQMD website (http://www.aqmd.gov/home/library/air-quality-data-studies/meteorological-data/data-for-aermod). A polar receptor grid is assumed at ten degree azimuth increments at the following downwind distances: 25, 50, 75, 100, 200, 300, 500, and 1,000 meters.

The peak model-predicted impacts at each downwind distance over the 36 azimuth angles for each meteorological station were used to develop the attached tables.

A sample AERMOD model input file is provided in Exhibit 1.

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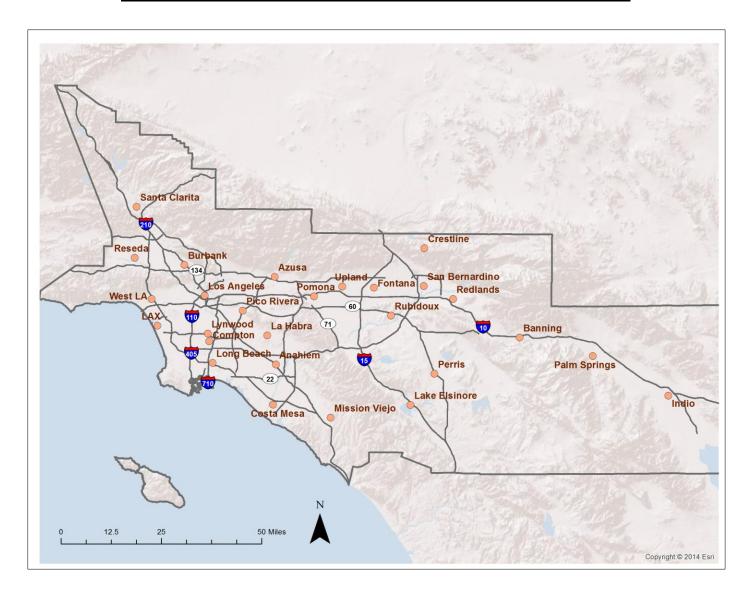


Figure 1: Meteorological Monitoring Stations in the South Coast Air Basin

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Table 3: Locations of Meteorological Stations and Elevations

| | UTM Coordinates (km) | | Lat./Long. | Coordinates | Elevation |
|----------------|----------------------|----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| Station name | Easting | Northing | Latitude | Longitude | (m) |
| Anaheim | 413.14 | 3743.57 | 33:49:50 | 117:56:19 | 41 |
| Azusa | 414.81 | 3777.47 | 34:08:11 | 117:55:26 | 182 |
| Banning | 513.10 | 3753.19 | 33:55:15 | 116:51:30 | 660 |
| Burbank | 378.62 | 3782.24 | 34:10:33 | 118:19:01 | 175 |
| Central LA | 386.79 | 3770.00 | 34:03:59 | 118:13:36 | 87 |
| Compton | 388.59 | 3751.88 | 33:54:05 | 118:12:18 | 22 |
| Costa Mesa | 414.16 | 3726.19 | 33:40:26 | 117:55:33 | 20 |
| Crestline | 474.62 | 3788.76 | 34:14:29 | 117:16:32 | 1387 |
| Fontana | 454.62 | 3773.19 | 34:06:01 | 117:29:31 | 367 |
| Indio | 572.67 | 3729.90 | 33:42:30 | 116:12:57 | -4 |
| La Habra | 411.98 | 3754.08 | 33:55:31 | 117:57:08 | 82 |
| Lake Elsinore | 469.33 | 3726.13 | 33:40:35 | 117:19:51 | 406 |
| LAX | 367.83 | 3757.80 | 33:57:15 | 118:25:49 | 42 |
| Long Beach | 389.99 | 3743.04 | 33:49:25 | 118:11:19 | 30 |
| Lynwood | 388.07 | 3754.73 | 33:55:44 | 118:12:39 | 29 |
| Mission Viejo | 437.39 | 3721.17 | 33:37:49 | 117:40:30 | 170 |
| Palm Springs | 542.46 | 3745.73 | 33:51:10 | 116:32:28 | 171 |
| Perris | 478.91 | 3738.58 | 33:47:20 | 117:13:40 | 442 |
| Pico Rivera | 401.31 | 3763.61 | 34:00:37 | 118:04:07 | 58 |
| Pomona | 430.78 | 3769.61 | 34:04:00 | 117:45:00 | 270 |
| Redlands | 486.36 | 3768.50 | 34:03:32 | 117:08:52 | 481 |
| Reseda | 358.76 | 3785.11 | 34:11:57 | 118:31:58 | 228 |
| Riverside | 461.64 | 3762.10 | 34:00:02 | 117:24:55 | 250 |
| San Bernardino | 474.76 | 3773.82 | 34:06:24 | 117:16:25 | 305 |
| Santa Clarita | 359.48 | 3805.52 | 34:23:00 | 118:31:42 | 375 |
| Upland | 441.96 | 3773.66 | 34:06:14 | 117:37:45 | 379 |
| West LA | 365.54 | 3768.52 | 34:03:02 | 118:27:24 | 97 |

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Exhibit 1: AERMOD Model Input File for Non-Combustion Sources

| CO | STARTING TITLEONE TITLETWO MODELOPT AVERTIME POLLUTID RUNORNOT ERRORFIL URBANOPT FINISHED STARTING LOCATION | 8 l CON 1 Any RUN ERI 30: | nrs/day; NC FLAT PERIOD Y N RORS.OUT | 7 days | s/we | ek; | 52 | weeks | | nah | |
|----|--|---|---|--------------|------------|------------|-----|------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| | LOCATION LOCATION LOCATION | | | | | | | | | | |
| ** | Point Sou | ırce | e Q | F | RelH | gt | Te | mp | Vel | L | Dia |
| | SRCPARAM SRCPARAM SRCPARAM | Ρ1 | 0.08 | 365 | 4. | 27 | 0 | | 10.0 |) | 0.3 |
| | SRCPARAM | P2 | 0.0 | 365 | 7. | 62 | 0 | | 10.0 |) | 0.3 |
| | SRCPARAM | Р3 | 0.08 | 365 | 15. | 24 | 0 | | 10.0 |) | 0.3 |
| SO | BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDHID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | Р1 | 4.00 | 4.(| 0.0 | 4. | 0.0 | 4. | 0.0 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P1 | 4.00 | 4.0 | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | Р1 | 4.00 | 4.0 | 0 0 | 4. | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P1 | 4.00 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 4. | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P1 | 4.00 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 4. | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P1 | 4.00 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 4. | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| SO | BUILDWID | Ρ1 | 24.91 | 29.0 |)5 | 32. | 32 | 34. | 60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P1 | 35.03 | 33.0 |)2 | 30. | 00 | 33. | 02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P1 | 35.84 | 34.6 | 50 | 32. | 32 | 29. | 05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P1 | 24.91 | 29.0 | 15 | 32. | 32 | 34. | 60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| 50 | BOILDMID | P1 | 35.03 | 33.0 | JZ : n | 30. | 22 | 33. | 02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| 30 | BUILDWID | D1 | 33.04 | 35 (| 13 | 35 | 98 | 25. | 84 | 34.91 | 32 32 |
| 30 | BUILDLEN | D1 | 29 05 | 24 |) J) 1 | 20. | 00 | 24 | 91 | 29 05 | 32.32 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | P1 | 34 60 | 35.8 | 34 | 35 | 98 | 35 | 03 | 33 02 | 30.00 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | P1 | 33.02 | 35.0 | 3 | 35. | 98 | 35. | 84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | Р1 | 29.05 | 24.9 | 91 | 20. | 00 | 24. | 91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | P1 | 34.60 | 35.8 | 3 4 | 35. | 98 | 35. | 03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| SO | XBADJ | Ρ1 | -16.51 | -17.5 | 52 | -17. | 99 | -17. | 92 - | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| SO | XBADJ | Ρ1 | -14.53 | -12.4 | 15 | -10. | 00 | -12. | 45 - | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| SO | XBADJ | P1 | -17.30 | -17.9 | 92 | -17. | 99 | -17. | 52 - | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| SO | XBADJ | P1 | -16.51 | -17.5 | 52 | -17. | 99 | -17. | 92 - | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| 50 | XBADJ | P1 | 17 20 | 17 | 10 | -1U. | 0.0 | -12. | 45 - | 16 51 | -16.16 |
| 30 | VRAD.T | D1 | 17.30 | -17. |)) () | | 00 | -17. | 00 | 0.00 | -13.00 |
| SO | YBADJ | P1 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 00 | 0. | 0.0 | 0. | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | YBADJ | P1 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 00 | 0. | 00 | 0. | 00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | YBADJ | Р1 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 00 | 0. | 00 | 0. | 00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | YBADJ | Ρ1 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0. | 00 | 0. | 00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | BUILDLEN XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ | P1 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0. | 00 | 0. | 00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SO | BUILDHGT BUILDHGT | P2 | 4.00 | 4.0 |) () | 4. | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | | 4.0 | | | 00 | 4. | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.0 | | | 00 | | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.0 | | | 00 | | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.0 | | 4. | | | 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.0 |)5 | 32. | | 34. | | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P2 | 35.03 | 33.0 |)2 | 30. | 00 | 33. | 02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.6 | 50 | 32. | | 29. | | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.0 | | 32. | | 34. | | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.0 | | 30. | | 33. | | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID BUILDLEN | | 35.84 | 34.6 | | 32. | | 29. | | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 33.02 29.05 | 35.0 24.9 | | 35. 20. | | 35. 24. | | 34.60 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.8 | | 35. | | 35. | | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.0 | | 35. | | 35. | | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.9 | | 20. | | 24. | | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.8 | | 35. | | 35. | | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| | XBADJ | P2 | -16.51 | -17.5 | | -17. | | -17. | | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| | XBADJ | P2 | -14.53 | -12.4 | | -10. | | -12. | | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| | XBADJ | Р2 | -17.30 | -17.9 | | -17. | | -17. | | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| | XBADJ | Р2 | -16.51 | -17.5 | 52 | -17. | | -17. | 92 - | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| SO | XBADJ | P2 | -14.53 | -12.4 | 15 | -10. | 00 | -12. | 45 - | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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SO XBADJ
            P2 -17.30 -17.92 -17.99 -17.52 -16.51 -15.00
                                           0.00
SO YBADJ
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SO YBADJ
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SO YBADJ
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                                  4.00
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SO BUILDHGT P3
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SO BUILDHGT P3
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                                                              4.00
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SO BUILDHGT P3
                  4.00
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SO BUILDHGT P3
                   4.00
                           4.00
                                   4.00
                                             4.00
                                                     4.00
                                                              4.00
                                          34.60 35.84 35.98
33.02 35.03 35.98
29.05 24.91 20.00
34.60 35.84 35.98
SO BUILDWID P3
SO BUILDWID P3
                 24.91
                          29.05
                                  32.32
                  35.03
                          33.02
                                   30.00
SO BUILDWID P3
                  35.84
                          34.60
                                   32.32
SO BUILDWID P3
                  24.91
                          29.05
                                   32.32
                                          33.02 35.03 35.98
29.05 24.91 20.00
35.84 34.60 32.32
24.91 29.05 32.32
35.03 33.02 30.00
SO BUILDWID P3
SO BUILDWID P3
                  35.03
                          33.02
                                  30.00
                  35.84
                          34.60
                                   32.32
SO BUILDLEN P3
SO BUILDLEN P3
                                   35.98
                  33.02
                          35.03
                  29.05
                          24.91
                                   20.00
SO BUILDLEN P3
                 34.60
                          35.84
                                  35.98
                                                   34.60 32.32
29.05 32.32
SO BUILDLEN P3
                  33.02
                          35.03
                                   35.98
                                           35.84
SO BUILDLEN F3 35.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 SO BUILDLEN F3 29.05 24.91 20.00 24.91 SO BUILDLEN F3 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 SO XBADJ F3 -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 SO XBADJ F3 -14.53 -12.45 -10.00 -12.45
                                                   33.02
                                                            30.00
                                                  -17.30 -16.16
                                                   -14.53 -16.16
SO XBADJ P3 -17.30 -17.92 -17.99 -17.52
                                                   -16.51
                                                           -15.00
SO XBADJ P3 -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16
SO XBADJ P3 -14.53 -12.45 -10.00 -12.45 -14.53 -16.16
SO XBADJ
            P3 -17.30 -17.92 -17.99 -17.52 -16.51 -15.00
                                                   0.00
                                  0.00
                                          0.00
SO YBADJ
                 0.00 0.00
           Р3
SO YBADJ
            Р3
                  0.00
                           0.00
                                    0.00
                                                     0.00
                                           0.00
                                                   0.00
                                                           0.00
SO YBADJ
            Р3
                  0.00
                         0.00
                                  0.00
SO YBADJ
            Р3
                  0.00
                           0.00
                                   0.00
                                            0.00
                                                     0.00
                                                             0.00
SO YBADJ
           P3
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                          0.00
                                  0.00
                                           0.00
                                                   0.00
                                                            0.00
SO YBADJ
            Р3
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                           0.00
                                   0.00
                                            0.00
                                                    0.00
                                                             0.00
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   URBANSRC P2
   URBANSRC P3
SO EMISFACT P1-P3 HROFDY 8*0.0 8*1.0 8*0.0
   SRCGROUP P1 P1
   SRCGROUP P2 P2
   SRCGROUP P3 P3
SO SRCGROUP ALL
SO FINISHED
RE STARTING
   GRIDPOLR POL1 STA
                         0.0 0.0
                  ORIG
                  DIST 25 50 75 100 200 300 500 1000
                  GDIR
                        36 10.0 10.0
   GRIDPOLR POL1 END
RE FINISHED
ME STARTING
  SURFFILE anah8.sfc
   PROFFILE anah8.pfl
   SURFDATA 0 2006
   UAIRDATA 3190 2006
   PROFBASE 0.0 METERS
ME FINISHED
OU STARTING
  RECTABLE 1
                      FIRST
   RECTABLE ALLAVE FIRST
   PLOTFILE 1 P1 FIRST AM1T1P1.TXT
   PLOTFILE PERIOD P1
                                 AM1T2P1.TXT
   PLOTFILE 1 P2 FIRST AM1T1P2.TXT
   PLOTFILE PERIOD P2
                                 AM1T2P2.TXT
   PLOTFILE 1 P3 FIRST AM1T1P3.TXT
   PLOTFILE PERIOD P3
                                 AM1T2P3.TXT
```

OU FINISHED

Results

Figure 2 shows the source receptor areas (SRA) within the South Coast Air Basin and Table 4 lists the appropriate meteorological station to use for each SRA.

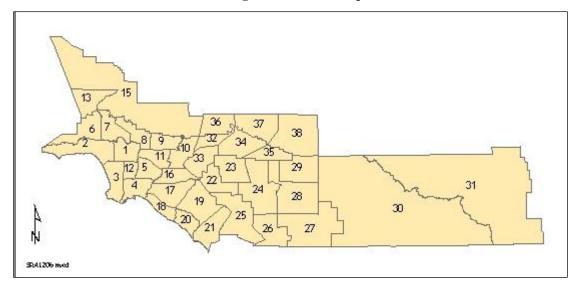


Figure 2: Source/Receptor Areas

Table 4: Meteorological Stations for Each Source/Receptor Area.

| Meteorological Station | Source/ Receptor Area | Meteorological Station | Source/ Receptor Area |
|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Anaheim | 17 | Compton/Lynwood | 12 |
| Azusa | 8, 9 | Mission Viejo | 19, 21 |
| Banning | 29 | Perris | 24, 28 |
| Burbank | 7 | Palm Springs | 30, 31 |
| Central LA | 1 | Pico Rivera | 5, 11 |
| Crestline | 37 | Pomona | 10 |
| Costa Mesa | 18, 20 | Redlands | 35, 38 |
| Fontana | 34 | Reseda | 6 |
| Indio | 30 | Riverside | 22, 23 |
| La Habra | 16 | Santa Clarita | 13, 15 |
| Lake Elsinore | 25, 26, 27 | San Bernardino | 34 |
| LAX | 3 | Upland | 32, 33, 36 |
| Long Beach | 4 | West LA | 2 |

The Tier 2 tables developed using this methodology are included in Permit Application Attachment "M" for the Risk Assessment Procedures for Rules 1401 & 212.

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APPENDIX VII

TIER 2 SCREENING TABLES
FOR COMBUSTION SOURCES
(NATURAL GAS BOILERS, NATURAL GAS INTERNAL COMBUSTION
ENGINES, DIESEL INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES)
FOR USE IN RULE 1401

SCAQMD Version 8.0

Introduction

The purpose of this report is to document the methods used by SCAQMD staff to estimate cancer risks from natural gas-fueled boilers, natural gas-fueled internal combustion engines (ICEs) and diesel-fueled ICEs. The methods are consistent with SCAQMD's risk assessment procedures for Rule 1401 and were used to update the Rule 1401 Tier 2 screening tables using AERMOD.

Emission Inventory Methods

In order to determine the appropriate/default emission rates to use for fuel combustion sources, please refer to "Supplemental Instructions, Reporting Procedures for AB2588 Facilities for Reporting their Quadrennial Air Toxics Emissions Inventory, Annual Emissions Reporting Program" (http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/planning/annual-emissionreporting/supplemental-instructions-for-ab2588-facilities.pdf) for more information.

Exposure Modeling Methods

Air quality modeling was performed using AERMOD (American Meteorological Society/U.S. EPA Regulatory Model). As of December 9, 2006, U.S. EPA promulgated AERMOD as a replacement for ISCST3 (Industrial Source Complex - Short Term, Version 3) as the recommended dispersion model. AERMOD is a steady-state plume model that incorporates air dispersion based on planetary boundary layer turbulence structure and scaling concepts, including treatment of both surface and elevated sources, and both simple and complex terrain.

AERMOD (version 14134) was executed using the urban option, which is SCAQMD policy for all permitting in its jurisdiction. The U.S. EPA regulatory defaults options, with the exception of the FLAT terrain option, were implemented and the SCAQMD AERMOD-ready meteorological data was used. The County populations used are based on the 2008 estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. The Los Angeles County population was 9,862,049; Orange County population was 3,010,759; Riverside County population was 2,100,516; and San Bernardino County population was 2,015,355. SCAQMD's meteorological data is updated on a tri-annual basis and the population estimates will also be updated at that time.

For screening purposes, flat terrain was assumed. Although this is appropriate for most projects within the South Coast Air Basin, it is important to note that if complex terrain is present, the screening tables are not appropriate to be used and project-specific modeling using the elevated terrain option is recommended.

Combustion source stacks were modeled as a point source with the stack parameters presented in Table 1. These parameters were based on the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District's modeling parameters¹. Consistent with the modeling prepared for SCAQMD's risk

¹ San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District, Draft Staff Report with Appendices for Proposed Update to District's Risk Management Policy to Address OEHHA's Revised Risk Assessment Guidance Document,

assessment procedures for Rule 1401, building downwash effects were analyzed with a 20 meter by 30 meter building, 4 meters high.

Table 1: Stack Parameters by Combustion Source Type

| Source ID | Equipment Rating | Release Height (m) | Stack Inside Diameter (m) | Gas Exit Temp. (K) | Gas Exit Velocity (m/s) | Gas Exit Flow Rate (m³/min) |
|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Gaseous | Fuel Fired (Natural Gas) Boilers | | | | | |
| B1 | 0 – 4 MMBTU/hr | 9.0 | 0.40 | 440 | 5 | 37.7 |
| B2 | 5 – 9 MMBTU/hr | 9.0 | 0.50 | 470 | 7 | 82.5 |
| В3 | 10 – 20 MMBTU/hr | 9.0 | 0.55 | 470 | 9 | 128.3 |
| B4 | 20 – 30 MMBTU/hr | 10.0 | 0.67 | 470 | 10 | 211.5 |
| B5 | 30 – 49 MMBTU/hr | 10.0 | 0.72 | 495 | 12 | 293.1 |
| В6 | 50 – 149 MMBTU/hr | 14.0 | 1.10 | 440 | 10 | 570.2 |
| В7 | 150 – 200 MMBTU/hr | 16.0 | 1.50 | 430 | 12 | 1,272.3 |
| Natural (| Gas Reciprocating Internal Comb | oustion Eng | ines | | | |
| N1 | 50 – 74 BHP | 4.0 | 0.07 | 850 | 40 | 9.2 |
| N2 | 75 – 149 BHP | 4.0 | 0.08 | 850 | 65 | 19.6 |
| N3 | 150 – 249 BHP | 4.0 | 0.14 | 890 | 55 | 50.8 |
| N4 | 250 – 999 BHP | 5.0 | 0.19 | 820 | 60 | 102.1 |
| N5 | 1,000 BHP | 7.0 | 0.35 | 750 | 65 | 375.2 |
| Diesel Re | eciprocating Internal Combustion | Engines | | | | |
| D1 | 50 – 174 BHP | 3.0 | 0.09 | 760 | 65 | 24.8 |
| D2 | 175 – 299 BHP | 3.0 | 0.12 | 760 | 55 | 37.3 |
| D3 | 300 – 399 BHP | 3.0 | 0.13 | 760 | 80 | 63.7 |
| D4 | 400 – 599 BHP | 3.0 | 0.15 | 770 | 90 | 95.4 |
| D5 | 600 – 1,149 BHP | 4.0 | 0.17 | 800 | 160 | 217.9 |

Modeling was performed at 27 SCAQMD meteorological stations shown in Figure 1. The locations of each of the sites are given in Table 2. The data are available on the SCAQMD website (http://www.aqmd.gov/home/library/air-quality-data-studies/meteorological-data/data-for-aermod). A polar receptor grid is assumed at ten degree azimuth increments at the following downwind distances: 25, 50, 75, 100, 200, 300, 500, and 1,000 meters.

The peak model-predicted impacts at each downwind distance over the 36 azimuth angles for each meteorological station were used to develop the attached tables.

A sample AERMOD model input file is given in Exhibit 1.

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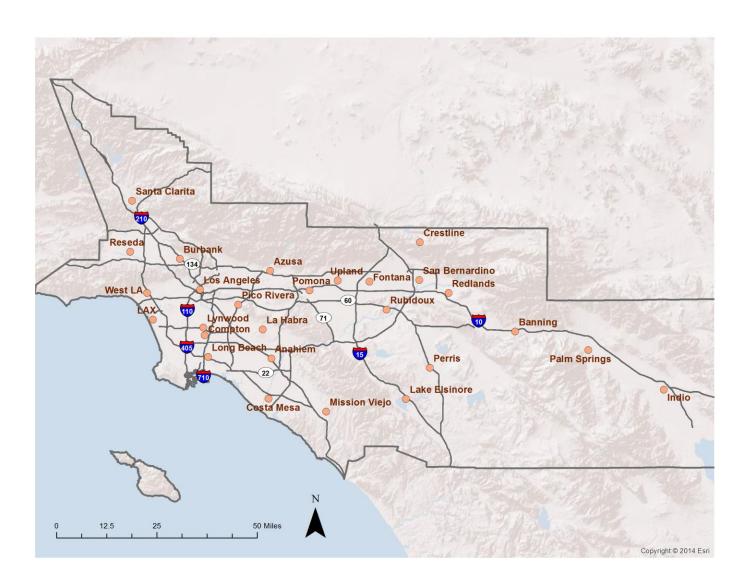


Figure 1: Meteorological Monitoring Stations in the South Coast Air Basin

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Table 2: Locations of Meteorological Stations and Elevations

| | UTM Coordinates (km) | | Lat./Long. | Coordinates | Elevation |
|----------------|----------------------|----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| Station name | Easting | Northing | Latitude | Longitude | (m) |
| Anaheim | 413.14 | 3743.57 | 33:49:50 | 117:56:19 | 41 |
| Azusa | 414.81 | 3777.47 | 34:08:11 | 117:55:26 | 182 |
| Banning | 513.10 | 3753.19 | 33:55:15 | 116:51:30 | 660 |
| Burbank | 378.62 | 3782.24 | 34:10:33 | 118:19:01 | 175 |
| Central LA | 386.79 | 3770.00 | 34:03:59 | 118:13:36 | 87 |
| Compton | 388.59 | 3751.88 | 33:54:05 | 118:12:18 | 22 |
| Costa Mesa | 414.16 | 3726.19 | 33:40:26 | 117:55:33 | 20 |
| Crestline | 474.62 | 3788.76 | 34:14:29 | 117:16:32 | 1387 |
| Fontana | 454.62 | 3773.19 | 34:06:01 | 117:29:31 | 367 |
| Indio | 572.67 | 3729.90 | 33:42:30 | 116:12:57 | -4 |
| La Habra | 411.98 | 3754.08 | 33:55:31 | 117:57:08 | 82 |
| Lake Elsinore | 469.33 | 3726.13 | 33:40:35 | 117:19:51 | 406 |
| LAX | 367.83 | 3757.80 | 33:57:15 | 118:25:49 | 42 |
| Long Beach | 389.99 | 3743.04 | 33:49:25 | 118:11:19 | 30 |
| Lynwood | 388.07 | 3754.73 | 33:55:44 | 118:12:39 | 29 |
| Mission Viejo | 437.39 | 3721.17 | 33:37:49 | 117:40:30 | 170 |
| Palm Springs | 542.46 | 3745.73 | 33:51:10 | 116:32:28 | 171 |
| Perris | 478.91 | 3738.58 | 33:47:20 | 117:13:40 | 442 |
| Pico Rivera | 401.31 | 3763.61 | 34:00:37 | 118:04:07 | 58 |
| Pomona | 430.78 | 3769.61 | 34:04:00 | 117:45:00 | 270 |
| Redlands | 486.36 | 3768.50 | 34:03:32 | 117:08:52 | 481 |
| Reseda | 358.76 | 3785.11 | 34:11:57 | 118:31:58 | 228 |
| Riverside | 461.64 | 3762.10 | 34:00:02 | 117:24:55 | 250 |
| San Bernardino | 474.76 | 3773.82 | 34:06:24 | 117:16:25 | 305 |
| Santa Clarita | 359.48 | 3805.52 | 34:23:00 | 118:31:42 | 375 |
| Upland | 441.96 | 3773.66 | 34:06:14 | 117:37:45 | 379 |
| West LA | 365.54 | 3768.52 | 34:03:02 | 118:27:24 | 97 |

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Exhibit 1: AERMOD Model Input File for Combustion Sources

| | | PERIOD IY IN | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|---|---|--|----------------------|--|
| | STARTING LOCATION D1 LOCATION D3 LOCATION D5 LOCATION D5 LOCATION N1 LOCATION N2 LOCATION N3 LOCATION N5 LOCATION N5 LOCATION N5 LOCATION B1 LOCATION B2 LOCATION B3 LOCATION B3 LOCATION B5 LOCATION B5 LOCATION B6 LOCATION B6 LOCATION B7 | POINT 0 | .0 0.0 .0 0.0 | 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 | | | | |
| ** | POINT SOURC | E Q | RELHGT | TEMP | VEL | DIA | | |
| ** | SRCPARAM D1 SRCPARAM D2 SRCPARAM D3 SRCPARAM D4 SRCPARAM D1 SRCPARAM N2 SRCPARAM N3 SRCPARAM N5 SRCPARAM N5 SRCPARAM N5 SRCPARAM B1 SRCPARAM B2 SRCPARAM B3 SRCPARAM B3 SRCPARAM B4 SRCPARAM B5 SRCPARAM B5 SRCPARAM B6 SRCPARAM B7 | 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 0.0865 | 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 10.0 10.0 14.0 | 760 760 760 770 800 850 850 890 820 750 440 470 470 470 495 440 430 | 65.0 55.0 80.0 90.0 160.0 40.0 65.0 55.0 60.0 65.0 7.0 9.0 10.0 12.0 10.0 | 0.09 0.12 0.13 0.15 0.17 0.07 0.08 0.14 0.19 0.35 0.40 0.50 0.55 0.67 0.72 1.10 | | |
| | BUILDHGT DI BUILDWID DI BUILDWID DI BUILDWID DI BUILDWID DI BUILDWID DI BUILDWID DI BUILDLEN DI XBADJ DI XBADJ DI XBADJ DI XBADJ DI XBADJ DI XBADJ DI YBADJ DI YBADJ DI | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 35.98 35.98 20.00 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 -16.16 -16.16 -15.00 -16.16 -15.00 0.00 0.00 |

| YBADJ | D1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|----------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| YBADJ | D1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | D1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| BUILDHGT | D2 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDWID | D2 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID | | 24.91 35.03 | 29.05 33.02 | 32.32 30.00 | 34.60 33.02 | 35.84 35.03 | 35.98 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | | 33.02 29.05 | 35.03 24.91 | 35.98 20.00 | 35.84 24.91 | 34.60 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| XBADJ | D2 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | D2 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | -12.45 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ XBADJ | D2 D2 | -17.30 -16.51 | -17.92 -17.52 | -17.99 -17.99 | -17.52 -17.92 | -16.51 -17.30 | -15.00 -16.16 |
| XBADJ | D2 D2 | -14.53 | -17.32 | -10.00 | -17.92 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | D2 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| YBADJ | D2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ YBADJ | D2 D2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | D2 D2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | D2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | D2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| BUILDHGT | D3 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT BUILDWID | | 4.00 24.91 | 4.00 29.05 | 4.00 32.32 | 4.00 34.60 | 4.00 35.84 | 4.00 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID | | 35.03 35.84 | 33.02 34.60 | 30.00 32.32 | 33.02 29.05 | 35.03 24.91 | 35.98 20.00 |
| BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | D3 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | | 33.02 29.05 | 35.03 24.91 | 35.98 20.00 | 35.84 24.91 | 34.60 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| XBADJ | D3 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | D3 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | -12.45 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | D3 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| XBADJ XBADJ | D3 D3 | -16.51 -14.53 | -17.52 -12.45 | -17.99 -10.00 | -17.92 -12.45 | -17.30 -14.53 | -16.16 -16.16 |
| XBADJ | D3 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | -14.55 | -15.00 |
| YBADJ | D3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | D3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ YBADJ | D3 D3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | D3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | D3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| חוודו חטכייי | D/I | 4 00 | 4 00 | 4 00 | 4 00 | 4 00 | 4 00 |
| BUILDHGT BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT BUILDWID | | 4.00 24.91 | 4.00 29.05 | 4.00 32.32 | 4.00 34.60 | 4.00 35.84 | 4.00 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | D4 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID | | 35.03 35.84 | 33.02 34.60 | 30.00 32.32 | 33.02 29.05 | 35.03 24.91 | 35.98 20.00 |
| BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | D4 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | D4 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| CMOMD | | | | \/11 | _ 6 | | |

| _ | `AOMD | | VII _ 7 | 1.00 | |
|---|----------------------------------|------------|---|----------------|--|
| | BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT | N2 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 | |
| | DIITI DUCE | NI? | | 4 00 | |
| | YBADJ | N1 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | |
| | YBADJ YBADJ | N1 N1 | $egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| | | N1 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | |
| | YBADJ | N1 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | YBADJ | N1 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | |
| | | N1 N1 | -14.53 -12.45 -10.00 -12.45 -14.53 -16.16 -17.30 -17.92 -17.99 -17.52 -16.51 -15.00 | | |
| | XBADJ | N1 | -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16 | -17.30 | |
| | | N1 | -17.30 -17.92 -17.99 -17.52 -16.51 -15.00 | | |
| | XBADJ XBADJ | N1 N1 | -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16 -14.53 -12.45 -10.00 -12.45 -14.53 -16.16 | | |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 33.02 30.00 | 33.02 | |
| | BUILDLEN | | | 29.05 | |
| | BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | | 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 33.02 30.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 | 33.02 34 60 | |
| | BUILDLEN | N1 | 29.05 24.91 20.00 24.91 29.05 32.32 | 29.05 | |
| | BUILDLEN | | 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 | 34.60 | |
| | BUILDWID BUILDWID | | | | |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 29.05 32.32 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 33.02 30.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 | | |
| | BUILDWID | N1 | 35.84 34.60 32.32 29.05 24.91 20.00 | 24.91 | |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.03 33.02 30.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 | | |
| | BUILDHGT BUILDWID | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 24.91 29.05 32.32 34.60 35.84 35.98 | | |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | | |
| | BUILDHGT | N1 | 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 | 4.00 | |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | | |
| | BUILDHGT BUILDHGT | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | YBADJ | D5 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| | YBADJ YBADJ | D5 D5 | | | |
| | YBADJ YBADJ | D5 D5 | $egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| | YBADJ | D5 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | |
| | YBADJ | D5 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | XBADJ XBADJ | D5 D5 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| | XBADJ | D5 | -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16 | | |
| | XBADJ | D5 | -17.30 -17.92 -17.99 -17.52 -16.51 -15.00 | -16.51 | |
| | XBADJ | D5 D5 | -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16 -14.53 -12.45 -10.00 -12.45 -14.53 -16.16 | | |
| | BUILDLEN XBADJ | D5 D5 | 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 33.02 30.00 -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16 | | |
| | BUILDLEN | | 29.05 24.91 20.00 24.91 29.05 32.32 | | |
| | BUILDLEN | D5 | 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 | 34.60 | |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 33.02 30.00 | | |
| | BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | | 35.03 33.02 30.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 29.05 24.91 20.00 24.91 29.05 32.32 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 33.02 30.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 29.05 24.91 20.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 29.05 24.91 20.00 24.91 29.05 32.32 | | |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.84 34.60 32.32 29.05 24.91 20.00 | | |
| | BUILDWID | D5 | 35.03 33.02 30.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 | 35.03 | |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 29.05 32.32 25.03 24.91 20.00 | | |
| | BUILDWID BUILDWID | | 35.03 33.02 30.00 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 29.05 24.91 20.00 | 35.03 24 91 | |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 29.05 32.32 34.60 35.84 35.98 | 35.84 | |
| | BUILDHGT | D5 | | | |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 | |
| | BUILDHGT BUILDHGT | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | | |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | | |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 | | |
| | 111100 | <i>D</i> 1 | | 0.00 | |
| | YBADJ YBADJ | D4 D4 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| | YBADJ | D4 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | |
| | YBADJ | D4 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | YBADJ | D4 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | |
| | XBADJ YBADJ | D4 D4 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| | XBADJ YBADJ | D4 D4 | -14.53 -12.45 -10.00 -12.45 -14.53 -16.16 | | |
| | XBADJ | D4 | -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16 | -17.30 | |
| | XBADJ | D4 D4 | -17.30 -17.92 -17.99 -17.52 -16.51 -15.00 | | |
| | XBADJ XBADJ | D4 D4 | -16.51 -17.52 -17.99 -17.92 -17.30 -16.16 -14.53 -12.45 -10.00 -12.45 -14.53 -16.16 | | |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 35.84 35.98 35.03 33.02 30.00 | | |
| | BUILDLEN | D4 | 29.05 24.91 20.00 24.91 29.05 32.32 | 29.05 | |
| | BUILDLEN | D4 | 33.02 35.03 35.98 35.84 34.60 32.32 | 34.60 | |
| | | | | | |

| BUILDHGT | NI2 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| | | | 4.00 | | | | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | N2 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | N2 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDWID | N2 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | N2 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | N2 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| BUILDLEN | | | | 35.98 | | | |
| | | 33.02 | 35.03 | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| XBADJ | N2 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N2 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | -12.45 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N2 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| XBADJ | N2 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N2 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | -12.45 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N2 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| YBADJ | N2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | N2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | N2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | N2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | N2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | | | | | | | |
| YBADJ | N2 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | N3 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | N3 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | N3 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | N3 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDWID | N3 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUILDLEN | | | 35.03 | | | 34.60 | |
| | | 33.02 | | 35.98 | 35.84 | | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| BUILDLEN | N3 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| XBADJ | N3 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N3 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | -12.45 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N3 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| XBADJ | N3 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N3 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | -12.45 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| XBADJ | N3 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | -16.51 | -15.00 |
| YBADJ | N3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | N3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | N3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | N3 | 0.00 | | | | | 0.00 |
| YBADJ | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| YBADJ | N3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| YBADJ | N3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | 27.4 | | | | | | |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | N4 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | N4 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDHGT | N4 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUILDWID | N4 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| | 27.4 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID | N4 | 33.03 | | 20 20 | 29.05 | | 20.00 |
| | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | | | |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID | N4 | 35.84 | | 32.32 | 34.60 | | |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID | N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 30.00 | 34.60 33.02 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID | N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 | 29.05 33.02 | 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 | 35.84 35.03 | 35.98 35.98 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID | N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 35.03 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 35.98 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 35.03 24.91 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 35.98 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 32.32 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 35.03 24.91 35.84 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 35.98 20.00 35.98 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 -16.51 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 -17.52 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.92 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 -17.30 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 -16.16 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN XBADJ XBADJ | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 -16.51 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 -17.52 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.92 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 -17.30 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 -16.16 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN XBADJ XBADJ | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 -16.51 -14.53 -17.30 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 35.03 24.91 35.84 -17.52 -12.45 -17.92 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.92 -12.45 -17.52 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 -17.30 -14.53 -16.51 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 30.00 -16.16 -15.00 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN XBADJ XBADJ | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 -16.51 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 -17.52 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.92 -12.45 -17.52 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 -17.30 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 30.00 -16.16 -15.00 |
| BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN XBADJ XBADJ | N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N4 N | 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 -16.51 -14.53 -17.30 | 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 35.03 24.91 35.84 -17.52 -12.45 -17.92 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.92 -12.45 -17.52 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 -17.30 -14.53 -16.51 | 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 30.00 -16.16 -16.16 -15.00 |

| | XBADJ | N4 | -14.53 | | -10.00 | | | |
|----|----------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | XBADJ | N4 | -17.30 | | -17.99 | | | |
| | YBADJ | N4 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | |
| | YBADJ | N4 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | YBADJ YBADJ | N4 N4 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | YBADJ | N4 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | YBADJ | N4 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | BUILDHGT | N5 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | N5 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ${\tt BUILDHGT}$ | N5 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDWID BUILDWID | | 24.91 35.03 | 29.05 33.02 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 | 35.84 35.03 | 35.98 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32 32 | 29 05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 34.60 33.02 29.05 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | N5 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | BUILDLEN | N5 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | |
| | BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | | 29.05 34.60 | 24.91 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 35.98 20.00 | 35.84 24.91 35.03 | 29.05 33.02 | 32.32 30.00 |
| | XBADJ | N5 | -16.51 | -17.52 | _17 99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | |
| | XBADJ | N5 | | -12.45 | | | -14.53 | |
| | XBADJ | N5 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | | |
| | XBADJ | N5 | -16.51 | -17.52 | | | -17.30 | |
| | XBADJ | N5 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | -12.45 | -14.53 | -16.16 |
| | XBADJ | N5 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | | -15.00 |
| | YBADJ | N5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | |
| | YBADJ | N5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | YBADJ | N5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | YBADJ YBADJ | N5 N5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | YBADJ | N5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | BUILDHGT | B1 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | B1 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT BUILDWID | | 4.00 24.91 | 4.00 29.05 | 4.00 | 4.00 34.60 | 4.00 35.84 | 4.00 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | B1 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | B1 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 33.02 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| | BUILDLEN BUILDLEN | | 33.02 29.05 | 35.03 24.91 | 35.98 20.00 | 35.84 24.91 | 34.60 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 |
| | XBADJ | B1 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | | -17.30 | |
| | XBADJ | B1 | | -12.45 | | -12.45 | | -16.16 |
| | | B1 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | -17.52 | | -15.00 |
| | | B1 | | -17.52 | | | -17.30 | |
| | | B1 | | -12.45 | | | -14.53 | |
| | | B1 | -17.30 | -17.92 | | -17.52 | | -15.00 |
| | | B1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| | | B1 B1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | B1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | | B1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | YBADJ | B1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | | | | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDHGT BUILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | | 35.98 |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | | |
| | BUILDWID | | 35.84 | 33.02 34.60 | 32.32 30.00 32.32 | 33.02 29.05 | 24.91 | 35.98 20.00 |
| | BUILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | | 35.98 |
| | | | | | ١,,,, | 0 | | |
| ١, | CMOA: | | | | VII | - 9 | | |

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| | BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN BUILDLEN XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ YBADJ YBADJ | B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B | 29.05 34.60 -16.51 -14.53 -17.30 -16.51 -14.53 -17.30 0.00 | 35.84 35.03 24.91 35.84 -17.52 -12.45 -17.92 -17.52 -12.45 -17.92 0.00 | 35.98 20.00 35.98 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 0.00 | 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.92 -12.45 -17.52 -17.92 -12.45 -17.52 0.00 | 24.91 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 -17.30 -14.53 -16.51 -17.30 -14.53 -16.51 0.00 | 30.00 -16.16 -16.16 -15.00 -16.16 -16.16 -15.00 0.00 | |
|----|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| | YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ | B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDHGT BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDWID BUILDLEN BUILDHGT BUILDHGN BUILDHGT BUI | B3 B | 4.00 4.00 4.00 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 -16.51 -14.53 -17.30 -16.51 -14.53 -17.30 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 35.03 24.91 35.84 -17.52 -12.45 -17.92 0.00 0.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 32.32 30.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.52 -17.52 -17.52 -17.52 -17.52 0.00 0.00 | 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 -17.30 -14.53 -16.51 -17.30 -14.53 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 35.98 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 -16.16 -15.00 -16.16 -15.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | |
| | XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ XBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ YBADJ | B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B4 B | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 24.91 35.03 35.84 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 -16.51 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 29.05 33.02 34.60 29.05 33.02 34.60 35.03 24.91 35.84 35.84 -17.52 -12.45 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 32.32 30.00 32.32 35.98 20.00 35.98 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 -10.00 -17.99 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 34.60 33.02 29.05 34.60 33.02 29.05 35.84 24.91 35.03 -17.92 -12.45 -17.52 -17.52 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | -14.53 -16.51 -17.30 -14.53 -16.51 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 | 4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 35.98 35.98 20.00 35.98 20.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 32.32 32.32 30.00 -16.16 -15.00 -16.16 | |
| 21 | CMOAC | | | | VII. | _ 10 | | | |

| VD | A D T | D/ | 0.00 | 0 00 | 0 00 | 0 00 | 0 00 | 0 00 |
|-------|------------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 184 | ADJ | В4 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.84 24.91 | 34.60 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 35.84 | 20.00 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 34.60 33.02 | 35.04 | 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUI | ILDLEN | В5 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 35.98 35.98 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 35.03 | 35.98 35.98 | 35.03 35.84 | 33.02 34.60 | 30.00 |
| | ILDLEN ILDLEN | | 33.02 29.05 34.60 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 20.00 | 24.91 35.03 -17.92 | 33.02 | |
| XBA | ADJ | В5 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | | |
| | ADJ | В5 | -14.53 | -12.45 | -10.00 | | -14.53 | |
| | ADJ | B5 | -17.30 | -17.92 | | | -16.51 | |
| | ADJ ADJ | B5 B5 | -16.51 -14.53 | -17.52 -12.45 | -17.99 -10.00 | -17.92 -12.45 | | -16.16 -16.16 |
| | ADJ | B5 | -17.30 | -17.92 | -17.99 | | | -15.00 |
| YBA | ADJ | В5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | ADJ | B5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | ADJ ADJ | B5 B5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | ADJ | в5 В5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | |
| | ADJ | B5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | | 0.00 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| BUI | ILDHGT | В6 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDWID | | 24.91 35.03 | 29.05 33.02 | 32.32 | 34.60 33.02 | 35.84 35.03 | 35.98 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | ILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| BUI | ILDWID | В6 | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | ILDLEN ILDLEN | | 33.02 29.05 | 35.03 24.91 | 35.98 20.00 | 35.84 24.91 | 34.60 29.05 | 32.32 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 | | 30.00 |
| | ILDLEN | | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 | 35.03 -17.92 | | |
| | ADJ ADJ | В6 В6 | -16.51 -14.53 | -17.52 -12.45 | -17.99 | -17.92 | | |
| | ADJ | В6 | -17.30 | -17.92 | | -17.52 | | -15.00 |
| XBA | ADJ | В6 | -16.51 | -17.52 | -17.99 | -17.92 | -17.30 | -16.16 |
| | | В6 | | | | | -14.53 | |
| | ADJ ADJ | В6 В6 | -17.30 0.00 | -17.92 0.00 | -17.99 0.00 | -17.52 0.00 | -16.51 0.00 | -15.00 0.00 |
| | ADJ | В6 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | ADJ | В6 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | ADJ | В6 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | ADJ | B6 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| YBA | ADJ | В6 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| BUI | ILDHGT | В7 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDHGT | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| | ILDWID | | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 | 34.60 | 35.84 | 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.03 | 33.02 | 30.00 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| | ILDWID | | 24.91 35.03 | 29.05 33.02 | 32.32 30.00 | 34.60 33.02 | 35.84 35.03 | 35.98 35.98 |
| | ILDWID | | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 |
| BUI | ILDLEN | В7 | 33.02 | 35.03 | 35.98 | 35.84 | 34.60 | 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN ILDLEN | | 34.60 33.02 | 35.84 35.03 | 35.98 35.98 | 35.03 35.84 | 33.02 34.60 | 30.00 32.32 |
| | ILDLEN | | 29.05 | 24.91 | 20.00 | 24.91 | 29.05 | 32.32 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| sC:A(| QMD | | | | VII | – 11 | | |

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BUILDLEN B7
                             34.60
                                     35.84
                                               35.98
                                                        35.03
                                                                  33.02
                                                                            30 00
   XBADJ
           В7
                            -16.51
                                     -17.52
                                               -17.99
                                                        -17.92
                                                                 -17.30
                                                                            -16.16
                                                        -12.45
   XBADIT
            B7
                           -14.53 -12.45
-17.30 -17.92
                                               -10.00
                                                                 -14 53
                                                                            -16 16
   XBADJ
            В7
                                               -17.99
                                                        -17.52
                                                                 -16.51
                                                                            -15.00
   XBADJ
            В7
                           -16.51
                                    -17.52
                                               -17.99
                                                        -17.92
                                                                 -17.30
                                                                            -16.16
   XBADJ
            В7
                            -14.53
                                     -12.45
                                               -10.00
                                                        -12.45
                                                                  -14.53
                                                                            -16.16
                                    1/.92
0.00
0 ^
                                                                           0.00
                           -17.30 -17.92
   XBADJ
            В7
                                               -17.99
                                                        -17.52
                                                                 -16.51
                                               0.00
                            YBADJ
            В7
                                                                   0.00
   YBADJ
            В7
                                                                    0.00
   YBADJ
            B7
                                                                    0.00
                                                                              0.00
                                                                    0.00 0.00
0.00 0.00
0.00 0.00
   YBADJ
            в7
   YBADJ
            В7
                                                                    0.00
          в7
   YBADJ
                                                                   0.00
   HRBANSRC D1
   URBANSRC D2
   URBANSEC D3
   URBANSRC D4
   URBANSEC D5
   URBANSRC N1
   URBANSEC N2
   URBANSRC N3
   URBANSRC N4
   URBANSRC N5
   URBANSRC B1
   URBANSRC B2
   URBANSRC B3
   URBANSRC B4
   URBANSRC B5
   URBANSRC B6
   URBANSRC B7
SO EMISFACT D1-D5 HROFDY 8*0.0 8*1.0 8*0.0 SO EMISFACT N1-N5 HROFDY 8*0.0 8*1.0 8*0.0 SO EMISFACT B1-B7 HROFDY 8*0.0 8*1.0 8*0.0
   SRCGROUP D1 D1
   SRCGROUP D2 D2
   SRCGROUP D3 D3
   SRCGROUP D4
                  D4
   SRCGROUP D5
                  D5
   SRCGROUP N1
                  N1
   SRCGROUP N2
                  N2
   SRCGROUP N3
                  Ν3
   SRCGROUP N4 N4
   SRCGROUP N5
                  N5
   SRCGROUP B1
   SRCGROUP B2
                  В2
   SRCGROUP B3
   SRCGROUP B4
                  В4
   SRCGROUP B5 B5
   SRCGROUP B6 B6
   SRCGROUP B7 B7
SO FINISHED
RE STARTING
   GRIDPOLR POL1 STA
              ORIG
                         0.0 0.0
                 DIST 25 50 75 100 200 300 500 1000
                 GDIR 36 10.0 10.0
   GRIDPOLR POL1 END
RE FINISHED
ME STARTING
   SURFFILE ANAH8.SFC
   PROFFILE ANAH8.PFL
   SURFDATA 0 2006
   UAIRDATA 3190 2006
   PROFBASE 0.0 METERS
ME FINISHED
OU STARTING
   RECTABLE 1
   RECTABLE ALLAVE FIRST
   PLOTFILE 1 D1 FIRST AM1T1D1.TXT
PLOTFILE PERIOD D1 AM1T2D1.TXT
PLOTFILE 1 D2 FIRST AM1T1D2.TXT
   PLOTFILE PERIOD D2 AM1T2D2.TXT
   PLOTFILE 1 D3 FIRST AM1T1D3.TX
PLOTFILE PERIOD D3 AM1T2D3.TXT
              1 D3 FIRST AM1T1D3.TXT
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| | PLOTFILE | 1 D4 FIRST AM1T1D4.TXT |
|----|----------|------------------------|
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD D4 AM1T2D4.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 D5 FIRST AM1T1D5.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD D5 AM1T2D5.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 N1 FIRST AM1T1N1.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD N1 AM1T2N1.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 N2 FIRST AM1T1N2.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD N2 AM1T2N2.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 N3 FIRST AM1T1N3.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD N3 AM1T2N3.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 N4 FIRST AM1T1N4.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD N4 AM1T2N4.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 N5 FIRST AM1T1N5.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD N5 AM1T2N5.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 B1 FIRST AM1T1B1.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD B1 AM1T2B1.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 B2 FIRST AM1T1B2.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD B2 AM1T2B2.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 B3 FIRST AM1T1B3.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD B3 AM1T2B3.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 B4 FIRST AM1T1B4.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD B4 AM1T2B4.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 B5 FIRST AM1T1B5.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD B5 AM1T2B5.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 B6 FIRST AM1T1B6.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD B6 AM1T2B6.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | 1 B7 FIRST AM1T1B7.TXT |
| | PLOTFILE | PERIOD B7 AM1T2B7.TXT |
| OU | FINISHED | |
| | | |

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Results

Figure 2 shows the source receptor areas (SRA) within the South Coast Air Basin and Table 3 lists the appropriate meteorological station to use for each SRA.

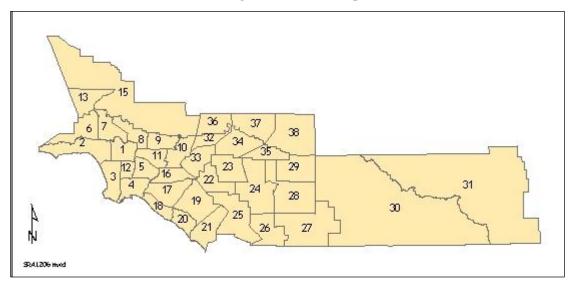


Figure 2: Source/Receptor Areas

Table 3: Meteorological Stations for Each Source/Receptor Area.

| Meteorological Station | Source/ Receptor Area | Meteorological Station | Source/ Receptor Area |
|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Anaheim | 17 | Compton/Lynwood | 12 |
| Azusa | 8, 9 | Mission Viejo | 19, 21 |
| Banning | 29 | Perris | 24, 28 |
| Burbank | 7 | Palm Springs | 30, 31 |
| Central LA | 1 | Pico Rivera | 5, 11 |
| Crestline | 37 | Pomona | 10 |
| Costa Mesa | 18, 20 | Redlands | 35, 38 |
| Fontana | 34 | Reseda | 6 |
| Indio | 30 | Riverside | 22, 23 |
| La Habra | 16 | Santa Clarita | 13, 15 |
| Lake Elsinore | 25, 26, 27 | San Bernardino | 34 |
| LAX | 3 | Upland | 32, 33, 36 |
| Long Beach | 4 | West LA | 2 |

The following tables have been numbered to match the tables within Permit Application Attachment "M" for the Risk Assessment Procedures for Rules 1401 & 212.

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$Table\ 2.11$ $Dispersion\ Factors\ (\chi/Q)$ $for\ Natural\ Gas\ Boiler$ $Operating\ 12\ Hours\ per\ Day\ or\ Less$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 0 to 4 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | T | Downwind Distance (meters) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--|--|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Anaheim | 19.45 | 5.00 | 3.06 | 1.92 | 0.45 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Azusa | 14.24 | 4.45 | 2.79 | 1.77 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Banning | 14.79 | 4.63 | 3.05 | 2.06 | 0.57 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Burbank | 12.06 | 3.41 | 2.04 | 1.25 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Central LA | 15.37 | 3.93 | 2.37 | 1.48 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Compton | 13.44 | 3.82 | 2.34 | 1.46 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Costa Mesa | 11.23 | 3.89 | 2.46 | 1.54 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Crestline | 10.79 | 3.33 | 2.06 | 1.28 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Fontana | 16.80 | 4.91 | 3.15 | 2.04 | 0.51 | 0.20 | 0.07 | 0.02 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Indio | 8.84 | 2.98 | 1.88 | 1.19 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | La Habra | 13.36 | 4.10 | 2.48 | 1.53 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Lake Elsinore | 9.25 | 3.24 | 2.08 | 1.32 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | LAX | 22.89 | 5.92 | 3.76 | 2.46 | 0.63 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 0.02 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Long Beach | 10.78 | 3.04 | 1.83 | 1.13 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Lynwood | 14.10 | 4.20 | 2.61 | 1.65 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Mission Viejo | 10.10 | 3.21 | 2.03 | 1.27 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Palm Springs | 8.32 | 2.63 | 1.60 | 1.01 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Perris | 8.42 | 2.79 | 1.79 | 1.17 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Pico Rivera | 15.61 | 4.20 | 2.58 | 1.62 | 0.39 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Pomona | 13.12 | 3.99 | 2.41 | 1.48 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Redlands | 10.94 | 4.09 | 2.55 | 1.58 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Reseda | 5.99 | 2.45 | 1.45 | 0.87 | 0.19 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Riverside | 13.67 | 4.21 | 2.69 | 1.73 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | San Bernardino | 12.15 | 3.79 | 2.34 | 1.48 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Santa Clarita | 12.15 | 3.44 | 2.18 | 1.43 | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.01 | | |
| 0 to 4 | Upland | 15.43 | 4.68 | 2.99 | 1.92 | 0.47 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 | | |
| 0 to 4 | West LA | 15.74 | 4.37 | 2.64 | 1.62 | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 | | |

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$Table\ 2.12$ $Dispersion\ Factors\ (\chi/Q)$ $for\ Natural\ Gas\ Boiler$ $Operating\ 12\ Hours\ per\ Day\ or\ Less$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 5 to 9 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 5 to 9 | Anaheim | 12.35 | 3.51 | 2.29 | 1.56 | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 5 to 9 | Azusa | 7.76 | 2.83 | 1.93 | 1.35 | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Banning | 11.43 | 3.66 | 2.49 | 1.79 | 0.53 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 5 to 9 | Burbank | 7.12 | 2.34 | 1.51 | 1.00 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Central LA | 10.41 | 2.91 | 1.86 | 1.25 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Compton | 8.06 | 2.62 | 1.74 | 1.18 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Costa Mesa | 5.62 | 2.37 | 1.64 | 1.15 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Crestline | 5.95 | 2.13 | 1.43 | 0.98 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Fontana | 10.83 | 3.39 | 2.31 | 1.64 | 0.46 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 5 to 9 | Indio | 5.34 | 1.94 | 1.35 | 0.94 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | La Habra | 7.11 | 2.58 | 1.71 | 1.16 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Lake Elsinore | 4.66 | 1.80 | 1.29 | 0.93 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | LAX | 16.06 | 4.44 | 2.95 | 2.08 | 0.58 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 5 to 9 | Long Beach | 6.26 | 2.09 | 1.36 | 0.90 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Lynwood | 8.13 | 2.78 | 1.86 | 1.29 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Mission Viejo | 5.40 | 1.97 | 1.36 | 0.95 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Palm Springs | 5.74 | 1.84 | 1.22 | 0.83 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Perris | 5.71 | 1.94 | 1.32 | 0.94 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Pico Rivera | 10.07 | 2.99 | 1.94 | 1.32 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Pomona | 7.57 | 2.63 | 1.72 | 1.16 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Redlands | 5.08 | 2.31 | 1.62 | 1.14 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Reseda | 3.43 | 1.41 | 0.93 | 0.62 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Riverside | 7.93 | 2.75 | 1.91 | 1.35 | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | San Bernardino | 7.32 | 2.49 | 1.67 | 1.15 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Santa Clarita | 9.63 | 2.78 | 1.82 | 1.26 | 0.35 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 5 to 9 | Upland | 8.96 | 3.05 | 2.11 | 1.50 | 0.41 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 5 to 9 | West LA | 9.73 | 3.04 | 1.96 | 1.31 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

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 $Table \ 2.13$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ Boiler$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 10 to 19 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 10 to 19 | Anaheim | 8.71 | 2.66 | 1.81 | 1.26 | 0.37 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 10 to 19 | Azusa | 4.89 | 1.96 | 1.40 | 1.01 | 0.32 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Banning | 9.24 | 3.07 | 2.12 | 1.53 | 0.49 | 0.20 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 10 to 19 | Burbank | 4.65 | 1.70 | 1.15 | 0.78 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Central LA | 7.74 | 2.31 | 1.53 | 1.05 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Compton | 5.65 | 2.00 | 1.38 | 0.95 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Costa Mesa | 3.20 | 1.52 | 1.13 | 0.82 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Crestline | 3.82 | 1.47 | 1.05 | 0.74 | 0.23 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Fontana | 7.85 | 2.57 | 1.80 | 1.30 | 0.41 | 0.18 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 10 to 19 | Indio | 3.69 | 1.41 | 1.01 | 0.74 | 0.23 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | La Habra | 4.38 | 1.75 | 1.23 | 0.86 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Lake Elsinore | 2.90 | 1.18 | 0.89 | 0.67 | 0.23 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | LAX | 12.32 | 3.62 | 2.45 | 1.74 | 0.53 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 10 to 19 | Long Beach | 3.94 | 1.51 | 1.03 | 0.71 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Lynwood | 5.47 | 2.06 | 1.43 | 1.02 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Mission Viejo | 3.18 | 1.30 | 0.96 | 0.69 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Palm Springs | 4.47 | 1.45 | 1.00 | 0.70 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Perris | 4.41 | 1.53 | 1.06 | 0.77 | 0.25 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Pico Rivera | 7.20 | 2.28 | 1.53 | 1.06 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Pomona | 5.03 | 1.91 | 1.30 | 0.90 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Redlands | 2.85 | 1.46 | 1.10 | 0.81 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Reseda | 2.56 | 1.10 | 0.75 | 0.52 | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Riverside | 5.32 | 1.99 | 1.44 | 1.05 | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | San Bernardino | 5.08 | 1.82 | 1.27 | 0.91 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Santa Clarita | 7.96 | 2.39 | 1.59 | 1.11 | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 10 to 19 | Upland | 5.96 | 2.19 | 1.58 | 1.15 | 0.36 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 10 to 19 | West LA | 6.64 | 2.28 | 1.53 | 1.04 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

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 $Table \ 2.14$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ Boiler$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 20 to 29 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | T | | | Downy | wind Dis | stance (| meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 20 to 29 | Anaheim | 4.70 | 1.65 | 1.26 | 0.92 | 0.31 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Azusa | 1.87 | 0.90 | 0.77 | 0.61 | 0.24 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Banning | 5.42 | 1.89 | 1.48 | 1.12 | 0.42 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Burbank | 2.06 | 0.91 | 0.71 | 0.53 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Central LA | 4.34 | 1.47 | 1.10 | 0.79 | 0.25 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Compton | 2.52 | 1.05 | 0.84 | 0.63 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Costa Mesa | 0.99 | 0.59 | 0.55 | 0.46 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Crestline | 1.76 | 0.78 | 0.65 | 0.50 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Fontana | 4.20 | 1.52 | 1.20 | 0.91 | 0.34 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Indio | 1.88 | 0.80 | 0.65 | 0.51 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | La Habra | 1.84 | 0.87 | 0.72 | 0.56 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Lake Elsinore | 1.38 | 0.64 | 0.55 | 0.45 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | LAX | 7.06 | 2.36 | 1.77 | 1.29 | 0.45 | 0.20 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Long Beach | 1.00 | 0.62 | 0.56 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Lynwood | 2.27 | 1.03 | 0.84 | 0.64 | 0.24 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Mission Viejo | 1.06 | 0.56 | 0.51 | 0.42 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Palm Springs | 2.79 | 0.98 | 0.74 | 0.54 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Perris | 2.60 | 0.99 | 0.76 | 0.57 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Pico Rivera | 3.62 | 1.32 | 1.01 | 0.75 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Pomona | 2.39 | 1.02 | 0.81 | 0.60 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Redlands | 0.90 | 0.60 | 0.57 | 0.47 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Reseda | 1.20 | 0.65 | 0.50 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Riverside | 2.25 | 0.96 | 0.82 | 0.65 | 0.26 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | San Bernardino | 2.68 | 1.07 | 0.85 | 0.64 | 0.24 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Santa Clarita | 4.78 | 1.62 | 1.18 | 0.86 | 0.29 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 20 to 29 | Upland | 2.55 | 1.08 | 0.91 | 0.72 | 0.29 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | West LA | 2.93 | 1.17 | 0.93 | 0.69 | 0.25 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

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$Table\ 2.15$ $Dispersion\ Factors\ (\chi/Q)$ $for\ Natural\ Gas\ Boiler$ $Operating\ 12\ Hours\ per\ Day\ or\ Less$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 30 to 49 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 30 to 49 | Anaheim | 2.71 | 1.03 | 0.86 | 0.68 | 0.26 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Azusa | 0.83 | 0.50 | 0.49 | 0.43 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Banning | 4.09 | 1.42 | 1.14 | 0.90 | 0.36 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Burbank | 1.01 | 0.53 | 0.47 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Central LA | 2.88 | 1.03 | 0.83 | 0.63 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Compton | 1.42 | 0.66 | 0.59 | 0.47 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Costa Mesa | 0.35 | 0.31 | 0.34 | 0.32 | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Crestline | 0.99 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 0.37 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Fontana | 2.67 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 0.69 | 0.29 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Indio | 1.11 | 0.50 | 0.44 | 0.37 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | La Habra | 0.83 | 0.48 | 0.46 | 0.39 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Lake Elsinore | 0.70 | 0.38 | 0.36 | 0.31 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | LAX | 4.60 | 1.61 | 1.29 | 1.00 | 0.38 | 0.18 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Long Beach | 0.39 | 0.36 | 0.37 | 0.32 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Lynwood | 1.07 | 0.59 | 0.54 | 0.45 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Mission Viejo | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.31 | 0.29 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Palm Springs | 2.10 | 0.74 | 0.58 | 0.44 | 0.16 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Perris | 1.86 | 0.72 | 0.57 | 0.45 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Pico Rivera | 2.24 | 0.87 | 0.72 | 0.57 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Pomona | 1.35 | 0.63 | 0.55 | 0.44 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Redlands | 0.39 | 0.35 | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Reseda | 0.76 | 0.46 | 0.38 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Riverside | 1.14 | 0.55 | 0.53 | 0.46 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | San Bernardino | 1.61 | 0.68 | 0.58 | 0.47 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Santa Clarita | 3.66 | 1.28 | 0.97 | 0.73 | 0.25 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Upland | 1.24 | 0.59 | 0.57 | 0.50 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | West LA | 1.50 | 0.68 | 0.61 | 0.49 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |

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$Table\ 2.16$ $Dispersion\ Factors\ (\chi/Q)$ $for\ Natural\ Gas\ Boiler$ $Operating\ 12\ Hours\ per\ Day\ or\ Less$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 50 to 149 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 50 to 149 | Anaheim | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.19 | 0.24 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Azusa | 0.04 | 0.14 | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Banning | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | Burbank | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Central LA | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.17 | 0.21 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Compton | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.19 | 0.21 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Costa Mesa | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Crestline | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Fontana | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | Indio | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | La Habra | 0.06 | 0.14 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Lake Elsinore | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | LAX | 0.01 | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.26 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | Long Beach | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Lynwood | 0.10 | 0.18 | 0.22 | 0.23 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Mission Viejo | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Palm Springs | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Perris | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Pico Rivera | 0.02 | 0.11 | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Pomona | 0.09 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Redlands | 0.07 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.20 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Reseda | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Riverside | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.16 | 0.20 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | San Bernardino | 0.08 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Santa Clarita | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Upland | 0.03 | 0.10 | 0.17 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | West LA | 0.03 | 0.13 | 0.20 | 0.22 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |

$Table \ 2.17$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ Boiler$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 150 to 200 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | T | | | Downy | wind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 150 to 200 | Anaheim | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Azusa | 0.02 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Banning | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 200 | Burbank | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Central LA | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Compton | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Costa Mesa | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Crestline | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Fontana | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Indio | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | La Habra | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Lake Elsinore | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | LAX | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 200 | Long Beach | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Lynwood | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Mission Viejo | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Palm Springs | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Perris | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Pico Rivera | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Pomona | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Redlands | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Reseda | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Riverside | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | San Bernardino | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Santa Clarita | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Upland | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | West LA | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |

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$Table \ 3.11$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ Boiler$ $Operating \ More \ than \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day$

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 0 to 4 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | T | | | Downy | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 0 to 4 | Anaheim | 12.59 | 3.18 | 2.09 | 1.49 | 0.59 | 0.35 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | Azusa | 10.78 | 2.95 | 2.08 | 1.55 | 0.68 | 0.38 | 0.19 | 0.08 |
| 0 to 4 | Banning | 17.84 | 5.35 | 3.78 | 2.84 | 1.14 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.12 |
| 0 to 4 | Burbank | 12.48 | 3.00 | 2.05 | 1.52 | 0.66 | 0.36 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | Central LA | 10.39 | 2.50 | 1.69 | 1.24 | 0.55 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.06 |
| 0 to 4 | Compton | 9.04 | 2.39 | 1.68 | 1.26 | 0.62 | 0.37 | 0.19 | 0.08 |
| 0 to 4 | Costa Mesa | 5.49 | 1.80 | 1.23 | 0.87 | 0.42 | 0.29 | 0.16 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | Crestline | 8.01 | 2.23 | 1.46 | 1.03 | 0.44 | 0.27 | 0.16 | 0.06 |
| 0 to 4 | Fontana | 14.09 | 3.90 | 2.70 | 1.99 | 0.80 | 0.45 | 0.24 | 0.10 |
| 0 to 4 | Indio | 14.83 | 4.24 | 2.91 | 2.17 | 0.90 | 0.51 | 0.27 | 0.11 |
| 0 to 4 | La Habra | 7.07 | 2.04 | 1.32 | 0.91 | 0.43 | 0.28 | 0.15 | 0.06 |
| 0 to 4 | Lake Elsinore | 5.38 | 1.70 | 1.16 | 0.81 | 0.41 | 0.30 | 0.18 | 0.08 |
| 0 to 4 | LAX | 14.33 | 3.69 | 2.50 | 1.80 | 0.70 | 0.38 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | Long Beach | 6.98 | 2.12 | 1.57 | 1.23 | 0.63 | 0.37 | 0.20 | 0.08 |
| 0 to 4 | Lynwood | 9.10 | 2.47 | 1.71 | 1.26 | 0.60 | 0.37 | 0.20 | 0.08 |
| 0 to 4 | Mission Viejo | 6.03 | 1.69 | 1.13 | 0.80 | 0.38 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.06 |
| 0 to 4 | Palm Springs | 14.03 | 3.59 | 2.41 | 1.77 | 0.75 | 0.44 | 0.23 | 0.09 |
| 0 to 4 | Perris | 7.08 | 2.14 | 1.46 | 1.07 | 0.48 | 0.31 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | Pico Rivera | 12.15 | 3.07 | 2.02 | 1.45 | 0.57 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | Pomona | 8.33 | 2.31 | 1.55 | 1.12 | 0.58 | 0.38 | 0.22 | 0.09 |
| 0 to 4 | Redlands | 6.18 | 2.14 | 1.47 | 1.05 | 0.48 | 0.41 | 0.28 | 0.12 |
| 0 to 4 | Reseda | 3.67 | 1.17 | 0.76 | 0.53 | 0.32 | 0.24 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 0 to 4 | Riverside | 9.01 | 2.53 | 1.76 | 1.28 | 0.56 | 0.34 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | San Bernardino | 11.16 | 3.10 | 2.09 | 1.54 | 0.68 | 0.41 | 0.23 | 0.09 |
| 0 to 4 | Santa Clarita | 9.34 | 2.44 | 1.61 | 1.16 | 0.48 | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| 0 to 4 | Upland | 11.03 | 3.04 | 2.12 | 1.55 | 0.67 | 0.41 | 0.26 | 0.11 |
| 0 to 4 | West LA | 7.88 | 2.13 | 1.37 | 0.94 | 0.40 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.06 |

Table 3.12 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Natural Gas Boiler Operating More than 12 Hours per Day

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 5 to 9 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | . | | | Downy | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 5 to 9 | Anaheim | 6.90 | 1.85 | 1.19 | 0.86 | 0.28 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 5 to 9 | Azusa | 5.37 | 1.58 | 1.08 | 0.82 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 5 to 9 | Banning | 12.66 | 3.68 | 2.44 | 1.88 | 0.77 | 0.39 | 0.22 | 0.10 |
| 5 to 9 | Burbank | 6.60 | 1.63 | 1.04 | 0.78 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 5 to 9 | Central LA | 6.49 | 1.62 | 1.07 | 0.79 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 5 to 9 | Compton | 4.64 | 1.35 | 0.93 | 0.69 | 0.27 | 0.16 | 0.12 | 0.07 |
| 5 to 9 | Costa Mesa | 2.51 | 1.00 | 0.70 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.05 |
| 5 to 9 | Crestline | 4.46 | 1.31 | 0.83 | 0.61 | 0.22 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.05 |
| 5 to 9 | Fontana | 8.38 | 2.33 | 1.55 | 1.16 | 0.43 | 0.22 | 0.15 | 0.08 |
| 5 to 9 | Indio | 9.22 | 2.58 | 1.68 | 1.27 | 0.51 | 0.26 | 0.18 | 0.09 |
| 5 to 9 | La Habra | 3.52 | 1.17 | 0.77 | 0.55 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.04 |
| 5 to 9 | Lake Elsinore | 2.69 | 0.90 | 0.63 | 0.47 | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| 5 to 9 | LAX | 9.07 | 2.39 | 1.57 | 1.16 | 0.40 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 5 to 9 | Long Beach | 3.24 | 1.11 | 0.78 | 0.60 | 0.25 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 0.07 |
| 5 to 9 | Lynwood | 4.73 | 1.41 | 0.96 | 0.71 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 5 to 9 | Mission Viejo | 2.68 | 0.88 | 0.60 | 0.43 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.04 |
| 5 to 9 | Palm Springs | 9.03 | 2.25 | 1.46 | 1.09 | 0.42 | 0.22 | 0.15 | 0.07 |
| 5 to 9 | Perris | 4.26 | 1.30 | 0.85 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 5 to 9 | Pico Rivera | 6.98 | 1.83 | 1.15 | 0.84 | 0.29 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
| 5 to 9 | Pomona | 4.39 | 1.34 | 0.87 | 0.63 | 0.22 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.07 |
| 5 to 9 | Redlands | 2.71 | 1.10 | 0.78 | 0.58 | 0.21 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.09 |
| 5 to 9 | Reseda | 2.28 | 0.75 | 0.49 | 0.35 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 5 to 9 | Riverside | 4.70 | 1.43 | 0.99 | 0.74 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 5 to 9 | San Bernardino | 6.35 | 1.79 | 1.16 | 0.85 | 0.32 | 0.18 | 0.13 | 0.07 |
| 5 to 9 | Santa Clarita | 6.20 | 1.67 | 1.06 | 0.77 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 5 to 9 | Upland | 5.98 | 1.73 | 1.18 | 0.89 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.13 | 0.08 |
| 5 to 9 | West LA | 4.35 | 1.32 | 0.85 | 0.60 | 0.19 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.05 |

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Table 3.13 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Natural Gas Boiler Operating More than 12 Hours per Day

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 10 to 19 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | T | | | Downy | wind Dis | stance (| meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 10 to 19 | Anaheim | 4.75 | 1.35 | 0.89 | 0.63 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | Azusa | 3.20 | 1.04 | 0.73 | 0.54 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 10 to 19 | Banning | 9.68 | 2.87 | 1.86 | 1.35 | 0.58 | 0.29 | 0.17 | 0.09 |
| 10 to 19 | Burbank | 4.21 | 1.11 | 0.71 | 0.50 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 10 to 19 | Central LA | 4.63 | 1.23 | 0.83 | 0.59 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | Compton | 3.00 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 0.49 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 10 to 19 | Costa Mesa | 1.38 | 0.63 | 0.47 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | Crestline | 3.02 | 0.91 | 0.60 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | Fontana | 5.92 | 1.69 | 1.12 | 0.82 | 0.31 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| 10 to 19 | Indio | 6.91 | 1.94 | 1.22 | 0.88 | 0.37 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.07 |
| 10 to 19 | La Habra | 2.13 | 0.78 | 0.54 | 0.39 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 10 to 19 | Lake Elsinore | 1.70 | 0.60 | 0.43 | 0.33 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | LAX | 6.65 | 1.83 | 1.21 | 0.87 | 0.31 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 10 to 19 | Long Beach | 1.93 | 0.77 | 0.56 | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 10 to 19 | Lynwood | 2.97 | 0.99 | 0.69 | 0.50 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 10 to 19 | Mission Viejo | 1.50 | 0.56 | 0.40 | 0.29 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 10 to 19 | Palm Springs | 6.96 | 1.75 | 1.13 | 0.82 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| 10 to 19 | Perris | 3.18 | 0.99 | 0.65 | 0.47 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | Pico Rivera | 4.84 | 1.34 | 0.85 | 0.60 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | Pomona | 2.82 | 0.94 | 0.63 | 0.45 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 10 to 19 | Redlands | 1.46 | 0.68 | 0.51 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.07 |
| 10 to 19 | Reseda | 1.67 | 0.57 | 0.38 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 10 to 19 | Riverside | 3.01 | 0.98 | 0.70 | 0.52 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | San Bernardino | 4.51 | 1.30 | 0.85 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.06 |
| 10 to 19 | Santa Clarita | 4.81 | 1.34 | 0.85 | 0.60 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 10 to 19 | Upland | 3.81 | 1.18 | 0.82 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.06 |
| 10 to 19 | West LA | 2.86 | 0.95 | 0.64 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.04 |

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Table 3.14 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Natural Gas Boiler Operating More than 12 Hours per Day

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 20 to 29 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 20 to 29 | Anaheim | 2.23 | 0.75 | 0.57 | 0.41 | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Azusa | 1.18 | 0.42 | 0.36 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Banning | 4.86 | 1.49 | 1.07 | 0.79 | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.11 | 0.07 |
| 20 to 29 | Burbank | 1.42 | 0.48 | 0.36 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Central LA | 2.24 | 0.70 | 0.53 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Compton | 1.15 | 0.45 | 0.37 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Costa Mesa | 0.39 | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Crestline | 1.34 | 0.46 | 0.34 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Fontana | 2.87 | 0.91 | 0.67 | 0.50 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 20 to 29 | Indio | 3.61 | 1.09 | 0.73 | 0.52 | 0.22 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.05 |
| 20 to 29 | La Habra | 0.79 | 0.36 | 0.30 | 0.23 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Lake Elsinore | 0.72 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | LAX | 3.46 | 1.09 | 0.80 | 0.59 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Long Beach | 0.48 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| 20 to 29 | Lynwood | 1.06 | 0.45 | 0.37 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Mission Viejo | 0.43 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Palm Springs | 3.94 | 1.06 | 0.74 | 0.54 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 20 to 29 | Perris | 1.64 | 0.57 | 0.41 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Pico Rivera | 2.13 | 0.70 | 0.51 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Pomona | 1.23 | 0.48 | 0.37 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Redlands | 0.40 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| 20 to 29 | Reseda | 0.71 | 0.31 | 0.23 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 20 to 29 | Riverside | 1.17 | 0.45 | 0.38 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | San Bernardino | 2.13 | 0.70 | 0.51 | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 20 to 29 | Santa Clarita | 2.50 | 0.80 | 0.57 | 0.41 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 20 to 29 | Upland | 1.43 | 0.54 | 0.44 | 0.34 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 20 to 29 | West LA | 1.18 | 0.47 | 0.37 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |

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Table 3.15 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Natural Gas Boiler Operating More than 12 Hours per Day

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 30 to 49 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | T | | | Downy | wind Dis | stance (| meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 30 to 49 | Anaheim | 1.20 | 0.45 | 0.37 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Azusa | 0.63 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Banning | 3.39 | 1.04 | 0.77 | 0.58 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 0.05 |
| 30 to 49 | Burbank | 0.61 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Central LA | 1.40 | 0.47 | 0.38 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Compton | 0.62 | 0.28 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Costa Mesa | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Crestline | 0.75 | 0.28 | 0.23 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Fontana | 1.74 | 0.58 | 0.46 | 0.36 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 30 to 49 | Indio | 2.48 | 0.76 | 0.52 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 30 to 49 | La Habra | 0.36 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Lake Elsinore | 0.34 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | LAX | 2.12 | 0.71 | 0.56 | 0.43 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Long Beach | 0.20 | 0.16 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Lynwood | 0.47 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Mission Viejo | 0.16 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Palm Springs | 2.89 | 0.79 | 0.57 | 0.43 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 30 to 49 | Perris | 1.11 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Pico Rivera | 1.21 | 0.43 | 0.34 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Pomona | 0.66 | 0.29 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Redlands | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 30 to 49 | Reseda | 0.44 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 30 to 49 | Riverside | 0.59 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | San Bernardino | 1.28 | 0.44 | 0.34 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 30 to 49 | Santa Clarita | 1.80 | 0.60 | 0.45 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | Upland | 0.67 | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 30 to 49 | West LA | 0.58 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |

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Table 3.16 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Natural Gas Boiler Operating More than 12 Hours per Day

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 50 to 149 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | | | | Downy | wind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 50 to 149 | Anaheim | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Azusa | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Banning | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 50 to 149 | Burbank | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Central LA | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Compton | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Costa Mesa | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Crestline | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Fontana | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | Indio | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | La Habra | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Lake Elsinore | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | LAX | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Long Beach | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Lynwood | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Mission Viejo | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Palm Springs | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | Perris | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Pico Rivera | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Pomona | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Redlands | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | Reseda | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Riverside | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | San Bernardino | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 149 | Santa Clarita | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | Upland | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 149 | West LA | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |

Table 3.17 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Natural Gas Boiler Operating More than 12 Hours per Day

Natural Gas Boiler Rating 150 to 200 MMBTU/hr

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Rating | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 150 to 200 | Anaheim | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Azusa | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Banning | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 200 | Burbank | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Central LA | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Compton | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Costa Mesa | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Crestline | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Fontana | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Indio | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | La Habra | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Lake Elsinore | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | LAX | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Long Beach | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Lynwood | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Mission Viejo | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Palm Springs | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 200 | Perris | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Pico Rivera | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Pomona | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Redlands | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Reseda | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Riverside | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | San Bernardino | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Santa Clarita | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | Upland | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 200 | West LA | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |

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Table 6.11 Dispersion Factors (χ /Q) for Acute Hazard Index

All Operating Conditions χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3]/[lb/hr])$

| Rating | | | Dowr | wind Dis | tance (met | ters) | | |
|------------|--------|-------|-------|----------|------------|-------|------|-------|
| (MMBTU/hr) | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 0 to 4 | 292.13 | 83.85 | 69.00 | 59.08 | 29.68 | 16.23 | 9.32 | 4.81 |
| 5 to 9 | 181.53 | 51.33 | 38.71 | 33.11 | 15.95 | 6.38 | 4.81 | 3.57 |
| 10 to 19 | 146.73 | 42.57 | 31.10 | 25.08 | 11.87 | 5.48 | 2.87 | 2.61 |
| 20 to 29 | 100.18 | 30.81 | 23.71 | 18.54 | 8.86 | 4.30 | 2.36 | 1.55 |
| 30 to 49 | 85.19 | 26.20 | 20.19 | 15.95 | 6.78 | 3.73 | 2.08 | 1.02 |
| 50 to 149 | 6.08 | 3.84 | 4.68 | 4.64 | 3.31 | 2.37 | 1.50 | 0.76 |
| 150 to 200 | 3.18 | 2.13 | 3.08 | 3.07 | 2.44 | 1.80 | 1.10 | 0.56 |

$Table \ 2.21$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 50 to 74 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3]/[ton/year])$

| D (I (DVD) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 50 to 74 | Anaheim | 40.29 | 9.05 | 4.79 | 2.80 | 0.57 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 74 | Azusa | 33.21 | 8.18 | 4.39 | 2.57 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Banning | 38.67 | 9.35 | 5.03 | 3.02 | 0.70 | 0.26 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 74 | Burbank | 27.20 | 6.15 | 3.14 | 1.78 | 0.34 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Central LA | 33.50 | 7.40 | 3.78 | 2.17 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Compton | 31.40 | 7.16 | 3.76 | 2.19 | 0.45 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Costa Mesa | 26.76 | 7.11 | 3.80 | 2.19 | 0.43 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Crestline | 25.75 | 6.27 | 3.25 | 1.84 | 0.36 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Fontana | 37.28 | 9.07 | 4.93 | 2.94 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 74 | Indio | 20.15 | 5.36 | 2.82 | 1.63 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | La Habra | 29.75 | 7.44 | 3.87 | 2.20 | 0.42 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Lake Elsinore | 21.82 | 6.07 | 3.27 | 1.90 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | LAX | 49.81 | 10.82 | 5.88 | 3.56 | 0.79 | 0.28 | 0.09 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 74 | Long Beach | 24.49 | 5.57 | 2.92 | 1.68 | 0.34 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Lynwood | 32.66 | 7.76 | 4.13 | 2.43 | 0.50 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Mission Viejo | 24.81 | 6.12 | 3.22 | 1.83 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Palm Springs | 18.86 | 4.72 | 2.44 | 1.43 | 0.30 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Perris | 19.26 | 5.17 | 2.76 | 1.63 | 0.36 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Pico Rivera | 35.00 | 7.70 | 4.05 | 2.33 | 0.47 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Pomona | 28.90 | 7.21 | 3.74 | 2.13 | 0.41 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Redlands | 27.45 | 7.62 | 4.00 | 2.26 | 0.44 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Reseda | 15.93 | 4.68 | 2.33 | 1.28 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Riverside | 32.21 | 7.77 | 4.22 | 2.50 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 74 | San Bernardino | 27.02 | 6.86 | 3.62 | 2.10 | 0.43 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Santa Clarita | 29.54 | 6.80 | 3.58 | 2.13 | 0.45 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 74 | Upland | 35.80 | 8.71 | 4.71 | 2.78 | 0.58 | 0.20 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 74 | West LA | 35.98 | 8.00 | 4.12 | 2.32 | 0.45 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

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$Table \ 2.22$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 75 to 149 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DIII) | T | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 75 to 149 | Anaheim | 27.31 | 7.08 | 4.11 | 2.51 | 0.54 | 0.19 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 75 to 149 | Azusa | 20.63 | 6.03 | 3.64 | 2.25 | 0.48 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Banning | 28.58 | 7.64 | 4.42 | 2.77 | 0.67 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 75 to 149 | Burbank | 18.08 | 4.75 | 2.68 | 1.59 | 0.32 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Central LA | 23.51 | 5.92 | 3.31 | 1.97 | 0.41 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Compton | 20.66 | 5.49 | 3.19 | 1.94 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Costa Mesa | 15.84 | 5.11 | 3.12 | 1.91 | 0.40 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Crestline | 16.22 | 4.65 | 2.68 | 1.60 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Fontana | 25.22 | 6.93 | 4.16 | 2.61 | 0.59 | 0.22 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 75 to 149 | Indio | 12.86 | 3.98 | 2.34 | 1.43 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | La Habra | 18.26 | 5.47 | 3.19 | 1.91 | 0.39 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Lake Elsinore | 12.79 | 4.20 | 2.56 | 1.58 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | LAX | 35.20 | 8.58 | 5.08 | 3.21 | 0.75 | 0.27 | 0.09 | 0.02 |
| 75 to 149 | Long Beach | 16.07 | 4.27 | 2.43 | 1.47 | 0.32 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Lynwood | 20.44 | 5.70 | 3.40 | 2.11 | 0.46 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Mission Viejo | 15.37 | 4.47 | 2.64 | 1.59 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Palm Springs | 12.73 | 3.63 | 2.04 | 1.25 | 0.28 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Perris | 13.18 | 3.92 | 2.30 | 1.43 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Pico Rivera | 24.04 | 6.03 | 3.47 | 2.09 | 0.44 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Pomona | 18.46 | 5.39 | 3.12 | 1.87 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Redlands | 15.53 | 5.31 | 3.20 | 1.94 | 0.40 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Reseda | 8.79 | 3.06 | 1.73 | 1.01 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Riverside | 20.30 | 5.74 | 3.49 | 2.19 | 0.49 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 75 to 149 | San Bernardino | 17.20 | 5.06 | 2.97 | 1.82 | 0.40 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Santa Clarita | 22.35 | 5.61 | 3.15 | 1.95 | 0.44 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 75 to 149 | Upland | 22.84 | 6.42 | 3.91 | 2.44 | 0.54 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 75 to 149 | West LA | 24.12 | 6.19 | 3.51 | 2.08 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

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$Table \ 2.23$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 150 to 249 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DID) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 150 to 249 | Anaheim | 15.44 | 4.56 | 2.82 | 1.92 | 0.47 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 249 | Azusa | 10.29 | 3.48 | 2.27 | 1.59 | 0.41 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Banning | 19.58 | 5.46 | 3.27 | 2.24 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 249 | Burbank | 9.61 | 3.01 | 1.81 | 1.19 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Central LA | 14.53 | 4.06 | 2.40 | 1.57 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Compton | 11.56 | 3.48 | 2.17 | 1.46 | 0.36 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Costa Mesa | 7.21 | 2.81 | 1.88 | 1.32 | 0.33 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Crestline | 8.01 | 2.74 | 1.70 | 1.14 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Fontana | 14.98 | 4.42 | 2.79 | 1.96 | 0.51 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 249 | Indio | 6.91 | 2.39 | 1.52 | 1.05 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | La Habra | 8.86 | 3.16 | 1.99 | 1.35 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Lake Elsinore | 5.83 | 2.13 | 1.43 | 1.02 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | LAX | 22.40 | 5.91 | 3.65 | 2.54 | 0.67 | 0.24 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 249 | Long Beach | 8.47 | 2.75 | 1.67 | 1.09 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Lynwood | 10.64 | 3.41 | 2.20 | 1.53 | 0.39 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Mission Viejo | 7.36 | 2.52 | 1.61 | 1.10 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Palm Springs | 7.92 | 2.38 | 1.44 | 0.96 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Perris | 8.11 | 2.54 | 1.57 | 1.08 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Pico Rivera | 14.02 | 4.00 | 2.41 | 1.60 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Pomona | 9.57 | 3.26 | 2.03 | 1.36 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Redlands | 6.64 | 2.72 | 1.82 | 1.29 | 0.33 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Reseda | 5.01 | 1.71 | 1.04 | 0.69 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Riverside | 10.68 | 3.40 | 2.24 | 1.59 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | San Bernardino | 9.41 | 3.07 | 1.93 | 1.33 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Santa Clarita | 15.90 | 4.23 | 2.45 | 1.62 | 0.40 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 150 to 249 | Upland | 12.09 | 3.82 | 2.49 | 1.77 | 0.46 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 150 to 249 | West LA | 13.12 | 3.98 | 2.40 | 1.58 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

$Table \ 2.24$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 250 to 999 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DIII) | . | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 250 to 999 | Anaheim | 8.73 | 2.83 | 1.91 | 1.30 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Azusa | 5.03 | 1.99 | 1.43 | 1.00 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Banning | 12.24 | 3.70 | 2.37 | 1.62 | 0.52 | 0.20 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 250 to 999 | Burbank | 5.01 | 1.77 | 1.18 | 0.78 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Central LA | 8.67 | 2.62 | 1.69 | 1.12 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Compton | 6.25 | 2.15 | 1.47 | 1.00 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Costa Mesa | 3.20 | 1.50 | 1.12 | 0.80 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Crestline | 4.03 | 1.54 | 1.05 | 0.72 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Fontana | 8.73 | 2.77 | 1.88 | 1.31 | 0.42 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 250 to 999 | Indio | 3.81 | 1.41 | 0.98 | 0.69 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | La Habra | 4.32 | 1.75 | 1.22 | 0.84 | 0.25 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Lake Elsinore | 2.93 | 1.15 | 0.85 | 0.62 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | LAX | 13.74 | 3.96 | 2.62 | 1.81 | 0.56 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 250 to 999 | Long Beach | 4.22 | 1.62 | 1.09 | 0.72 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Lynwood | 5.58 | 2.08 | 1.46 | 1.02 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Mission Viejo | 3.49 | 1.35 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Palm Springs | 5.01 | 1.56 | 1.02 | 0.69 | 0.20 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Perris | 5.04 | 1.65 | 1.09 | 0.76 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Pico Rivera | 8.05 | 2.52 | 1.64 | 1.09 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Pomona | 5.07 | 1.95 | 1.33 | 0.90 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Redlands | 2.86 | 1.41 | 1.07 | 0.77 | 0.25 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Reseda | 2.95 | 1.10 | 0.72 | 0.49 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Riverside | 5.58 | 2.02 | 1.45 | 1.03 | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | San Bernardino | 5.29 | 1.85 | 1.27 | 0.88 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Santa Clarita | 10.48 | 3.01 | 1.85 | 1.23 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | Upland | 6.27 | 2.24 | 1.61 | 1.14 | 0.36 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 250 to 999 | West LA | 7.08 | 2.45 | 1.61 | 1.06 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

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$Table \ 2.25$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Natural Gas ICE Rating > 1,000 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (I (DVD) | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| > 1,000 | Anaheim | 1.18 | 0.51 | 0.47 | 0.41 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Azusa | 0.42 | 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Banning | 3.47 | 1.14 | 0.90 | 0.73 | 0.29 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 1,000 | Burbank | 0.43 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Central LA | 1.82 | 0.68 | 0.57 | 0.46 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Compton | 0.95 | 0.43 | 0.40 | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Costa Mesa | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Crestline | 0.53 | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Fontana | 1.71 | 0.64 | 0.55 | 0.47 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Indio | 0.65 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | La Habra | 0.39 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Lake Elsinore | 0.37 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | LAX | 2.90 | 1.02 | 0.87 | 0.72 | 0.29 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 1,000 | Long Beach | 0.35 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Lynwood | 0.58 | 0.34 | 0.32 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Mission Viejo | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Palm Springs | 1.49 | 0.52 | 0.41 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Perris | 1.27 | 0.48 | 0.39 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Pico Rivera | 1.37 | 0.56 | 0.48 | 0.39 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Pomona | 0.65 | 0.34 | 0.32 | 0.27 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Redlands | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Reseda | 0.65 | 0.32 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Riverside | 0.65 | 0.32 | 0.32 | 0.29 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | San Bernardino | 0.93 | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.30 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Santa Clarita | 3.40 | 1.14 | 0.83 | 0.63 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Upland | 0.67 | 0.34 | 0.34 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | West LA | 0.71 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.31 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |

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$Table \ 3.21$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ More \ Than \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 50 to 74 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DVD) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 50 to 74 | Anaheim | 27.98 | 8.27 | 5.36 | 3.96 | 1.41 | 0.57 | 0.21 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Azusa | 26.00 | 8.04 | 5.60 | 4.27 | 1.61 | 0.62 | 0.21 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Banning | 44.67 | 13.52 | 8.61 | 6.07 | 2.18 | 0.94 | 0.36 | 0.12 |
| 50 to 74 | Burbank | 26.88 | 8.25 | 5.56 | 4.19 | 1.48 | 0.54 | 0.18 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 74 | Central LA | 24.03 | 7.22 | 4.84 | 3.64 | 1.26 | 0.45 | 0.15 | 0.05 |
| 50 to 74 | Compton | 23.38 | 6.91 | 5.09 | 4.10 | 1.64 | 0.61 | 0.20 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Costa Mesa | 14.34 | 4.42 | 3.08 | 2.40 | 1.02 | 0.48 | 0.20 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Crestline | 18.37 | 5.54 | 3.58 | 2.63 | 1.00 | 0.46 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Fontana | 31.64 | 9.78 | 6.48 | 4.78 | 1.80 | 0.77 | 0.29 | 0.10 |
| 50 to 74 | Indio | 32.25 | 10.57 | 6.96 | 5.11 | 1.95 | 0.84 | 0.33 | 0.11 |
| 50 to 74 | La Habra | 16.70 | 4.85 | 3.23 | 2.48 | 0.99 | 0.46 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Lake Elsinore | 13.01 | 4.88 | 3.59 | 2.90 | 1.29 | 0.58 | 0.24 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 74 | LAX | 31.62 | 8.62 | 5.60 | 4.10 | 1.49 | 0.62 | 0.23 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 74 | Long Beach | 20.14 | 6.90 | 5.22 | 4.28 | 1.74 | 0.62 | 0.20 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Lynwood | 22.12 | 6.49 | 4.63 | 3.63 | 1.47 | 0.60 | 0.22 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 74 | Mission Viejo | 17.44 | 5.23 | 3.54 | 2.71 | 1.14 | 0.50 | 0.20 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Palm Springs | 30.66 | 9.41 | 6.13 | 4.52 | 1.60 | 0.64 | 0.24 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 74 | Perris | 16.92 | 5.55 | 3.76 | 2.87 | 1.19 | 0.56 | 0.24 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 74 | Pico Rivera | 27.98 | 7.89 | 5.11 | 3.70 | 1.29 | 0.52 | 0.20 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Pomona | 19.82 | 6.02 | 4.41 | 3.58 | 1.57 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 74 | Redlands | 16.34 | 5.28 | 3.61 | 2.89 | 1.67 | 0.78 | 0.32 | 0.12 |
| 50 to 74 | Reseda | 9.73 | 3.27 | 2.55 | 2.17 | 0.97 | 0.43 | 0.17 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 74 | Riverside | 22.31 | 6.53 | 4.47 | 3.41 | 1.36 | 0.59 | 0.23 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 74 | San Bernardino | 24.70 | 8.03 | 5.34 | 4.01 | 1.57 | 0.69 | 0.28 | 0.10 |
| 50 to 74 | Santa Clarita | 23.23 | 6.39 | 4.16 | 3.08 | 1.30 | 0.55 | 0.21 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 74 | Upland | 26.12 | 7.72 | 5.25 | 4.22 | 1.77 | 0.74 | 0.31 | 0.11 |
| 50 to 74 | West LA | 18.92 | 5.02 | 3.22 | 2.39 | 1.03 | 0.45 | 0.18 | 0.06 |

SCAQMD VII – 35 Version 8.0

$Table \ 3.22$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ More \ Than \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 75 to 149 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D 41 (DVID) | T | | | Downv | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 75 to 149 | Anaheim | 17.43 | 5.01 | 3.21 | 2.27 | 0.85 | 0.41 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 75 to 149 | Azusa | 15.57 | 4.59 | 3.19 | 2.39 | 0.99 | 0.46 | 0.20 | 0.08 |
| 75 to 149 | Banning | 32.03 | 9.58 | 6.26 | 4.49 | 1.72 | 0.80 | 0.34 | 0.12 |
| 75 to 149 | Burbank | 16.98 | 4.93 | 3.33 | 2.47 | 0.99 | 0.43 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 75 to 149 | Central LA | 16.20 | 4.24 | 2.90 | 2.21 | 0.88 | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.06 |
| 75 to 149 | Compton | 13.93 | 3.83 | 2.65 | 2.00 | 0.90 | 0.43 | 0.19 | 0.08 |
| 75 to 149 | Costa Mesa | 7.82 | 2.52 | 1.68 | 1.19 | 0.53 | 0.31 | 0.16 | 0.06 |
| 75 to 149 | Crestline | 11.63 | 3.54 | 2.24 | 1.56 | 0.60 | 0.31 | 0.16 | 0.07 |
| 75 to 149 | Fontana | 20.70 | 6.23 | 4.16 | 3.02 | 1.18 | 0.57 | 0.26 | 0.10 |
| 75 to 149 | Indio | 21.58 | 7.01 | 4.68 | 3.42 | 1.36 | 0.65 | 0.29 | 0.11 |
| 75 to 149 | La Habra | 9.74 | 2.91 | 1.85 | 1.29 | 0.53 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.06 |
| 75 to 149 | Lake Elsinore | 7.50 | 2.40 | 1.59 | 1.20 | 0.60 | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.08 |
| 75 to 149 | LAX | 21.36 | 5.76 | 3.73 | 2.65 | 0.99 | 0.46 | 0.20 | 0.08 |
| 75 to 149 | Long Beach | 11.43 | 3.54 | 2.55 | 2.01 | 0.96 | 0.45 | 0.20 | 0.08 |
| 75 to 149 | Lynwood | 13.15 | 3.70 | 2.52 | 1.86 | 0.81 | 0.41 | 0.20 | 0.08 |
| 75 to 149 | Mission Viejo | 9.49 | 2.77 | 1.79 | 1.27 | 0.54 | 0.31 | 0.16 | 0.06 |
| 75 to 149 | Palm Springs | 20.50 | 6.07 | 3.92 | 2.83 | 1.06 | 0.49 | 0.22 | 0.09 |
| 75 to 149 | Perris | 10.68 | 3.37 | 2.20 | 1.58 | 0.67 | 0.37 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 75 to 149 | Pico Rivera | 18.22 | 4.97 | 3.19 | 2.26 | 0.84 | 0.40 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 75 to 149 | Pomona | 11.86 | 3.45 | 2.29 | 1.69 | 0.83 | 0.44 | 0.22 | 0.09 |
| 75 to 149 | Redlands | 9.00 | 3.01 | 2.03 | 1.46 | 0.63 | 0.43 | 0.28 | 0.12 |
| 75 to 149 | Reseda | 5.90 | 1.78 | 1.11 | 0.77 | 0.40 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 75 to 149 | Riverside | 13.30 | 3.81 | 2.58 | 1.88 | 0.77 | 0.40 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 75 to 149 | San Bernardino | 15.60 | 4.88 | 3.20 | 2.34 | 0.96 | 0.48 | 0.23 | 0.09 |
| 75 to 149 | Santa Clarita | 16.08 | 4.29 | 2.63 | 1.85 | 0.71 | 0.37 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 75 to 149 | Upland | 16.23 | 4.63 | 3.13 | 2.29 | 0.99 | 0.49 | 0.27 | 0.11 |
| 75 to 149 | West LA | 11.88 | 3.20 | 1.97 | 1.31 | 0.50 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.06 |

$Table \ 3.23$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ More \ Than \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 150 to 249 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DID) | | | | Downy | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 150 to 249 | Anaheim | 8.91 | 2.64 | 1.59 | 1.16 | 0.40 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
| 150 to 249 | Azusa | 7.03 | 2.10 | 1.37 | 1.04 | 0.40 | 0.19 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 150 to 249 | Banning | 20.47 | 5.78 | 3.45 | 2.56 | 1.05 | 0.52 | 0.25 | 0.10 |
| 150 to 249 | Burbank | 8.41 | 2.41 | 1.43 | 1.07 | 0.44 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 150 to 249 | Central LA | 9.23 | 2.39 | 1.47 | 1.07 | 0.40 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 150 to 249 | Compton | 6.68 | 1.89 | 1.22 | 0.91 | 0.35 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 150 to 249 | Costa Mesa | 3.26 | 1.21 | 0.81 | 0.60 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.04 |
| 150 to 249 | Crestline | 5.97 | 1.88 | 1.12 | 0.81 | 0.29 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 |
| 150 to 249 | Fontana | 11.47 | 3.34 | 2.05 | 1.52 | 0.56 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.08 |
| 150 to 249 | Indio | 12.59 | 3.92 | 2.36 | 1.77 | 0.70 | 0.33 | 0.18 | 0.09 |
| 150 to 249 | La Habra | 4.50 | 1.49 | 0.93 | 0.66 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.04 |
| 150 to 249 | Lake Elsinore | 3.44 | 1.13 | 0.74 | 0.55 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 150 to 249 | LAX | 12.44 | 3.32 | 2.03 | 1.48 | 0.50 | 0.23 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 150 to 249 | Long Beach | 4.96 | 1.57 | 1.03 | 0.79 | 0.34 | 0.17 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 150 to 249 | Lynwood | 6.16 | 1.83 | 1.18 | 0.88 | 0.32 | 0.16 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 150 to 249 | Mission Viejo | 3.88 | 1.21 | 0.75 | 0.54 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 150 to 249 | Palm Springs | 12.51 | 3.53 | 2.10 | 1.55 | 0.58 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.07 |
| 150 to 249 | Perris | 6.07 | 1.88 | 1.14 | 0.83 | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 150 to 249 | Pico Rivera | 9.74 | 2.69 | 1.57 | 1.14 | 0.40 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
| 150 to 249 | Pomona | 5.58 | 1.75 | 1.08 | 0.78 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.07 |
| 150 to 249 | Redlands | 3.59 | 1.34 | 0.90 | 0.68 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.08 |
| 150 to 249 | Reseda | 3.34 | 1.01 | 0.61 | 0.43 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 150 to 249 | Riverside | 6.33 | 1.87 | 1.22 | 0.91 | 0.32 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 150 to 249 | San Bernardino | 8.40 | 2.53 | 1.52 | 1.13 | 0.44 | 0.21 | 0.13 | 0.07 |
| 150 to 249 | Santa Clarita | 9.98 | 2.65 | 1.51 | 1.06 | 0.34 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 150 to 249 | Upland | 7.96 | 2.29 | 1.46 | 1.11 | 0.41 | 0.20 | 0.13 | 0.08 |
| 150 to 249 | West LA | 5.94 | 1.77 | 1.07 | 0.74 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.04 |

$Table \ 3.24$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ More \ Than \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day$

Natural Gas ICE Rating 250 to 999 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DIII) | . | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 250 to 999 | Anaheim | 4.77 | 1.49 | 0.96 | 0.65 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Azusa | 3.36 | 1.10 | 0.77 | 0.54 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Banning | 12.33 | 3.53 | 2.13 | 1.43 | 0.62 | 0.32 | 0.17 | 0.08 |
| 250 to 999 | Burbank | 4.34 | 1.27 | 0.78 | 0.52 | 0.21 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Central LA | 5.18 | 1.41 | 0.93 | 0.64 | 0.23 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Compton | 3.28 | 1.05 | 0.72 | 0.51 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Costa Mesa | 1.41 | 0.63 | 0.47 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Crestline | 3.21 | 1.03 | 0.65 | 0.44 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Fontana | 6.56 | 1.93 | 1.23 | 0.84 | 0.32 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 250 to 999 | Indio | 7.67 | 2.32 | 1.39 | 0.93 | 0.39 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| 250 to 999 | La Habra | 2.15 | 0.79 | 0.54 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Lake Elsinore | 1.74 | 0.60 | 0.42 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | LAX | 7.32 | 2.05 | 1.31 | 0.90 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Long Beach | 2.20 | 0.82 | 0.59 | 0.42 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Lynwood | 3.06 | 1.03 | 0.72 | 0.51 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Mission Viejo | 1.68 | 0.59 | 0.41 | 0.29 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 250 to 999 | Palm Springs | 7.89 | 2.15 | 1.31 | 0.90 | 0.36 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 250 to 999 | Perris | 3.57 | 1.12 | 0.70 | 0.47 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Pico Rivera | 5.30 | 1.53 | 0.93 | 0.62 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Pomona | 2.88 | 0.99 | 0.66 | 0.45 | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Redlands | 1.51 | 0.67 | 0.50 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| 250 to 999 | Reseda | 1.94 | 0.61 | 0.39 | 0.26 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 250 to 999 | Riverside | 3.20 | 1.03 | 0.72 | 0.52 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | San Bernardino | 4.75 | 1.44 | 0.90 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | Santa Clarita | 6.15 | 1.70 | 1.01 | 0.67 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 250 to 999 | Upland | 4.02 | 1.25 | 0.86 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 250 to 999 | West LA | 3.03 | 1.02 | 0.67 | 0.45 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 |

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$Table \ 3.25$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Natural \ Gas \ ICE$ $Operating \ More \ Than \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day$

Natural Gas ICE Rating > 1,000 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D ((DVD) | T | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| > 1,000 | Anaheim | 0.48 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Azusa | 0.34 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Banning | 2.80 | 0.83 | 0.59 | 0.45 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 |
| > 1,000 | Burbank | 0.25 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Central LA | 0.90 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Compton | 0.41 | 0.18 | 0.17 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Costa Mesa | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Crestline | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Fontana | 1.09 | 0.36 | 0.29 | 0.24 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| > 1,000 | Indio | 1.67 | 0.52 | 0.35 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| > 1,000 | La Habra | 0.17 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Lake Elsinore | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | LAX | 1.29 | 0.43 | 0.36 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Long Beach | 0.18 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Lynwood | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Mission Viejo | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Palm Springs | 2.03 | 0.57 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| > 1,000 | Perris | 0.72 | 0.26 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Pico Rivera | 0.67 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Pomona | 0.30 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Redlands | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| > 1,000 | Reseda | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Riverside | 0.33 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | San Bernardino | 0.71 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Santa Clarita | 1.60 | 0.52 | 0.37 | 0.28 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | Upland | 0.35 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 1,000 | West LA | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |

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$Table \ 6.21$ Dispersion Factors (χ/Q) for Acute Hazard Index

All Operating Conditions χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[lb/hr])

| Dating (DIID) | | | Down | wind Dist | Downwind Distance (meters) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rating (BHP) | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| 50 to 74 | 558.90 | 228.36 | 182.22 | 152.76 | 73.10 | 30.68 | 12.54 | 5.35 | | | | | | | | | |
| 75 to 149 | 392.20 | 153.94 | 125.57 | 105.40 | 50.44 | 22.35 | 9.71 | 4.80 | | | | | | | | | |
| 150 to 249 | 281.14 | 85.26 | 60.25 | 51.99 | 25.47 | 9.27 | 4.74 | 3.36 | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 to 999 | 193.22 | 54.00 | 37.73 | 27.66 | 11.86 | 6.43 | 3.13 | 1.91 | | | | | | | | | |
| > 1,000 | 80.72 | 25.42 | 18.44 | 14.10 | 5.27 | 3.36 | 1.92 | 0.87 | | | | | | | | | |

Table 2.31 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating 12 Hours per Day or Less

Diesel ICE Rating 50 to 174 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (DVD) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 50 to 174 | Anaheim | 25.17 | 8.13 | 4.84 | 2.99 | 0.61 | 0.19 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 174 | Azusa | 18.42 | 6.32 | 3.96 | 2.49 | 0.52 | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Banning | 27.44 | 7.84 | 4.66 | 2.96 | 0.71 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 174 | Burbank | 17.44 | 5.47 | 3.13 | 1.86 | 0.35 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Central LA | 22.15 | 7.03 | 4.00 | 2.40 | 0.48 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Compton | 18.88 | 6.34 | 3.80 | 2.35 | 0.49 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Costa Mesa | 14.14 | 5.24 | 3.33 | 2.06 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Crestline | 15.35 | 5.07 | 2.97 | 1.78 | 0.35 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Fontana | 23.51 | 7.09 | 4.38 | 2.78 | 0.62 | 0.22 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 174 | Indio | 11.98 | 3.98 | 2.40 | 1.49 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | La Habra | 16.66 | 6.11 | 3.66 | 2.21 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Lake Elsinore | 11.80 | 4.15 | 2.61 | 1.64 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | LAX | 32.85 | 8.89 | 5.41 | 3.46 | 0.80 | 0.27 | 0.09 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 174 | Long Beach | 15.30 | 4.84 | 2.80 | 1.70 | 0.35 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Lynwood | 18.12 | 6.16 | 3.82 | 2.41 | 0.51 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Mission Viejo | 14.38 | 4.59 | 2.78 | 1.68 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Palm Springs | 11.59 | 3.79 | 2.20 | 1.36 | 0.30 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Perris | 12.40 | 3.93 | 2.36 | 1.49 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Pico Rivera | 22.72 | 6.57 | 3.85 | 2.32 | 0.47 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Pomona | 16.77 | 6.00 | 3.57 | 2.16 | 0.42 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Redlands | 13.68 | 5.29 | 3.33 | 2.05 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Reseda | 7.82 | 3.13 | 1.84 | 1.08 | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Riverside | 18.25 | 5.88 | 3.72 | 2.37 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 174 | San Bernardino | 15.83 | 5.21 | 3.15 | 1.96 | 0.42 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Santa Clarita | 21.69 | 5.97 | 3.41 | 2.12 | 0.46 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 50 to 174 | Upland | 20.72 | 6.73 | 4.24 | 2.68 | 0.57 | 0.19 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 50 to 174 | West LA | 22.63 | 6.93 | 4.02 | 2.38 | 0.45 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

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Table 2.32 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating 12 Hours per Day or Less

Diesel ICE Rating 175 to 299 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DVD) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 175 to 299 | Anaheim | 20.49 | 6.83 | 4.25 | 2.73 | 0.58 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 175 to 299 | Azusa | 14.27 | 5.02 | 3.31 | 2.19 | 0.49 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Banning | 23.38 | 6.77 | 4.15 | 2.73 | 0.68 | 0.24 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 175 to 299 | Burbank | 13.67 | 4.56 | 2.73 | 1.69 | 0.33 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Central LA | 18.49 | 6.03 | 3.56 | 2.21 | 0.45 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Compton | 15.03 | 5.21 | 3.26 | 2.08 | 0.45 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Costa Mesa | 10.56 | 4.08 | 2.74 | 1.79 | 0.38 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Crestline | 11.60 | 4.06 | 2.50 | 1.58 | 0.33 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Fontana | 19.05 | 5.86 | 3.77 | 2.51 | 0.59 | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 175 to 299 | Indio | 9.24 | 3.18 | 2.03 | 1.32 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | La Habra | 13.01 | 4.93 | 3.11 | 1.98 | 0.40 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Lake Elsinore | 8.71 | 3.13 | 2.11 | 1.42 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | LAX | 27.11 | 7.55 | 4.75 | 3.16 | 0.76 | 0.26 | 0.09 | 0.02 |
| 175 to 299 | Long Beach | 11.85 | 4.00 | 2.41 | 1.49 | 0.32 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Lynwood | 14.39 | 5.00 | 3.26 | 2.15 | 0.48 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Mission Viejo | 10.68 | 3.55 | 2.25 | 1.43 | 0.30 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Palm Springs | 9.74 | 3.20 | 1.93 | 1.24 | 0.28 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Perris | 10.08 | 3.25 | 2.02 | 1.33 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Pico Rivera | 18.31 | 5.50 | 3.33 | 2.09 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Pomona | 13.26 | 4.90 | 3.05 | 1.93 | 0.39 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Redlands | 10.07 | 3.97 | 2.65 | 1.73 | 0.38 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Reseda | 6.27 | 2.26 | 1.43 | 0.89 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Riverside | 14.32 | 4.68 | 3.12 | 2.09 | 0.49 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 175 to 299 | San Bernardino | 12.55 | 4.25 | 2.70 | 1.76 | 0.39 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Santa Clarita | 18.94 | 5.30 | 3.09 | 1.97 | 0.44 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| 175 to 299 | Upland | 16.22 | 5.39 | 3.57 | 2.37 | 0.54 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 175 to 299 | West LA | 17.69 | 5.69 | 3.44 | 2.13 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

Table 2.33 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating 12 Hours per Day or Less

Diesel ICE Rating 300 to 399 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D ((DVD) | T | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 300 to 399 | Anaheim | 14.25 | 5.23 | 3.24 | 2.21 | 0.51 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Azusa | 9.36 | 3.72 | 2.43 | 1.72 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Banning | 17.29 | 5.41 | 3.29 | 2.30 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 300 to 399 | Burbank | 9.31 | 3.47 | 2.06 | 1.35 | 0.28 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Central LA | 13.43 | 4.80 | 2.83 | 1.86 | 0.41 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Compton | 10.52 | 3.99 | 2.50 | 1.71 | 0.41 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Costa Mesa | 6.71 | 2.96 | 1.97 | 1.39 | 0.34 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Crestline | 7.60 | 2.95 | 1.80 | 1.20 | 0.28 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Fontana | 13.50 | 4.48 | 2.84 | 2.01 | 0.53 | 0.19 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 300 to 399 | Indio | 6.33 | 2.33 | 1.49 | 1.04 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | La Habra | 8.29 | 3.53 | 2.22 | 1.50 | 0.33 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Lake Elsinore | 5.39 | 2.08 | 1.39 | 1.01 | 0.28 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | LAX | 19.98 | 6.01 | 3.75 | 2.64 | 0.70 | 0.24 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 300 to 399 | Long Beach | 8.11 | 3.10 | 1.87 | 1.22 | 0.29 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Lynwood | 9.59 | 3.72 | 2.41 | 1.70 | 0.42 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Mission Viejo | 6.92 | 2.55 | 1.62 | 1.11 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Palm Springs | 7.03 | 2.45 | 1.49 | 1.00 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Perris | 7.31 | 2.48 | 1.54 | 1.07 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Pico Rivera | 13.01 | 4.30 | 2.58 | 1.71 | 0.39 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Pomona | 8.82 | 3.64 | 2.26 | 1.52 | 0.34 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Redlands | 6.06 | 2.78 | 1.87 | 1.33 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Reseda | 4.33 | 1.65 | 1.01 | 0.68 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Riverside | 9.56 | 3.49 | 2.31 | 1.66 | 0.43 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | San Bernardino | 8.58 | 3.13 | 1.98 | 1.37 | 0.34 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Santa Clarita | 14.36 | 4.36 | 2.55 | 1.71 | 0.41 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 300 to 399 | Upland | 10.94 | 4.02 | 2.64 | 1.89 | 0.47 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 300 to 399 | West LA | 12.30 | 4.41 | 2.65 | 1.74 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 |

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Table 2.34 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating 12 Hours per Day or Less

Diesel ICE Rating 400 to 599 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DIID) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 400 to 599 | Anaheim | 9.93 | 3.83 | 2.50 | 1.68 | 0.44 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Azusa | 5.89 | 2.49 | 1.74 | 1.21 | 0.35 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Banning | 13.42 | 4.36 | 2.77 | 1.89 | 0.58 | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 400 to 599 | Burbank | 6.12 | 2.40 | 1.52 | 0.98 | 0.23 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Central LA | 9.84 | 3.70 | 2.31 | 1.51 | 0.37 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Compton | 7.25 | 2.95 | 1.96 | 1.32 | 0.35 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Costa Mesa | 3.91 | 1.83 | 1.32 | 0.92 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Crestline | 4.78 | 1.94 | 1.25 | 0.82 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Fontana | 9.70 | 3.34 | 2.22 | 1.54 | 0.46 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 400 to 599 | Indio | 4.33 | 1.65 | 1.11 | 0.77 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | La Habra | 5.13 | 2.26 | 1.51 | 1.01 | 0.26 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Lake Elsinore | 3.38 | 1.32 | 0.94 | 0.68 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | LAX | 14.98 | 4.77 | 3.11 | 2.14 | 0.63 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| 400 to 599 | Long Beach | 5.21 | 2.18 | 1.40 | 0.91 | 0.25 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Lynwood | 6.46 | 2.67 | 1.84 | 1.27 | 0.36 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Mission Viejo | 4.24 | 1.65 | 1.11 | 0.76 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Palm Springs | 5.33 | 1.92 | 1.20 | 0.81 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Perris | 5.50 | 1.92 | 1.23 | 0.85 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Pico Rivera | 9.29 | 3.22 | 2.02 | 1.31 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Pomona | 5.87 | 2.53 | 1.67 | 1.10 | 0.28 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Redlands | 3.42 | 1.66 | 1.21 | 0.86 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Reseda | 3.19 | 1.27 | 0.81 | 0.54 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Riverside | 6.40 | 2.46 | 1.73 | 1.22 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | San Bernardino | 5.91 | 2.22 | 1.48 | 1.01 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Santa Clarita | 11.43 | 3.67 | 2.22 | 1.46 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | Upland | 7.24 | 2.81 | 1.96 | 1.37 | 0.40 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 400 to 599 | West LA | 8.40 | 3.23 | 2.04 | 1.31 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |

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Table 4.35 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating 12 Hours per Day or Less

Diesel ICE Rating 600 to 1,149 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (I (DVD) | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Anaheim | 3.17 | 1.21 | 0.95 | 0.73 | 0.25 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Azusa | 1.29 | 0.61 | 0.53 | 0.43 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Banning | 5.76 | 1.92 | 1.41 | 1.08 | 0.39 | 0.17 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Burbank | 1.23 | 0.57 | 0.46 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Central LA | 3.56 | 1.28 | 0.97 | 0.72 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Compton | 2.14 | 0.85 | 0.68 | 0.52 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Costa Mesa | 0.57 | 0.35 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Crestline | 1.22 | 0.54 | 0.43 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Fontana | 3.41 | 1.22 | 0.95 | 0.75 | 0.28 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Indio | 1.24 | 0.53 | 0.43 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | La Habra | 1.05 | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Lake Elsinore | 0.91 | 0.41 | 0.35 | 0.29 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | LAX | 5.83 | 1.98 | 1.50 | 1.15 | 0.40 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Long Beach | 0.96 | 0.52 | 0.45 | 0.36 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Lynwood | 1.58 | 0.70 | 0.58 | 0.47 | 0.19 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Mission Viejo | 0.69 | 0.35 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Palm Springs | 2.36 | 0.83 | 0.60 | 0.45 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Perris | 2.19 | 0.82 | 0.60 | 0.46 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Pico Rivera | 2.90 | 1.08 | 0.80 | 0.61 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Pomona | 1.55 | 0.68 | 0.55 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Redlands | 0.63 | 0.37 | 0.35 | 0.30 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Reseda | 1.19 | 0.52 | 0.38 | 0.28 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Riverside | 1.68 | 0.68 | 0.58 | 0.48 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | San Bernardino | 1.93 | 0.76 | 0.60 | 0.47 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Santa Clarita | 5.31 | 1.81 | 1.23 | 0.89 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Upland | 1.87 | 0.76 | 0.65 | 0.53 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | West LA | 1.98 | 0.82 | 0.65 | 0.50 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 0.01 |

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Table 3.31 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Diesel ICE Rating 50 to 174 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (I (DIII) | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 50 to 174 | Anaheim | 16.34 | 5.76 | 3.73 | 2.64 | 0.88 | 0.38 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | Azusa | 14.25 | 4.87 | 3.45 | 2.60 | 1.03 | 0.44 | 0.19 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 174 | Banning | 30.23 | 9.60 | 6.37 | 4.62 | 1.77 | 0.80 | 0.33 | 0.12 |
| 50 to 174 | Burbank | 15.86 | 5.66 | 3.84 | 2.86 | 1.07 | 0.42 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | Central LA | 15.17 | 4.87 | 3.33 | 2.55 | 0.98 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 174 | Compton | 12.91 | 4.34 | 3.05 | 2.30 | 0.95 | 0.41 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | Costa Mesa | 7.14 | 2.57 | 1.76 | 1.25 | 0.50 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 174 | Crestline | 11.03 | 3.90 | 2.50 | 1.74 | 0.61 | 0.29 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 174 | Fontana | 19.46 | 6.43 | 4.36 | 3.18 | 1.20 | 0.54 | 0.24 | 0.10 |
| 50 to 174 | Indio | 20.40 | 7.24 | 4.89 | 3.60 | 1.39 | 0.63 | 0.28 | 0.11 |
| 50 to 174 | La Habra | 9.02 | 3.24 | 2.09 | 1.43 | 0.52 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 174 | Lake Elsinore | 6.95 | 2.40 | 1.62 | 1.23 | 0.55 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 174 | LAX | 19.93 | 5.92 | 3.91 | 2.80 | 1.00 | 0.44 | 0.19 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | Long Beach | 10.74 | 3.86 | 2.84 | 2.24 | 1.01 | 0.43 | 0.18 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 174 | Lynwood | 11.90 | 4.02 | 2.80 | 2.07 | 0.82 | 0.39 | 0.18 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 174 | Mission Viejo | 9.09 | 2.87 | 1.87 | 1.32 | 0.50 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 174 | Palm Springs | 19.45 | 6.90 | 4.51 | 3.27 | 1.14 | 0.47 | 0.20 | 0.08 |
| 50 to 174 | Perris | 10.07 | 3.45 | 2.28 | 1.64 | 0.64 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | Pico Rivera | 17.36 | 5.40 | 3.50 | 2.47 | 0.86 | 0.38 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | Pomona | 10.95 | 3.82 | 2.57 | 1.86 | 0.84 | 0.41 | 0.20 | 0.09 |
| 50 to 174 | Redlands | 8.13 | 3.03 | 2.11 | 1.52 | 0.61 | 0.36 | 0.25 | 0.12 |
| 50 to 174 | Reseda | 5.46 | 1.85 | 1.18 | 0.82 | 0.35 | 0.22 | 0.13 | 0.06 |
| 50 to 174 | Riverside | 12.27 | 3.96 | 2.74 | 2.00 | 0.77 | 0.37 | 0.18 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | San Bernardino | 14.65 | 5.16 | 3.44 | 2.52 | 0.97 | 0.45 | 0.22 | 0.09 |
| 50 to 174 | Santa Clarita | 15.56 | 4.54 | 2.80 | 1.96 | 0.69 | 0.34 | 0.17 | 0.07 |
| 50 to 174 | Upland | 14.90 | 4.85 | 3.35 | 2.47 | 0.99 | 0.46 | 0.24 | 0.11 |
| 50 to 174 | West LA | 11.21 | 3.54 | 2.21 | 1.46 | 0.48 | 0.24 | 0.14 | 0.06 |

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Table 3.32 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Diesel ICE Rating 175 to 299 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DID) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 175 to 299 | Anaheim | 13.01 | 4.47 | 2.87 | 2.06 | 0.68 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 175 to 299 | Azusa | 10.80 | 3.57 | 2.49 | 1.90 | 0.76 | 0.33 | 0.15 | 0.07 |
| 175 to 299 | Banning | 25.23 | 7.71 | 5.01 | 3.68 | 1.46 | 0.68 | 0.30 | 0.11 |
| 175 to 299 | Burbank | 12.36 | 4.26 | 2.79 | 2.10 | 0.82 | 0.32 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 175 to 299 | Central LA | 12.15 | 3.84 | 2.48 | 1.83 | 0.74 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.05 |
| 175 to 299 | Compton | 9.77 | 3.23 | 2.22 | 1.67 | 0.67 | 0.29 | 0.14 | 0.07 |
| 175 to 299 | Costa Mesa | 5.24 | 1.90 | 1.32 | 0.94 | 0.33 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
| 175 to 299 | Crestline | 8.54 | 3.01 | 1.91 | 1.36 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
| 175 to 299 | Fontana | 15.68 | 5.01 | 3.33 | 2.47 | 0.93 | 0.41 | 0.20 | 0.09 |
| 175 to 299 | Indio | 16.79 | 5.75 | 3.79 | 2.84 | 1.11 | 0.50 | 0.23 | 0.10 |
| 175 to 299 | La Habra | 6.96 | 2.50 | 1.63 | 1.13 | 0.37 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 175 to 299 | Lake Elsinore | 5.29 | 1.78 | 1.22 | 0.89 | 0.38 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 0.06 |
| 175 to 299 | LAX | 16.18 | 4.72 | 3.08 | 2.23 | 0.79 | 0.34 | 0.16 | 0.07 |
| 175 to 299 | Long Beach | 7.86 | 2.74 | 1.95 | 1.53 | 0.70 | 0.31 | 0.15 | 0.07 |
| 175 to 299 | Lynwood | 9.15 | 3.03 | 2.09 | 1.56 | 0.60 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.07 |
| 175 to 299 | Mission Viejo | 6.47 | 1.98 | 1.26 | 0.90 | 0.34 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 175 to 299 | Palm Springs | 16.25 | 5.52 | 3.54 | 2.60 | 0.92 | 0.36 | 0.17 | 0.08 |
| 175 to 299 | Perris | 8.17 | 2.72 | 1.77 | 1.29 | 0.48 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 0.06 |
| 175 to 299 | Pico Rivera | 13.67 | 4.18 | 2.64 | 1.91 | 0.65 | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 175 to 299 | Pomona | 8.32 | 2.92 | 1.92 | 1.37 | 0.51 | 0.26 | 0.15 | 0.08 |
| 175 to 299 | Redlands | 5.91 | 2.17 | 1.51 | 1.11 | 0.42 | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.10 |
| 175 to 299 | Reseda | 4.37 | 1.45 | 0.91 | 0.63 | 0.21 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 175 to 299 | Riverside | 9.43 | 2.97 | 2.04 | 1.51 | 0.57 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.06 |
| 175 to 299 | San Bernardino | 11.72 | 3.97 | 2.59 | 1.93 | 0.73 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.08 |
| 175 to 299 | Santa Clarita | 12.97 | 3.70 | 2.22 | 1.56 | 0.53 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 0.06 |
| 175 to 299 | Upland | 11.46 | 3.63 | 2.48 | 1.85 | 0.70 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.09 |
| 175 to 299 | West LA | 8.55 | 2.75 | 1.72 | 1.17 | 0.35 | 0.16 | 0.10 | 0.05 |

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Table 3.33 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Diesel ICE Rating 300 to 399 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DID) | | | | Downv | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 300 to 399 | Anaheim | 8.09 | 2.98 | 1.79 | 1.27 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Azusa | 6.60 | 2.36 | 1.51 | 1.15 | 0.42 | 0.17 | 0.09 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Banning | 18.55 | 5.84 | 3.46 | 2.56 | 1.06 | 0.50 | 0.24 | 0.10 |
| 300 to 399 | Burbank | 7.87 | 2.86 | 1.68 | 1.23 | 0.46 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Central LA | 8.60 | 2.85 | 1.74 | 1.25 | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | Compton | 6.20 | 2.23 | 1.42 | 1.06 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Costa Mesa | 3.09 | 1.29 | 0.86 | 0.64 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | Crestline | 5.64 | 2.08 | 1.22 | 0.86 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | Fontana | 10.53 | 3.52 | 2.14 | 1.58 | 0.57 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 0.07 |
| 300 to 399 | Indio | 11.59 | 4.08 | 2.43 | 1.80 | 0.71 | 0.31 | 0.16 | 0.08 |
| 300 to 399 | La Habra | 4.21 | 1.67 | 1.04 | 0.73 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | Lake Elsinore | 3.18 | 1.13 | 0.73 | 0.55 | 0.19 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | LAX | 11.30 | 3.47 | 2.11 | 1.54 | 0.52 | 0.21 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Long Beach | 4.71 | 1.80 | 1.17 | 0.90 | 0.37 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| 300 to 399 | Lynwood | 5.71 | 2.06 | 1.33 | 0.99 | 0.34 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Mission Viejo | 3.67 | 1.26 | 0.76 | 0.54 | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | Palm Springs | 11.37 | 3.96 | 2.36 | 1.73 | 0.62 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 300 to 399 | Perris | 5.46 | 1.88 | 1.12 | 0.82 | 0.28 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Pico Rivera | 9.15 | 2.93 | 1.69 | 1.20 | 0.39 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | Pomona | 5.23 | 1.99 | 1.23 | 0.87 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| 300 to 399 | Redlands | 3.40 | 1.42 | 0.95 | 0.71 | 0.24 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.07 |
| 300 to 399 | Reseda | 2.99 | 1.05 | 0.63 | 0.45 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | Riverside | 5.83 | 2.00 | 1.29 | 0.97 | 0.33 | 0.14 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 300 to 399 | San Bernardino | 7.65 | 2.67 | 1.59 | 1.16 | 0.41 | 0.18 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 300 to 399 | Santa Clarita | 9.06 | 2.76 | 1.57 | 1.09 | 0.34 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.04 |
| 300 to 399 | Upland | 7.44 | 2.52 | 1.59 | 1.19 | 0.42 | 0.18 | 0.10 | 0.07 |
| 300 to 399 | West LA | 5.55 | 1.96 | 1.18 | 0.80 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.04 |

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Table 3.34 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Diesel ICE Rating 400 to 599 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (1 (DIII) | T | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 400 to 599 | Anaheim | 5.70 | 2.18 | 1.36 | 0.91 | 0.29 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Azusa | 4.20 | 1.55 | 1.05 | 0.74 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Banning | 13.98 | 4.43 | 2.67 | 1.79 | 0.78 | 0.38 | 0.19 | 0.08 |
| 400 to 599 | Burbank | 5.48 | 2.03 | 1.21 | 0.80 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Central LA | 6.15 | 2.13 | 1.36 | 0.92 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Compton | 3.99 | 1.53 | 1.02 | 0.71 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Costa Mesa | 1.78 | 0.79 | 0.56 | 0.40 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Crestline | 3.86 | 1.45 | 0.87 | 0.58 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Fontana | 7.64 | 2.58 | 1.61 | 1.10 | 0.42 | 0.17 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 400 to 599 | Indio | 8.80 | 3.09 | 1.84 | 1.23 | 0.51 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 0.06 |
| 400 to 599 | La Habra | 2.65 | 1.08 | 0.71 | 0.47 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Lake Elsinore | 2.10 | 0.75 | 0.51 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | LAX | 8.33 | 2.64 | 1.67 | 1.14 | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Long Beach | 2.89 | 1.19 | 0.82 | 0.58 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Lynwood | 3.74 | 1.43 | 0.97 | 0.68 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Mission Viejo | 2.14 | 0.75 | 0.49 | 0.33 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 400 to 599 | Palm Springs | 8.82 | 3.11 | 1.87 | 1.27 | 0.48 | 0.19 | 0.08 | 0.05 |
| 400 to 599 | Perris | 4.07 | 1.44 | 0.88 | 0.59 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Pico Rivera | 6.42 | 2.16 | 1.28 | 0.84 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Pomona | 3.48 | 1.38 | 0.89 | 0.60 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Redlands | 1.91 | 0.83 | 0.60 | 0.43 | 0.15 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| 400 to 599 | Reseda | 2.19 | 0.78 | 0.48 | 0.32 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 400 to 599 | Riverside | 3.87 | 1.37 | 0.93 | 0.66 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | San Bernardino | 5.56 | 1.96 | 1.20 | 0.80 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | Santa Clarita | 6.95 | 2.19 | 1.27 | 0.83 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 |
| 400 to 599 | Upland | 4.87 | 1.71 | 1.14 | 0.80 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 400 to 599 | West LA | 3.68 | 1.39 | 0.87 | 0.56 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.03 |

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Table 3.35 Dispersion Factors (X/Q) for Diesel ICE Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Diesel ICE Rating 600 to 1,149 BHP

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| D (I (DVD) | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|----------------|------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Rating (BHP) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Anaheim | 1.40 | 0.53 | 0.41 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Azusa | 0.76 | 0.29 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Banning | 5.22 | 1.62 | 1.06 | 0.77 | 0.32 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Burbank | 0.77 | 0.30 | 0.23 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Central LA | 1.90 | 0.64 | 0.49 | 0.37 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Compton | 0.98 | 0.37 | 0.30 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Costa Mesa | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Crestline | 0.90 | 0.34 | 0.24 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Fontana | 2.20 | 0.75 | 0.54 | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Indio | 2.88 | 1.00 | 0.63 | 0.45 | 0.17 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.03 |
| 600 to 1,149 | La Habra | 0.47 | 0.22 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Lake Elsinore | 0.46 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | LAX | 2.73 | 0.90 | 0.67 | 0.51 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Long Beach | 0.55 | 0.26 | 0.23 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Lynwood | 0.73 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Mission Viejo | 0.28 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Palm Springs | 3.28 | 1.02 | 0.69 | 0.51 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Perris | 1.29 | 0.46 | 0.32 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Pico Rivera | 1.55 | 0.55 | 0.39 | 0.29 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Pomona | 0.76 | 0.31 | 0.25 | 0.19 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Redlands | 0.28 | 0.16 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Reseda | 0.72 | 0.27 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Riverside | 0.86 | 0.33 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | San Bernardino | 1.50 | 0.53 | 0.38 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Santa Clarita | 2.69 | 0.89 | 0.59 | 0.42 | 0.14 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | Upland | 1.03 | 0.39 | 0.32 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| 600 to 1,149 | West LA | 0.76 | 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 |

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Table 6.31 Dispersion Factors (χ /Q) for Acute Hazard Index

All Operating Conditions χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3]/[lb/hr])$

| Doting (DIID) | Downwind Distance (meters) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|------|-------|--|--|--|
| Rating (BHP) | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 | | | |
| 50 to 174 | 318.31 | 132.73 | 103.23 | 88.20 | 41.49 | 16.33 | 6.95 | 4.09 | | | |
| 175 to 299 | 249.82 | 100.51 | 66.01 | 55.34 | 27.05 | 9.36 | 4.17 | 2.96 | | | |
| 300 to 399 | 208.60 | 72.20 | 48.27 | 35.75 | 18.22 | 7.63 | 3.58 | 2.01 | | | |
| 400 to 599 | 370.47 | 168.04 | 134.78 | 113.29 | 53.36 | 22.07 | 8.91 | 4.63 | | | |
| 600 to 1,149 | 110.56 | 35.42 | 25.31 | 19.18 | 7.78 | 4.82 | 2.54 | 1.13 | | | |

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APPENDIX VIII

TIER 2 SCREENING TABLES FOR CREMATORIUMS FOR USE IN RULE 1401

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Introduction

The purpose of this report is to document the methods used by SCAQMD staff to estimate cancer risks from the industry-wide source category of crematoriums. The methods are consistent with SCAQMD's risk assessment procedures for Rule 1401 and were used to update the Rule 1401 Tier 2 screening tables using AERMOD for crematoriums ONLY.

Emission Inventory Methods

For emission rates associated with crematoriums, please contact the appropriate SCAQMD Engineering staff (http://www.aqmd.gov/contact/permitting-staff).

Exposure Modeling Methods

Air quality modeling was performed using AERMOD (American Meteorological Society/U.S. EPA Regulatory Model). As of December 9, 2006, U.S. EPA promulgated AERMOD as a replacement for ISCST3 (Industrial Source Complex – Short Term, Version 3) as the recommended dispersion model. AERMOD is a steady-state plume model that incorporates air dispersion based on planetary boundary layer turbulence structure and scaling concepts, including treatment of both surface and elevated sources, and both simple and complex terrain.

AERMOD (version 14134) was executed using the urban option, which is SCAQMD policy for all permitting in its jurisdiction. The U.S. EPA regulatory default options, with the exception of the FLAT terrain option, were implemented and the SCAQMD AERMOD-ready meteorological data was used. The County populations used are based on the 2008 estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. The Los Angeles County population was 9,862,049; Orange County population was 3,010,759; Riverside County population was 2,100,516; and San Bernardino County population was 2,015,355. SCAQMD's meteorological data is updated on a tri-annual basis and the population estimates will also be updated at that time.

For screening purposes, flat terrain was assumed. Although this is appropriate for most projects within the South Coast Air Basin, it is important to note that if complex terrain is present, the screening tables are not appropriate to be used and project-specific modeling using the elevated terrain option is recommended.

Based on information from SCAQMD Engineering staff, the stack was modeled as a point source with the following stack parameters – 19-ft stack height, 5.8 m/s exit velocity, 1300°F exit temperature, and 13-ft building height. Due to the sensitivity to building downwash effects, there are three different building sizes analyzed.

Modeling was performed at 27 SCAQMD meteorological stations shown in Figure 1. The locations of each of the sites are given in Table 1. The data are available on the SCAQMD website (http://www.aqmd.gov/home/library/air-quality-data-studies/meteorological-data/data-

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for-aermod). A polar receptor grid is assumed at ten degree azimuth increments at the following downwind distances: 25, 50, 75, 100, 200, 300, 500, and 1000 meters.

The peak model-predicted impacts at each downwind distance over the 36 azimuth angles for each meteorological station were used to develop the attached tables.

A sample AERMOD model input file is provided in Exhibit 1.

Figure 1: Meteorological Monitoring Stations in the South Coast Air Basin



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Table 1: Locations of Meteorological Stations and Elevations

| | UTM Coor | dinates (km) | Lat./Long. (| <u>Coordinates</u> | Elevation |
|----------------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Station name | Easting | Northing | Latitude | Longitude | (m) |
| Anaheim | 413.14 | 3743.57 | 33:49:50 | 117:56:19 | 41 |
| Azusa | 414.81 | 3777.47 | 34:08:11 | 117:55:26 | 182 |
| Banning | 513.10 | 3753.19 | 33:55:15 | 116:51:30 | 660 |
| Burbank | 378.62 | 3782.24 | 34:10:33 | 118:19:01 | 175 |
| Central LA | 386.79 | 3770.00 | 34:03:59 | 118:13:36 | 87 |
| Compton | 388.59 | 3751.88 | 33:54:05 | 118:12:18 | 22 |
| Costa Mesa | 414.16 | 3726.19 | 33:40:26 | 117:55:33 | 20 |
| Crestline | 474.62 | 3788.76 | 34:14:29 | 117:16:32 | 1387 |
| Fontana | 454.62 | 3773.19 | 34:06:01 | 117:29:31 | 367 |
| Indio | 572.67 | 3729.90 | 33:42:30 | 116:12:57 | -4 |
| La Habra | 411.98 | 3754.08 | 33:55:31 | 117:57:08 | 82 |
| Lake Elsinore | 469.33 | 3726.13 | 33:40:35 | 117:19:51 | 406 |
| LAX | 367.83 | 3757.80 | 33:57:15 | 118:25:49 | 42 |
| Long Beach | 389.99 | 3743.04 | 33:49:25 | 118:11:19 | 30 |
| Lynwood | 388.07 | 3754.73 | 33:55:44 | 118:12:39 | 29 |
| Mission Viejo | 437.39 | 3721.17 | 33:37:49 | 117:40:30 | 170 |
| Palm Springs | 542.46 | 3745.73 | 33:51:10 | 116:32:28 | 171 |
| Perris | 478.91 | 3738.58 | 33:47:20 | 117:13:40 | 442 |
| Pico Rivera | 401.31 | 3763.61 | 34:00:37 | 118:04:07 | 58 |
| Pomona | 430.78 | 3769.61 | 34:04:00 | 117:45:00 | 270 |
| Redlands | 486.36 | 3768.50 | 34:03:32 | 117:08:52 | 481 |
| Reseda | 358.76 | 3785.11 | 34:11:57 | 118:31:58 | 228 |
| Riverside | 461.64 | 3762.10 | 34:00:02 | 117:24:55 | 250 |
| San Bernardino | 474.76 | 3773.82 | 34:06:24 | 117:16:25 | 305 |
| Santa Clarita | 359.48 | 3805.52 | 34:23:00 | 118:31:42 | 375 |
| Upland | 441.96 | 3773.66 | 34:06:14 | 117:37:45 | 379 |
| West LA | 365.54 | 3768.52 | 34:03:02 | 118:27:24 | 97 |

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Exhibit 1: Sample AERMOD Model Input File for Crematoriums

| | | Con CON 1 Any RUN 301 | tinuous Op C FLAT PERIOD | | sk Assessi | ment Pro | cedures - | Crematorium |
|----|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|------------------|
| SO | STARTING LOCATION LOCATION LOCATION | P1 P2 P3 | POINT POINT POINT | 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 | .0 0.0 .0 0.0 | | | |
| | | | Q | | | | | |
| | SRCPARAM SRCPARAM | P1 P2 | 0.0865 0.0865 | 5.79 5.79 | 1 977.59 1 977.59 | 5.8 5.8 | 0.508 0.508 0.508 0.508 3.96 3.96 3.96 3.96 3.96 3.96 3.96 3.96 | |
| so | BUILDHGT | P1 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | PI D1 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| 50 | BUILDHGT | P1 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| so | BUILDHGT | P1 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P1 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P1 | 24.97 | 27.62 | 29.44 | 30.36 | 30.36 | 29.44 |
| 50 | BUILLDMID | PI D1 | 27.62 | 24.97 | 21.55 | 24.97 | 27.62 | 29.44 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P1 | 24.97 | 27.62 | 29.44 | 30.36 | 30.36 | 29.44 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P1 | 27.62 | 24.97 | 21.55 | 24.97 | 27.62 | 29.44 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P1 | 30.36 | 30.36 | 29.44 | 27.62 | 24.97 | 21.55 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | Pl D1 | 24.97 | 27.62 | 29.44 | 30.36 | 30.36 | 29.44 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | P1 | 30.36 | 30.36 | 29.44 | 27.62 | 24.97 | 21.55 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | P1 | 24.97 | 27.62 | 29.44 | 30.36 | 30.36 | 29.44 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | P1 | 27.62 | 24.97 | 21.55 | 24.97 | 27.62 | 29.44 |
| SO | BUILDLEN | P1 | 30.36 | 30.36 | 29.44 | 27.62 | 24.97 | 21.55 |
| SO | XBADJ XBADJ | PI P1 | -12.48 -13.81 | -13.81 | -14.72 -10.78 | -15.18 -12 48 | -15.18 -13.81 | -14.72 -14.72 |
| SO | XBADJ | P1 | -15.18 | -15.18 | -14.72 | -13.81 | -12.48 | -10.78 |
| SO | XBADJ | P1 | -12.48 | -13.81 | -14.72 | -15.18 | -15.18 | -14.72 |
| SO | XBADJ | P1 | -13.81 | -12.48 | -10.78 | -12.48 | -13.81 | -14.72 |
| SO | XBADJ | Pl D1 | -15.18 | -15.18 | -14.72 | -13.81 | -12.48 | -10.78 |
| SO | YBADJ | P1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | YBADJ | P1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | YBADJ | P1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | YBADJ | Pl D1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 30 | IDADU | PI | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P2 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 3.96 3.96 3.96 | 3.96 |
| 50 | BUILDHGT | P2 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P2 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| SO | BUILDHGT | P2 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| | BUILDHGT | | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.96 |
| | BUILDWID BUILDWID | | 35.31 39.07 | 39.07 35.31 | 41.64 30.48 | 42.94 35.31 | 42.94 39.07 | 41.64 41.64 |
| | BUILDWID | | 42.94 | 42.94 | 41.64 | 39.07 | 35.31 | 30.48 |
| SO | BUILDWID | P2 | 35.31 | 39.07 | 41.64 | 42.94 | 42.94 | 41.64 |
| | BUILDWID | | 39.07 | 35.31 | 30.48 | 35.31 | 39.07 | 41.64 |
| | BUILDWID BUILDLEN | | 42.94 35.31 | 42.94 39.07 | 41.64 41.64 | 39.07 42.94 | 35.31 42.94 | 30.48 41.64 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 39.07 | 35.31 | 30.48 | 35.31 | 39.07 | 41.64 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 42.94 | 42.94 | 41.64 | 39.07 | 35.31 | 30.48 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 35.31 | 39.07 | 41.64 | 42.94 | 42.94 | 41.64 |
| | BUILDLEN | | 39.07 | 35.31 | 30.48 | 35.31 | 39.07 | 41.64 |
| | BUILDLEN XBADJ | P2 P2 | 42.94 -17.65 | 42.94 -19.53 | 41.64 -20.82 | 39.07 -21.47 | 35.31 -21.47 | 30.48 -20.82 |
| | XBADJ | P2 | -19.53 | -17.65 | -15.24 | -17.65 | -19.53 | -20.82 |
| | XBADJ | P2 | -21.47 | -21.47 | -20.82 | -19.53 | -17.65 | -15.24 |
| | XBADJ | P2 | -17.65 | -19.53 | -20.82 | -21.47 | -21.47 | -20.82 |
| | XBADJ XBADJ | P2 P2 | -19.53 -21.47 | -17.65 -21.47 | -15.24 -20.82 | -17.65 -19.53 | -19.53 -17.65 | -20.82 -15.24 |
| | | | | | | | | |

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SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT DRAFT RISK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR RULES 1401, 1401.1 & 212

```
SO YBADJ
           P2
                0.00
                         0.00
                                  0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                           0 00
SO YBADJ
           P2
                0.00
                         0.00
                                 0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                           0.00
SO YBADIT
           P2
                0 00
                         0 00
                                  0 00
                                          0 00
                                                  0 00
                                                           0 00
SO YBADJ
           P2
                0.00
                         0.00
                                 0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                           0.00
                               0.00
SO YBADJ
           P2
                0.00
                         0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                           0.00
SO YBADJ
           P2
                0.00
                         0.00
                                 0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                          0.00
SO BUILDHGT P3
                3.96
                         3.96
                                3.96
                                          3.96
                                                  3.96
                                                           3.96
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                       3.96
3.96
                               3.96
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                                                         3.96
3.96
SO BUILDHGT P3
                3.96
                                          3.96
SO BUILDHGT P3
                3.96
                                          3.96
                                                  3.96
                                3.96
3.96
3.96
SO BUILDHGT P3
                3.96
                       3.96
                                          3.96
                                                 3.96
                                                          3.96
                        3.96
3.96
SO BUILDHGT P3
                3.96
                                          3.96
                                                  3.96
                                                           3.96
SO BUILDHGT P3
                3.96
                                          3.96
                                                  3.96
                                                           3.96
SO BUILDWID P3
                43.25
                        47.85
                                50.99
                                         52.59
                                                  52.59
                                                         50.99
SO BUILDWID P3
                47.85
                       43.25
                               37.33
                                       43.25
                                                  47.85
                                                         50.99
SO BUILDWID P3
                52.59
                        52.59
                                 50.99
                                         47.85
                                                  43.25
                                                          37.33
SO BUILDWID P3
                43.25
                        47.85
                                 50.99
                                        52.59
                                                  52.59
                                                          50.99
SO BUILDWID P3
                47.85
                        43.25
                                37.33
                                        43.25
                                                  47.85
                                                          50.99
                                        47.85
52.59
SO BUILDWID P3
                52.59
                        52.59
                                 50.99
                                                  43.25
                                                          37.33
SO BUILDLEN P3
                43.25
                        47.85
                                 50.99
                                                  52.59
                                                         50.99
                               37.33
                                       43.25
SO BUILDLEN P3
                47.85
                        43.25
                                                  47.85
                                                          50.99
SO BUILDLEN P3
                52.59
                        52.59
                                 50.99
                                        47.85
                                                  43.25
                                                          37.33
                                       52.59
SO BUILDLEN P3
                43.25
                        47.85
                               50.99
                                                 52.59
                                                         50.99
                                        43.25
47.85
SO BUILDLEN P3
                47.85
                        43.25
                                 37.33
                                                  47.85
                                                          50.99
                               50.99
                                                         37.33
SO BUILDLEN P3
              52.59
                       52.59
                                                 43.25
SO XBADJ
         P3 -21.62
                       -23.92
                               -25.50
                                        -26.30
                                                -26.30
                                                         -25.50
                                      -21.62
SO XBADJ
           P3 -23.92 -21.62
                               -18.67
                                                 -23.92
                                                         -25.50
SO XBADJ
           P3 -26.30
                       -26.30
                               -25.50
                                       -23.92
                                                 -21.62
                                                         -18.67
SO XBADJ
           P3 -21.62
                      -23.92
                               -25.50
                                       -26.30
                                                 -26.30
                                                         -25.50
SO XBADJ
           P3 -23.92
                       -21.62
                               -18.67
                                        -21.62
                                                 -23.92
                                                         -25.50
SO XBADJ
           P3 -26.30 -26.30
                               -25.50
                                       -23.92
                                                 -21.62
                                                         -18.67
                                                 0.00
                       0.00
                               0.00
                                        0.00
SO YBADJ
           Р3
                0.00
                                                          0.00
SO YBADJ
                0.00
                                                  0.00
           ΡЗ
                                                          0.00
SO YBADJ
           ΡЗ
                0.00
                         0.00
                                 0.00
                                          0.00
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                      0.00
                               0.00
SO YBADJ
           P3
                0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                          0.00
SO YBADJ
           Р3
                0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                          0.00
SO YBADJ
         Р3
                0.00
                       0.00
                                          0.00
                                                  0.00
                                                         0.00
  URBANSRC P1
  URBANSRC P2
  URBANSRC P3
  SRCGROUP P1 P1
  SRCGROUP P2
                P2
  SRCGROUP P3 P3
SO SRCGROUP ALL
SO FINISHED
RE STARTING
  GRIDPOLR POL1 STA
                      0.0 0.0
                ORIG
                DIST 25 50 75 100 200 300 500 1000
                GDIR
                      36 10.0
  GRIDPOLR POL1 END
RE FINISHED
ME STARTING
  SURFFILE ANAH8.SFC
  PROFFILE ANAH8.PFL
  SURFDATA 0
  UAIRDATA 3190 2006
  PROFBASE 0 METERS
ME FINISHED
OU STARTING
  RECTABLE 1
                   FIRST
  RECTABLE ALLAVE FIRST
  PLOTFILE 1
                   P1 FIRST BM1T1P1.TXT
  PLOTFILE PERIOD
                  P1
                             BM1T2P1.TXT
                   P2 FIRST BM1T1P2.TXT
  PLOTFILE 1
  PLOTFILE PERIOD
                  P2
                             BM1T2P2.TXT
                   P3 FIRST BM1T1P3.TXT
  PLOTFILE 1
  PLOTFILE PERIOD P3
                             BM1T2P3.TXT
OU FINISHED
```

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Results

Figure 2 shows the source receptor areas (SRA) within the South Coast Air Basin and Table 2 lists the appropriate meteorological station to use for each SRA.

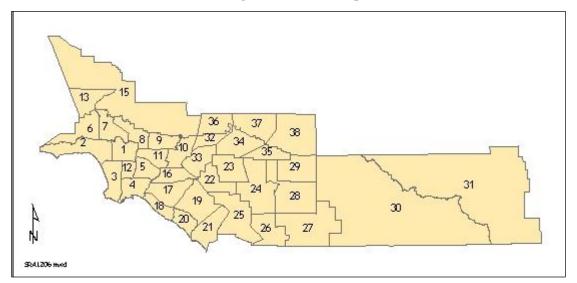


Figure 2: Source/Receptor Areas

Table 2: Meteorological Stations for Each Source/Receptor Area.

| Meteorological Station | Source/ Receptor Area | Meteorological Station | Source/ Receptor Area |
|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Anaheim | 17 | Compton/Lynwood | 12 |
| Azusa | 8, 9 | Mission Viejo | 19, 21 |
| Banning | 29 | Perris | 24, 28 |
| Burbank | 7 | Palm Springs | 30, 31 |
| Central LA | 1 | Pico Rivera | 5, 11 |
| Crestline | 37 | Pomona | 10 |
| Costa Mesa | 18, 20 | Redlands | 35, 38 |
| Fontana | 34 | Reseda | 6 |
| Indio | 30 | Riverside | 22, 23 |
| La Habra | 16 | Santa Clarita | 13, 15 |
| Lake Elsinore | 25, 26, 27 | San Bernardino | 34 |
| LAX | 3 | Upland | 32, 33, 36 |
| Long Beach | 4 | West LA | 2 |

The following tables have been numbered to be consistent with the tables within Permit Application Attachment "M" for the Risk Assessment Procedures for Rules 1401 & 212.

SCAQMD VIII – 6 Version 8.0

$Table \ 4.41$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Crematoriums$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Building Area \geq 5,000 to 10,000 ft², Stack Height \leq 19 ft*

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Source Dimensi | ions* | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------------------|---------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Area (ft²) | Ht (ft) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Anaheim | 10.50 | 3.45 | 2.22 | 1.49 | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Azusa | 6.74 | 2.71 | 1.79 | 1.23 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Banning | 17.63 | 4.78 | 2.77 | 1.84 | 0.51 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Burbank | 5.85 | 2.29 | 1.44 | 0.93 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Central LA | 11.56 | 3.19 | 1.92 | 1.23 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Compton | 8.55 | 2.77 | 1.73 | 1.14 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Costa Mesa | 4.30 | 2.18 | 1.49 | 1.01 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Crestline | 4.86 | 2.08 | 1.37 | 0.91 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Fontana | 11.50 | 3.49 | 2.25 | 1.54 | 0.44 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Indio | 4.64 | 1.79 | 1.21 | 0.85 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | La Habra | 5.59 | 2.42 | 1.58 | 1.05 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Lake Elsinore | 3.70 | 1.60 | 1.13 | 0.81 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | LAX | 17.61 | 4.71 | 2.96 | 2.02 | 0.57 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Long Beach | 4.63 | 2.00 | 1.30 | 0.85 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Lynwood | 7.19 | 2.68 | 1.75 | 1.19 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Mission Viejo | 3.54 | 1.79 | 1.24 | 0.85 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Palm Springs | 6.80 | 1.93 | 1.20 | 0.80 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Perris | 6.54 | 2.00 | 1.28 | 0.89 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Pico Rivera | 9.12 | 3.02 | 1.91 | 1.28 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Pomona | 6.51 | 2.52 | 1.61 | 1.06 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Redlands | 4.14 | 2.14 | 1.46 | 1.00 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Reseda | 3.16 | 1.38 | 0.87 | 0.58 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Riverside | 7.30 | 2.67 | 1.79 | 1.24 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | San Bernardino | 6.78 | 2.38 | 1.55 | 1.06 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Santa Clarita | 13.56 | 3.61 | 2.10 | 1.37 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Upland | 8.17 | 2.97 | 1.98 | 1.37 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | West LA | 7.54 | 2.94 | 1.89 | 1.25 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

^{*}Note: Facilities with building dimensions outside the ranges in Tables 4 must perform Tier 3 or 4 dispersion modeling

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$Table \ 4.42$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Crematoriums$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Building Area > 10,000 to 15,000 ft², Stack Height \leq 19 ft*

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Source Dimensi | ons* | | | | Downy | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------------|---------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Area (ft²) | Ht (ft) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Anaheim | 13.48 | 3.86 | 2.42 | 1.61 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Azusa | 9.33 | 3.05 | 1.98 | 1.35 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Banning | 20.22 | 5.06 | 2.93 | 1.92 | 0.54 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Burbank | 8.10 | 2.49 | 1.57 | 1.02 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Central LA | 13.51 | 3.43 | 2.06 | 1.33 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Compton | 11.03 | 2.97 | 1.85 | 1.23 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Costa Mesa | 6.95 | 2.47 | 1.65 | 1.12 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Crestline | 7.03 | 2.28 | 1.49 | 0.99 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Fontana | 13.42 | 3.88 | 2.43 | 1.66 | 0.46 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Indio | 6.01 | 2.01 | 1.32 | 0.91 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | La Habra | 7.96 | 2.69 | 1.73 | 1.15 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Lake Elsinore | 5.02 | 1.81 | 1.23 | 0.87 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | LAX | 19.42 | 5.18 | 3.18 | 2.15 | 0.60 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Long Beach | 7.57 | 2.19 | 1.42 | 0.94 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Lynwood | 9.58 | 2.95 | 1.90 | 1.29 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Mission Viejo | 5.84 | 2.04 | 1.38 | 0.95 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Palm Springs | 7.10 | 2.01 | 1.25 | 0.83 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Perris | 7.43 | 2.19 | 1.37 | 0.94 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Pico Rivera | 12.06 | 3.38 | 2.09 | 1.40 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Pomona | 8.87 | 2.80 | 1.76 | 1.16 | 0.30 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Redlands | 6.41 | 2.40 | 1.61 | 1.11 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Reseda | 4.64 | 1.43 | 0.91 | 0.61 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Riverside | 9.55 | 2.96 | 1.94 | 1.34 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | San Bernardino | 8.39 | 2.63 | 1.68 | 1.13 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Santa Clarita | 15.32 | 3.73 | 2.20 | 1.44 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Upland | 10.99 | 3.34 | 2.17 | 1.49 | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | West LA | 10.77 | 3.30 | 2.08 | 1.38 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

^{*}Note: Facilities with building dimensions outside the ranges in Tables 4 must perform Tier 3 or 4 dispersion modeling

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$Table \ 4.43$ $Dispersion \ Factors \ (\chi/Q)$ $for \ Crematoriums$ $Operating \ 12 \ Hours \ per \ Day \ or \ Less$

Building Area > 15,000 ft², Stack Height > 19 ft*

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Source Dimen | sions* | | | | Downy | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------|---------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Area (ft²) | Ht (ft) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Anaheim | 14.87 | 4.07 | 2.53 | 1.68 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Azusa | 10.86 | 3.31 | 2.08 | 1.41 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Banning | 19.64 | 5.16 | 2.99 | 1.97 | 0.55 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Burbank | 9.91 | 2.67 | 1.65 | 1.07 | 0.26 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Central LA | 14.61 | 3.59 | 2.13 | 1.38 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Compton | 12.16 | 3.15 | 1.92 | 1.27 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Costa Mesa | 8.67 | 2.75 | 1.74 | 1.19 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Crestline | 8.49 | 2.43 | 1.55 | 1.03 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Fontana | 14.08 | 4.06 | 2.52 | 1.71 | 0.47 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Indio | 6.74 | 2.12 | 1.38 | 0.94 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | La Habra | 9.51 | 2.88 | 1.82 | 1.21 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Lake Elsinore | 5.83 | 1.93 | 1.29 | 0.90 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | LAX | 19.46 | 5.36 | 3.26 | 2.20 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Long Beach | 8.79 | 2.42 | 1.49 | 0.99 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Lynwood | 10.86 | 3.16 | 1.98 | 1.34 | 0.36 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Mission Viejo | 7.38 | 2.28 | 1.45 | 1.00 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Palm Springs | 7.28 | 2.04 | 1.26 | 0.84 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Perris | 7.77 | 2.27 | 1.41 | 0.96 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Pico Rivera | 13.57 | 3.65 | 2.19 | 1.46 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Pomona | 10.19 | 3.04 | 1.85 | 1.22 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Redlands | 7.82 | 2.66 | 1.70 | 1.16 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Reseda | 4.99 | 1.48 | 0.93 | 0.62 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Riverside | 10.70 | 3.17 | 2.02 | 1.39 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | San Bernardino | 9.23 | 2.77 | 1.75 | 1.17 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Santa Clarita | 14.93 | 3.77 | 2.22 | 1.46 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Upland | 12.30 | 3.63 | 2.28 | 1.56 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | West LA | 12.48 | 3.60 | 2.19 | 1.45 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

^{*}Note: Facilities with building dimensions outside the ranges in Tables 4 must perform Tier 3 or 4 dispersion modeling

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Table 5.41 Dispersion Factors (χ/Q) for Crematoriums Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Building Area \geq 5,000 to 10,000 ft², Stack Height \leq 19 ft*

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Source Dimensi | ions* | | | | Downy | vind Dis | stance (1 | meters) | | |
|------------------------|---------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|------|-------|
| Area (ft²) | Ht (ft) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Anaheim | 10.50 | 3.45 | 2.22 | 1.49 | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Azusa | 6.74 | 2.71 | 1.79 | 1.23 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Banning | 17.63 | 4.78 | 2.77 | 1.84 | 0.51 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Burbank | 5.85 | 2.29 | 1.44 | 0.93 | 0.23 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Central LA | 11.56 | 3.19 | 1.92 | 1.23 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Compton | 8.55 | 2.77 | 1.73 | 1.14 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Costa Mesa | 4.30 | 2.18 | 1.49 | 1.01 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Crestline | 4.86 | 2.08 | 1.37 | 0.91 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Fontana | 11.50 | 3.49 | 2.25 | 1.54 | 0.44 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Indio | 4.64 | 1.79 | 1.21 | 0.85 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | La Habra | 5.59 | 2.42 | 1.58 | 1.05 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Lake Elsinore | 3.70 | 1.60 | 1.13 | 0.81 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | LAX | 17.61 | 4.71 | 2.96 | 2.02 | 0.57 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Long Beach | 4.63 | 2.00 | 1.30 | 0.85 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Lynwood | 7.19 | 2.68 | 1.75 | 1.19 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Mission Viejo | 3.54 | 1.79 | 1.24 | 0.85 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Palm Springs | 6.80 | 1.93 | 1.20 | 0.80 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Perris | 6.54 | 2.00 | 1.28 | 0.89 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Pico Rivera | 9.12 | 3.02 | 1.91 | 1.28 | 0.34 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Pomona | 6.51 | 2.52 | 1.61 | 1.06 | 0.28 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Redlands | 4.14 | 2.14 | 1.46 | 1.00 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Reseda | 3.16 | 1.38 | 0.87 | 0.58 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Riverside | 7.30 | 2.67 | 1.79 | 1.24 | 0.35 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | San Bernardino | 6.78 | 2.38 | 1.55 | 1.06 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Santa Clarita | 13.56 | 3.61 | 2.10 | 1.37 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | Upland | 8.17 | 2.97 | 1.98 | 1.37 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 19 | West LA | 7.54 | 2.94 | 1.89 | 1.25 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

^{*}Note: Facilities with building dimensions outside the ranges in Tables 5 must perform Tier 3 or 4 dispersion modeling

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Table 5.42 Dispersion Factors (χ/Q) for Crematoriums Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Building Area > 10,000 to 15,000 ft², Stack Height \leq 19 ft*

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Source Dimensi | ons* | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|--------------------|---------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Area (ft²) | Ht (ft) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Anaheim | 13.48 | 3.86 | 2.42 | 1.61 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Azusa | 9.33 | 3.05 | 1.98 | 1.35 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Banning | 20.22 | 5.06 | 2.93 | 1.92 | 0.54 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Burbank | 8.10 | 2.49 | 1.57 | 1.02 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Central LA | 13.51 | 3.43 | 2.06 | 1.33 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Compton | 11.03 | 2.97 | 1.85 | 1.23 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Costa Mesa | 6.95 | 2.47 | 1.65 | 1.12 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Crestline | 7.03 | 2.28 | 1.49 | 0.99 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Fontana | 13.42 | 3.88 | 2.43 | 1.66 | 0.46 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Indio | 6.01 | 2.01 | 1.32 | 0.91 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | La Habra | 7.96 | 2.69 | 1.73 | 1.15 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Lake Elsinore | 5.02 | 1.81 | 1.23 | 0.87 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | LAX | 19.42 | 5.18 | 3.18 | 2.15 | 0.60 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Long Beach | 7.57 | 2.19 | 1.42 | 0.94 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Lynwood | 9.58 | 2.95 | 1.90 | 1.29 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Mission Viejo | 5.84 | 2.04 | 1.38 | 0.95 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Palm Springs | 7.10 | 2.01 | 1.25 | 0.83 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Perris | 7.43 | 2.19 | 1.37 | 0.94 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Pico Rivera | 12.06 | 3.38 | 2.09 | 1.40 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Pomona | 8.87 | 2.80 | 1.76 | 1.16 | 0.30 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Redlands | 6.41 | 2.40 | 1.61 | 1.11 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Reseda | 4.64 | 1.43 | 0.91 | 0.61 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Riverside | 9.55 | 2.96 | 1.94 | 1.34 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | San Bernardino | 8.39 | 2.63 | 1.68 | 1.13 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Santa Clarita | 15.32 | 3.73 | 2.20 | 1.44 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | Upland | 10.99 | 3.34 | 2.17 | 1.49 | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 19 | West LA | 10.77 | 3.30 | 2.08 | 1.38 | 0.35 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

^{*}Note: Facilities with building dimensions outside the ranges in Tables 5 must perform Tier 3 or 4 dispersion modeling

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Table 5.43 Dispersion Factors (χ/Q) for Crematoriums Operating More Than 12 Hours per Day

Building Area > 15,000 ft², Stack Height > 19 ft*

Carcinogenic, Chronic and Chronic 8-Hour χ/Q Values ([$\mu g/m^3$]/[ton/year])

| Source Dimens | ions* | | | | Downv | vind Dis | tance (1 | meters) | | |
|-------------------------|---------|----------------|-------|------|-------|----------|----------|---------|------|-------|
| Area (ft ²) | Ht (ft) | Location | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Anaheim | 14.87 | 4.07 | 2.53 | 1.68 | 0.43 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Azusa | 10.86 | 3.31 | 2.08 | 1.41 | 0.37 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Banning | 19.64 | 5.16 | 2.99 | 1.97 | 0.55 | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Burbank | 9.91 | 2.67 | 1.65 | 1.07 | 0.26 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Central LA | 14.61 | 3.59 | 2.13 | 1.38 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Compton | 12.16 | 3.15 | 1.92 | 1.27 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Costa Mesa | 8.67 | 2.75 | 1.74 | 1.19 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Crestline | 8.49 | 2.43 | 1.55 | 1.03 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Fontana | 14.08 | 4.06 | 2.52 | 1.71 | 0.47 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Indio | 6.74 | 2.12 | 1.38 | 0.94 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | La Habra | 9.51 | 2.88 | 1.82 | 1.21 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Lake Elsinore | 5.83 | 1.93 | 1.29 | 0.90 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | LAX | 19.46 | 5.36 | 3.26 | 2.20 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Long Beach | 8.79 | 2.42 | 1.49 | 0.99 | 0.25 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Lynwood | 10.86 | 3.16 | 1.98 | 1.34 | 0.36 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Mission Viejo | 7.38 | 2.28 | 1.45 | 1.00 | 0.27 | 0.10 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Palm Springs | 7.28 | 2.04 | 1.26 | 0.84 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Perris | 7.77 | 2.27 | 1.41 | 0.96 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Pico Rivera | 13.57 | 3.65 | 2.19 | 1.46 | 0.38 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Pomona | 10.19 | 3.04 | 1.85 | 1.22 | 0.30 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Redlands | 7.82 | 2.66 | 1.70 | 1.16 | 0.31 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Reseda | 4.99 | 1.48 | 0.93 | 0.62 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Riverside | 10.70 | 3.17 | 2.02 | 1.39 | 0.38 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | San Bernardino | 9.23 | 2.77 | 1.75 | 1.17 | 0.32 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Santa Clarita | 14.93 | 3.77 | 2.22 | 1.46 | 0.39 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.01 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | Upland | 12.30 | 3.63 | 2.28 | 1.56 | 0.42 | 0.16 | 0.06 | 0.02 |
| > 15,000 | 19 | West LA | 12.48 | 3.60 | 2.19 | 1.45 | 0.36 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.01 |

^{*}Note: Facilities with building dimensions outside the ranges in Tables 5 must perform Tier 3 or 4 dispersion modeling

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Table 6.41 Dispersion Factors (χ/Q) for Acute Hazard Index

All Operating Conditions χ/Q Values ($[\mu g/m^3]/[lb/hr]$)

| Durilding Ames (64) | Downwind Distance (meters) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|--|--|
| Building Area (ft) | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 | 1,000 | | |
| \geq 5,000 to 10,000 | 815.20 | 207.53 | 136.57 | 99.22 | 39.06 | 18.35 | 9.23 | 4.96 | | |
| > 10,000 to 15,000 | 777.72 | 201.21 | 133.26 | 99.04 | 41.36 | 18.92 | 9.24 | 4.96 | | |
| > 15,000 | 687.14 | 193.36 | 131.64 | 99.25 | 41.15 | 19.00 | 9.24 | 4.96 | | |

^{*}Note: Facilities with building dimensions outside these ranges must perform Tier 3 or 4 dispersion modeling

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APPENDIX IX

TIER 2 SCREENING TABLES FOR SHORT-TERM PROJECTS FOR USE IN RULE 1401

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Introduction

When performing a Tier 2 analysis for short-term projects (such as portable equipment, air pollution control equipment used for soil remediation projects, etc), the combined exposure factor and appropriate multi-pathway factor needs to be determined based on the duration of the project. The instructions on how to conduct a Tier 2 analysis are included in "Risk Assessment Procedures for Rules 1401, 1401.1, and 212, Version 8.0".

When conducting a Tier 2 analysis for short-term projects, you may also use the following equation using a **default exposure value (CEF):**

MICR
$$_{(R,ST)} = CP \times Q_{tons} \times \chi/Q \times CEF_{(R,ST)} \times MP_{(R,ST)} \times 10^{-6} \times MWAF$$

$$MICR_{(W,ST)} \,=\, CP \;x \;Q_{tons} \;x \;\chi/Q \;x \;CEF_{(W,ST)} \;x \;MP_{(W,ST)} \;x \;WAF \;x \;10^{\text{-}6} \;x \;MWAF$$

| Term | Description | Where to Find |
|-------------------|--|---|
| Q _{tons} | Maximum emission rate (tons/yr) | Emission estimate specific to permit unit |
| χ/Q | Concentration at a receptor distance / Emission Rate $[(\mu g/m^3)/(tons/yr)]$ | Tables 2.1 thru 5.6 |
| MWAF | Molecular Weight Adjustment Factor | Table 8.1 |
| СР | Cancer Potency (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹ | Table 8.1 |
| MP | Multipathway Factor (if applicable) | Table 8.11 |
| CEF | Combined Exposure Factor | Tables 9.11 thru 9.32 |
| WAF | Worker Adjustment Factor | Table 10.1 |
| 10 ⁻⁶ | Micrograms to milligrams conversion, liters to cubic meters conversion | not applicable |

Please note that SCAQMD Engineering staff (http://www.aqmd.gov/contact/permitting-staff) should be consulted prior to the use of these exposure factors to determine if these factors are appropriate for the air quality permit application. Permit conditions limiting the duration of the use of equipment consistent with the analysis will be imposed, and information regarding the project duration will need to be well documented for the short-term projects.

Since these short-term calculations are only meant for projects with limits on the operating duration, these short-term cancer risk assessments can be thought of as being the equivalent to a 30-year cancer risk estimate and the appropriate thresholds would still apply (i.e. for a 5-year project, the maximum emissions during the 5-year period would be assessed on the more

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sensitive population, from the third trimester to age 5, after which the project's emissions would drop to 0 for the remaining 25 years to get the 30-year equivalent cancer risk estimate).

Table 8.11 - Multi-Pathway Factors for Short-Term Projects

| | | 9 Ye | ar | 5 Ye | ar | 2 Ye | ar |
|----------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Residential | Worker | Residential | Worker | Residential | Worker |
| POLID | POLABBREV | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio |
| 42397648 | 1,6-DiNPyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 42397659 | 1,8-DiNPyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 57653857 | 1-3,6-8HxCDD | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 57117449 | 1-3,6-8HxCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 40321764 | 1-3,7,8PeCDD | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 57117416 | 1-3,7,8PeCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 19408743 | 1-3,7-9HxCDD | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 72918219 | 1-3,7-9HxCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 35822469 | 1-4,6-8HpCDD | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 67562394 | 1-4,6-8HpCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 39227286 | 1-4,7,8HxCDD | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 70648269 | 1-4,7,8HxCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 55673897 | 1-4,7-9HpCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 3268879 | 1-8OctaCDD | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 39001020 | 1-8OctaCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 5522430 | 1-Nitropyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 1746016 | 2,3,7,8-TCDD | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 51207319 | 2,3,7,8-TCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 60851345 | 2-4,6-8HxCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 57117314 | 2-4,7,8PeCDF | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 607578 | 2-Nitrofluorene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 56495 | 3-MeCholanthren | 9.64 | 2.42 | 11.40 | 2.42 | 12.04 | 2.42 |
| 101779 | 4,4'-MeDianilin | 9.79 | 2.41 | 9.52 | 2.41 | 9.20 | 2.41 |
| 57835924 | 4-Nitropyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 3697243 | 5-MeChrysene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 602879 | 5-NitroaceNapht | 9.64 | 2.42 | 11.40 | 2.42 | 12.04 | 2.42 |
| 7496028 | 6-Nitrochrysene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 57976 | 7,12-DB[a]anthr | 9.64 | 2.42 | 11.40 | 2.42 | 12.04 | 2.42 |
| 194592 | 7H-D[c,g]carb | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 319846 | alphaHexClCycHx | 7.33 | 1.24 | 7.11 | 1.24 | 6.85 | 1.24 |

Table 8.11 - Multi-Pathway Factors for Short-Term Projects (continued)

| | | 9 Ye | ar | 5 Ye | ar | 2 Ye | ar |
|----------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Residential | Worker | Residential | Worker | Residential | Worker |
| POLID | POLABBREV | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio |
| 7440382 | Arsenic | 12.68 | 4.33 | 12.52 | 4.33 | 12.33 | 4.33 |
| 1016 | As cmpd(inorg) | 12.68 | 4.33 | 12.52 | 4.33 | 12.33 | 4.33 |
| 56553 | B[a]anthracene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 50328 | B[a]P | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 205992 | B[b]fluoranthen | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 205823 | B[j]fluoranthen | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 207089 | B[k]fluoranthen | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 10294403 | Barium Chromate | 1.78 | 1.02 | 1.75 | 1.02 | 1.73 | 1.02 |
| 319857 | betaHexClCycHx | 7.33 | 1.24 | 7.11 | 1.24 | 6.85 | 1.24 |
| 13765190 | CalciumChromate | 1.78 | 1.02 | 1.75 | 1.02 | 1.73 | 1.02 |
| 1333820 | ChromiumTriOxid | 1.78 | 1.02 | 1.75 | 1.02 | 1.73 | 1.02 |
| 218019 | Chrysene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 18540299 | Cr(VI) | 1.78 | 1.02 | 1.75 | 1.02 | 1.73 | 1.02 |
| 192654 | D[a,e]pyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 226368 | D[a,h]acridine | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 53703 | D[a,h]anthracen | 9.64 | 2.42 | 11.40 | 2.42 | 12.04 | 2.42 |
| 189640 | D[a,h]pyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 189559 | D[a,i]pyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 224420 | D[a,j]acridine | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 191300 | D[a,l]pyrene | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 117817 | Di2-EthHxPhthal | 7.12 | 1.05 | 6.88 | 1.05 | 6.59 | 1.05 |
| 1080 | DiBenFurans(Cl) | 16.00 | 7.27 | 26.80 | 7.27 | 29.99 | 7.27 |
| 1086 | Dioxins-w/o | 16.00 | 7.27 | 39.91 | 7.27 | 46.38 | 7.27 |
| 608731 | HexClCycHexanes | 7.33 | 1.24 | 7.11 | 1.24 | 6.85 | 1.24 |
| 193395 | In[1,2,3-cd]pyr | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |
| 7439921 | Lead | 14.81 | 5.62 | 15.11 | 5.62 | 15.22 | 5.63 |
| 301042 | Lead Acetate | 14.81 | 5.62 | 15.11 | 5.62 | 15.22 | 5.63 |
| 7758976 | Lead Chromate | 1.78 | 1.02 | 1.75 | 1.02 | 1.73 | 1.02 |
| 1128 | Lead cmp(inorg) | 14.81 | 5.62 | 15.11 | 5.62 | 15.22 | 5.63 |
| 7446277 | Lead Phosphate | 14.81 | 5.62 | 15.12 | 5.62 | 15.22 | 5.62 |
| 1335326 | Lead Subacetate | 14.81 | 5.62 | 15.11 | 5.62 | 15.22 | 5.62 |
| 58899 | Lindane | 7.33 | 1.24 | 7.11 | 1.24 | 6.85 | 1.24 |
| 1151 | PAHs-w/o | 28.21 | 6.34 | 33.72 | 6.34 | 35.81 | 6.34 |

Table 8.11 - Multi-Pathway Factors for Short-Term Projects (continued)

| | ubic oili Muiti | | | | | <u> </u> | |
|----------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | 9 Ye | ar | 5 Ye | ar | 2 Ye | ar |
| | | Residential | Worker | Residential | Worker | Residential | Worker |
| POLID | POLABBREV | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio | MP Ratio |
| 32598144 | PCB 105 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 74472370 | PCB 114 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 31508006 | PCB 118 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 65510443 | PCB 123 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 57465288 | PCB 126 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 38380084 | PCB 156 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 69782907 | PCB 157 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 52663726 | PCB 167 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 32774166 | PCB 169 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 39635319 | PCB 189 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 32598133 | PCB 77 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 70362504 | PCB 81 | 24.80 | 12.57 | 40.63 | 12.57 | 45.53 | 12.57 |
| 1336363 | PCBs | 24.80 | 12.57 | 24.55 | 12.57 | 24.25 | 12.57 |
| 10588019 | SodiumDichromat | 1.78 | 1.02 | 1.75 | 1.02 | 1.73 | 1.02 |
| 7789062 | StrontiumChrom | 1.78 | 1.02 | 1.75 | 1.02 | 1.73 | 1.02 |

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Short-Term Projects – 2 years or Less in Duration

Table 9.11
Residential Short-Term (2-year) Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

| Age | Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) | Age Specific Factor | Exposure Duration (years) | Fraction of Time at Home | Exposure Frequency (350 days/year) | CEF _{R,ST2} |
|------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| -0.25 to 0 | 361 | 10 | 0.25 | 1 | 0.96 | 310.99 |
| 0 to 2 | 1,090 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 0.96 | 310.99 |

Table 9.12
Worker Short-Term (2-year) Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

| Age | Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) | Age Specific Factor | Exposure Duration (years) | Exposure Frequency (250 days/year) | CEF _{W,ST2} |
|---------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| 16 - 41 | 230 | 1 | 2 | 0.68 | 4.50 |

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Short-Term Projects – 5 years or Less in Duration

Table 9.21
Residential Short-Term (5-year) Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

| Age | Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) | Age Specific Factor | Exposure Duration (years) | Fraction of Time at Home | Exposure Frequency (350 days/year) | CEF _{R,ST5} |
|------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| -0.25 to 0 | 361 | 10 | 0.25 | 1 | 0.96 | |
| 0 to 2 | 1,090 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 0.96 | 440.65 |
| 2 to 5 | 631 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 0.96 | |

Table 9.22
Worker Short-Term (5-year) Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

| Age | Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) | Age Specific Factor | Exposure Duration (years) | Exposure Frequency (250 days/year) | CEF _{W,ST5} |
|---------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| 16 - 41 | 230 | 1 | 5 | 0.68 | 11.25 |

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Short-Term Projects – 9 years or Less in Duration

Table 9.31
Residential Short-Term (9-year) Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

| Age | Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) | Age Specific Factor | Exposure Duration (years) | Fraction of Time at Home | Exposure Frequency (350 days/year) | CEF _{R,ST9} |
|------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| -0.25 to 0 | 361 | 10 | 0.25 | 1 | 0.96 | |
| 0 to 2 | 1,090 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 0.96 | 492.51 |
| 2 to 9 | 631 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 0.96 | |

Table 9.32
Worker Short-Term (9-year) Combined Exposure Factor (CEF)

| Age | Breathing Rate (L/kg-day) | Age Specific Factor | Exposure Duration (years) | Exposure Frequency (250 days/year) | CEF _{W,ST9} |
|---------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| 16 - 41 | 230 | 1 | 9 | 0.68 | 20.25 |

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APPENDIX X

TIER 2 SCREENING TABLES FOR RETAIL GASOLINE DISPENSING FACILITIES FOR USE IN RULE 1401

Note: This Appendix is currently in development and Retail Gasoline Facilities should continue to use Risk Assessment Procedures for Rules 1401 and 212 and Attachment L, Version 7.0 (July 1, 2005) to evaluate the health risk impacts

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APPENDIX XI

TIER 2 SCREENING TABLES FOR SPRAY BOOTHS FOR USE IN RULE 1401

Note: This Appendix is currently in development and Spray Booths should continue to use Risk Assessment Procedures for Rules 1401 and 212 and Attachment L, Version 7.0 (July 1, 2005) to evaluate the health risk impacts

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ATTACHMENTS

PERMIT APPLICATION PACKAGES INCLUDING TABLES

(Note: Attachment L, EFFECTIVE FOR APPLICATIONS DEEMED COMPLETE ON OR AFTER July 1, 2005)